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The Times

XVIIIth YEAR.

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LOS ANGELES

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 14, 1899.

ON STREETS AND TRAINS
AT ALL NEWS AGENCIES 5 CENTS



THEATERS—

With Dates of Events.

LOS ANGELES THEATER—C. M. WOOD and H. C. WYATT, Lessees. BARGAIN MATINEE TODAY at 2:30 p.m.—Last performance TONIGHT. THE EVERLASTING SUCCESS—THE GREATEST OF ALL SWEDISH COMEDY SENSATIONS. **YON YONSON** Popular Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, Matinee 25c and 50c. Tel. Main 70.

LOS ANGELES THEATER—C. M. WOOD and H. C. WYATT, Lessees. EXTRAORDINARY EVENT—Seats Now on Sale for **Louis James, Kathryn Kidder, Frederick Warde**

Monday and Friday Evenings and Saturday Matinee, "THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL" Tuesday and Thursday Evenings, "JULIUS CAESAR" Wednesday Matinee, "HAMLET" Wednesday Night "OTHELLO" Saturday Night "MACBETH". Prices—Lower Floor \$1.50, Boxes \$2.50; Balcony \$1.00, 75c and 50c. Gallery, 25c. Tel. Main 142.

OPHRHEUM—MATINEE TODAY—Scientifically Heated. TONIGHT at 8:30—MONS. and MME. ROFIX in marvelous feats of strength. MME. FELICIA MORIN, ROSE EYTINGE and CLEMENT BAINBRIDGE in "That Overcoat," by Aug. THOMAS GEO. FULLER GOLDEN, king of monologue artists; RILEY and HUGHES, Negro impersonators; HORACE GOLDIN, illusionist king; JULIUS WITMARK, American sweetest singer; PAUL BATTY'S ACRO-BATIC BEARS in a thrilling wrestling contest. Prices never changing—Downstairs, 25c and 50c; Balcony, 25c; Gallery, 10c. Matinees Sunday, Wednesday and Saturday. Tel. Main 142.

BURBANK—PRICES: 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c; Loge Seats, 75c; C. A. SHAW, Lessee. The Young American Tragedienne, **NANCY O'NEIL**, TONIGHT, **CAMILLE**, **ELIZABETH**.

SIMPSON AUDITORIUM—Jan. 26, 27, 28, GEROME HELMONT, the famous boy violinist. Management of Fitzgerald's Music House.

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Ladies Going East—Desiring comfort en route, they find it in the highest degree on the California Limited, Santa Fe Route.

Luxurious Pullmans, Dining Car all the way, and Ladies' Observation Car all electric lighted. Leaves Los Angeles 12:30 p.m., Pasadena 4:30 p.m., Mondays, Wednesdays, Saturdays.

Los Angeles to Chicago—2½ days. **NO EXTRA CHARGE** Beyond the regular ticket and sleeping car rates. Santa Fe Route Ticket Office, 200 Spring Street.



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WITH EASE AND COMFORT

Every TUESDAY in addition to the regular train service, the Santa Fe runs a special express, taking in REDLANDS, RIVERSIDE and the beauties of SANTA ANA CANYON. Leave Los Angeles.....9:00 a.m. Leave Pasadena.....9:30 a.m. Arrive Redlands.....11:15 a.m. Leave Redlands.....1:15 p.m. Arrive Riverside.....2:30 p.m. Leave Riverside.....4:15 p.m. Arrive Los Angeles.....6:30 p.m. Arrive Pasadena.....6:50 p.m. Giving two hours stop at Redlands and Riverside for drives and sight-seeing.

THE OBSERVATION CAR on this train affords pleasant opportunity for the sights. Tickets admit stop-overs at any point on the track. Round trip \$4.00.

San Diego and Coronado Beach.

The most beautiful spot in the world. Two daily trains, carrying Parlor Cars, making the run in about four hours from Los Angeles. The ride is delightful, carrying you for seventy miles along the Pacific Ocean Beach.

Santa Fe Route Office, 200 Spring Street, corner Second.

S NOW! SNOW! SNOW!

EXCURSIONS MOUNT LOWE RAILWAY. \$2.50 Friday, Saturday and Sunday, Jan. 13, 14 and 15, from Los Angeles over entire line Mount Lowe Railway and return. Enjoy the grandest combination of earth, from roses and oranges into snow in thirty minutes. Pasadena Electric Cars connecting, leave 8, 9, 10 a.m., 3 p.m. (5 p.m. Saturday only). Special car returning each evening after operations, search light and large telescope. Terminal Railway leaves 3:35 a.m., 3:00 p.m. Tickets and full information 214 S. Spring St. Tel. Main 960.

HAWAII, JAPAN AND MANILA

Select parties, under personal escort of experienced traveler, all arrangements strict first class, will leave San Francisco during February and March. For programmes, etc., address THOS. COOK & SON, 621 Market St., San Francisco, or H. B. RICE, Agent, 230 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

TIMELY SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

FANCY MOUNTAIN TANGARINES

Fine, large, thin-skinned Tangarines, perfectly ripe and very sweet and juicy. We have just received another car of Fancy Mountain Apples, all varieties.

Tel. Main 388. 213-215 W. Second St. **ALTHOUSE FRUIT CO.**

FLOWERS FOR THE HORSE SHOW

The Ingleside Floral Co. Has the exclusive privilege of decorating and sale of all flowers on this occasion. 140 South Spring Street. Telephone Main 568.

T TO ELSINORE HOT SPRINGS

Cheap round trip rates by the Santa Fe. These springs cure Rheumatism, Stomach and Kidney Troubles and all Skin Diseases. Rates, including baths, at Hotel Springs \$1.50 to \$12 per week. E. Z. BUNDY, Proprietor, Elsinore, Cal.

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One hundred gigantic birds. Seven acres of beautiful shade grounds—Nests, chicks, younglings and old birds in their breeding corral. Boxes, cages, tips and pictures appropriate presents from California. "One of the strangest sights in America."—New York Journal, Christmas number.

P PHOTOGRAPHS

Speak for themselves. 16 Medals. Studio 220½ S. Spring St., opposite Hollenbeck.

A RT PICTURES OF CALIFORNIA MISSIONS

Grand Canyon of the Colorado and Western Views in Carbon and Platinums by Oliver Lippincott. Inspection invited. Published only by the Lippincott Art Photo Company, room 23, 110 W. Second St., Los Angeles, California.

HOTELS, RESORTS AND CAFES.

THE CASA LOMA—REDLANDS

J. H. BOHON, Manager.

Steam-heated Throughout.

Finest Winter Climate on the Coast.

Terms Reasonable. Correspondence Solicited.

ARLINGTON HOTEL—

Santa Barbara.

New Passenger Elevator and forty Bath Rooms have been added. Perpetual May climate. Ocean Bathing every day.

E. P. DUNN.

AWFUL FOLLY.

White or Phelan and stay there, and the rub may come in as to which it will be.

The Assembly Committee on Ways and Means held meetings today. C. E. WASHBURN.

BULLA CROWD STORMY.

Huber's Change Still the Sensation—His Action Commanded.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 12.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The weather is rainy, and the Bulla crowd is stormy. Huber's change to Grant yesterday is the sensation of the hour, for efforts are being made by those who oppose Grant's candidacy to make it appear that Huber's vote was influenced by monetary consideration, coming from Grant's managers, and the name of a well-known ex-Assemblyman from Los Angeles, now here, is being connected with the story, though strange to relate, the latter is now identified with the Bulla camp.

The loss of the votes of Huber and Speaker right is a serious blow to Bulla. The latter said the other day that he expected it would take at least six ballots for him to win, but eight joint ballots have been taken, not counting the separate ballot in the Senate and House, and Mr. Bulla, far from standing any show to win, has fallen behind Barnes, whose candidacy

Wright, who has gone wrong, is being buried under a mountain of obloquy by his former friends and associates in Alameda county for his tumble-down at the feet of Fitch Burns. The morning papers from San Francisco contain numerous interviews scoring the "Smug-faced Judas," as Wright is now called. The Bulla people, or some of them, are letting loose weird intimations in the hope of damning Huber equally with Wright, but far from having the effect they intend, they are reacting upon the infatuated band, while Huber is receiving praise and congratulations from some of the most prominent members of the Legislature and some of the most prominent men in Los Angeles county, outside of the county seat.

Scarcely had the joint convention adjourned yesterday before impudent insinuations were set afloat that Huber's vote had been bought by Grant. Some rumors had it that it was a recent purchase, and others set forth that the vote was bargained for soon after the elections. Several commentaries among the newspapers contingent helped to spread the story, commenting on it variously, according to whether they were friendly or hostile to Grant. Huber had a talk with Bulla last night and to do the latter Justice he has not been interested in spreading false reports. **WHAT THEY CAN SAY.**

Great pressure was brought to bear on Huber today to bring him back to the Bulla fold, which seems strange if the members actually believe him unworthy of their confidence. In view of the intimations made, the Times' representative sought to ascertain the sentiments of the Bulla supporters toward Huber, and whether or not they held any suspicion against him. Accordingly, at the close of the four ballots today, on each of which Huber voted for Grant, the question was put directly to the members, if they believed Huber's vote had been bought.

Assemblyman Cosper of Tulare, in reply to the question: "I don't know Huber or his antecedents, but my impression is that he would not do such a thing. There are often underlying motives guiding a man that are not known to the outside world, and when people are unable to explain the change of a vote they are apt to ascribe it to the use of money."

Senator Smith said Huber's change, coming as it did, had an awkward look, but he thought it all right, if it was made with a view to keeping the Grant line intact, after it had been set back by Wright going over to Burns. There is good feeling toward Huber when this explanation of his action is given, and, coupled with his denial that he violated any pledge, as he understood it, makes abuse from Bulla's delegation seem all the more unwarranted.

Assemblyman Melick, who was most bitter yesterday against Huber, when asked if he believed that Huber had sold his vote, answered emphatically: "No; and I never have intimated such a thing."

Assemblyman Conrey said: "I won't be quoted except to say that I don't think Huber's change was justifiable."

Assemblyman Miller declared, **NOT**: "I don't care to go into print on the subject, but I don't believe he is that kind of a man."

VALENTINE THE BITTEREST.

Valentine was the bitterest of all today. "It was a very strange change," he declared excitedly, "and the methods of the Grant managers have been most damnable and reprehensible, if reports are to be believed."

"In other words," asked the Times' correspondent, "you don't know whether money was used or not."

"No," answered Valentine, "victoriously, as if he would fix such wrong doing upon somebody."

ACTING LIKE NINNIES.

The impression grows among sensible men that the two or three men boozing Bulla are acting like a pack of ninnies.

"What's the matter with that Los Angeles delegation?" asked Senator Smith of Bakersfield today. "Why don't they come over to Grant? Don't they see that they are defeating the only chance there is of electing a Senator from Southern California. I would think that the people of your county would call them off."

Senator Currier of Los Angeles county, when asked for his views, said he perfectly understood how Huber and some other members of the delegation feel. "Huber," he said, "after doing what he could for Bulla, has followed the wishes of his constituents and voted for a Southern California man."

Currier would not discuss Huber's way of doing it, but declared that it was not right that any of the delegation should abuse Huber, and said

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Senate and House take up and consider at once the Perkins-Barham bill extending over the islands the labor and exclusion laws of the United States.

Information came in a letter from Rice, at Yokohama, which set forth that while in Hawaii he found that there had been permits issued for 6000 coolies, and upon his arrival in Japan he discovered that men were being rushed forward to get them into the country before July 1. Rice reported that several contract-labor companies of Japan were sending laborers as fast as they could be secured. Commissioner Powderly also reported that confidential information had come that 250 Hawaiians were under contract with Hawaiian planters and were being sent forward at once.

As soon as this letter came to Senator Perkins, he polled the Senate Committee on Education and Labor, and found that a majority was in favor of immediate action, and that the bill would be taken up and pressed for action immediately. In the House, Barham went to Chairman Gardner of the Committee on Labor, and after stating the case, was authorized to write a favorable report upon the bill, and was assured it would be brought in and pressed immediately. This would indicate that the laws may be put into execution before the end of the month.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

CLOSING SESSION.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—In the Senate today Mr. McLaurin (Dem.) of South Carolina, took strong ground in favor of the policy of expansion by this country. He cited as one of the principal reasons why the United States should not assume dominion over peoples who are widely dissimilar to the people of this country, the experience of the South with the negroes. He also cited the case of the Vest resolution, declaring that this country could not maintain permanently as colonies such territory as the Philippines, and held that it would be in opposition to the spirit of American institutions to do so.

Mr. Sullivan (Dem.) of Mississippi and Mr. Pasco (Dem.) of Florida discussed the pending Nicaragua Canal Bill, the former supporting it and the latter opposing it.

The Indian Appropriation Bill was taken up, but its consideration was not concluded before the hour of adjournment.

At the conclusion of the remarks of Mr. Pasco, Mr. Allison of Iowa, chairman of the Committee on Appropriation Bill, and the reading of the measure was begun.

Mr. Gray of Delaware introduced a joint resolution as follows:

"That in recognition of the patriotic devotion of the volunteers, Miss Helen Miller Gould is the soldier of the United States during the war with Spain, the cordial appreciation of Congress is hereby tendered to her and Congress hereby authorizes and directs that a gold medal with appropriate design shall be prepared by the minters of the mint and that said medal be presented to her by the President of the United States at such a time and in such manner as he may determine."

This resolution was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

The reading of the Indian bill was not completed, but was laid aside until tomorrow.

At 5:20 o'clock p.m., the Senate adjourned.

ALL PERSONNEL BILL.

The house today entered upon the creation of the Naval Personnel Bill.

It developed much less opposition than was anticipated, and the indication is that it will have a large majority when it is placed upon its passage tomorrow. The last vestige of the opposition to the measure from the line officers of the navy was removed today, when a bill was introduced to prohibit staff officers upon whom the bill confers positive rank, from exercising command save in their own corps. The committee also asserted their purpose to offer an amendment tomorrow to repeal the law giving prizes to the men and the amount of the award met with warm approval.

The speeches on the bill today were filled with glowing allusions to the glories of our naval victories in the late war, and Mr. Berry of Kentucky created a great deal of enthusiasm in an oration by Schley as the hero of Santiago.

Mr. Dayton (Rep.) of West Virginia followed in support of the bill. He said an amendment providing that staff officers shall not be entitled to command in their own corps, would be offered.

Mr. Simpson (Pop.) of Kansas said the bill seemed to him a measure for giving naval officers larger salaries and more honorable station. He endorsed the feature of the bill which held out to enlisted men the possibility of promotion in the service. He would, he said, open the door wide and make it possible for an enlisted man to raise to the highest rank in the navy.

BERRY FULL OF FUN.

Mr. Berry (Dem.) of Kentucky warmly supported the bill. In the course of his remarks, Mr. Berry made the first allusion on the floor of the House to the mooted question as to who was responsible for the victory over Cervera, fleet at Santiago.

"I believe the bill will remove conflict," he said, "and if there is any country where there is a necessity for the removal of conflict in the army or navy, it is the United States. [Laughter.] I think we have a magnificent record in the army and the navy in the war, the greatest battle in the war, the greatest battle of modern times, because it demonstrated the character of the men and vessels that were engaged in it, and there is no doubt in the mind of the American people who is entitled to the credit of that victory. But there are people who are trying to steal away from Schley the credit of the glorious triumph he won on the 3d of July, 1898."

READ A GREAT POEM.

In this connection, Mr. Berry read the following poem amid a whirlwind of laughter, and applause:

"With a gaudy, showy, full headway
Dashed out of San Juan Bay,
Taking the chances of death and wreck,
Who stood on a Yankee quarterdeck,
And marked the game with eagle eye?"

[Laughter.]

"Say, was it Sampson, or was it Schley?"

"Who's he, who shot and screaming hell,
Turned Samoa into the thick of the day,
His good ship leading all the way,
Whilst the roar of his guns shook earth and
sea?"

[Laughter and applause.]

"In American hearts, who holds first place,
Of those who claim part in that glorious
cause?"

"Whose name stood out on that proud day
At Samoa, San Juan Bay, name on high,
Shall we it Sampson, or write it
Schley?" [Laughter and applause.]

"I say it should be written Schley,"

continued Mr. Berry.

Mr. Foss offered the following

amendment to the section giving staff officers positive rank, and it was adopted without division. But officers whose rank is so defined shall not be commanding in the line or in other staff corps. Neither shall this act be construed as changing the titles of officers in the staff corps of the navy.

Mr. Bailey of Texas objected to the abolition of the rank of rear admiral. Mr. Dawson explained that the title of commodore was unknown abroad, and that on state occasions they did not know where to place a commodore.

"They may not know where to place an American commodore at the dance," interposed Mr. Bailey, "but they know where to place him in the battle." [Applause.]

After completing the consideration of this bill, the committee rose, and at 5 o'clock the House adjourned.

Senate Proceedings.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—SENATE.—The Senate promptly passed a resolution authorizing the admission of Louis, President of Costa Rica to the military academy at West Point, and a bill authorizing the Arkansas and Choctaw Railway Company to construct and operate a railroad line through the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nation in the Indian Territory.

Mr. Allen of Nebraska introduced the following resolution:

"That a committee of five Senators, no more than two of whom shall be of the same political party, shall be appointed to make full inquiry into the conduct of the war between the United States and Spain. Said committee shall have plenary authority to inquire and report on the advisability of acceptance of encampment for troops by the military authorities of the United States for the time necessary to insure the inauguration of a democratic peace in Washington. It means a large standing army that will not only be used to rule outlying territories with an iron hand, but also sooner or later will be used at home to overawe and overturn the popular government."

"An impetuous democracy, like an atheistic religion, is an impossible hybrid.

Aguinaldo has republished the second manifesto in reply to the proclamation of Gen. Otis, which was recalled on its first appearance, but it has proved ineffectual.

GERMANY BLAMELESS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

MANILA, Jan. 13.—[By Asiatic Cable.] The situation here is undoubtedly critical, but Maj.-Gen. Otis has it well in hand and there is no such certainty of trouble as many believe. The rebels are concentrated on the outskirts of the town and their leaders have issued strict orders that they shall act only on the defensive. An accident might precipitate trouble, but the idea of a rebel attack upon Manila is ridiculous, as the Americans control the position.

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On Wednesday a false alarm, due to trivial incidents occurring simultaneously in opposite parts of the city, led to a general call to the United States forces.

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WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—HOUSE.—Under the special order adopted on Monday last, the House went into committee of the whole (Mr. Hopkins of Illinois, in the chair) and proceeded to the Naval Personnel Bill.

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INTERSTATE COMMERCE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—[By Asiatic Cable.] The manifold and serious questions growing out of the war with Spain are now absorbing the attention of the American people, but Gen. McLaurin has satisfied that our action in the next month will settle the question of expansion. There are at this time in the Senate and at large two well-defined and distinct views—one a policy of expansion involving a new definition of the rôle of the United States and another involving the incorporation of a colonial system with the inauguration of a colonial system with the rôle of the United States.

Gen. McLaurin occupied the attention of the Senate for an hour and ten minutes and was accorded good attention by both the Senators and the people in the galleries.

A bill was passed providing for the adjustment of the land grants to the State of Wisconsin.

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NATIVES REFUSE TO DEAL WITH AMERICANS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The annual report of the Interstate Commerce Commission was given out today. In it the commission says:

"The situation has become intolerable, both from the standpoint of the public and the carriers."

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AWFUL FOLLY.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

any intimation that the latter had received money to change his vote was unjust and absurd.

BECAUSE IT WAS PROPER.

The Times correspondent tonight put direct question to Huber: "Did you receive money to change your vote, or have you at any time received money to vote for Grant?"

"Emphatically no," was Huber's answer.

"Were any promises made to you?"

"None whatever."

"Did you expect any consideration in return for your vote for Grant?"

"I did not expect anything. I voted as I did because I thought the proper time had come to change to Grant. No man," he declared, "has ever acted as a go-between between Grant people and myself."

ACTION WELL RECEIVED.

As an evidence of how Huber's action is received in Los Angeles county, the following telegrams, received between 9 a. m. and 2:30 p. m. today, are given here. They are from some of the best men in Azusa, Huber's home town, and Pomona:

"AZUSA, Jan. 13.—To Hon. O. H. Huber, Sacramento: 'Azusa Republicans indorse your action in voting for Grant.'

[Signed] "HENDRICKS,
SMITH,
GIFFORD,
WADE,
BARKER,
CASEY,
BOULDER,
LAWLER,
LEHMER,
DANIELS,
GRISWOLD."

Boulden is Justice of the Peace and a personal friend of Bulla's. Daniels is cashier, and Griswold assistant cashier of the Azusa Bank. Hendricks, Barker and Smith are prominent orange growers; Gifford is general freight agent, and Casey is a hardware merchant. Other signers are equally well known men in the community. Another telegram reads:

"POMONA, Jan. 13.—To Hon. O. H. Huber, Assembly Chamber, Sacramento, Cal.: 'Congratulations on your vote for Grant. Stay with him. He is the only chance for the South to have a Senator.'

[Signed] "C. BURDICK,
JOHN L. MEANS,
GEO. O. WATERMAN, JR."

Burdick is an old-time orange-grower and a solid man, and Means is a retired contractor, while Waterman is a member of the County Committee.

A second telegram from Pomona, signed by E. J. Fleming, City Attorney, and T. L. Thrall, reads: "You are right in voting for Grant. Stay with him."

A third telegram from Pomona, sent by L. T. Brady, president of the Pomona Bank, gives this encouraging sentiment: "Well done, faithful servant; stay with Grant until the end."

BREACH WILL OPEN.

It is known that Senator Simpson does not differ much from Senator Currier's views concerning Huber's attitude and the breach in Los Angeles delegation is likely to become an open one at any day. Bulla's boomerangs hold almost daily sessions to bolster up their cause and demand fresh pledges of fidelity.

ABSOLUTELY NO SHOW.

The bitterness of these few men toward Grant should no longer be allowed to deceive the good citizens of Los Angeles. Bulla has absolutely no show of election, save by the votes of Burns, and he cannot get them unless that boss owns him.

Speaker pro tem. Anderson, speaking to the Times representative today of the Senatorial question, said his personal preference was for Bulla, but that his constituents were afraid of a Southern man. He therefore voted for Estee. Five of the biggest political bosses of Vallejo had been here and took him in, he said. This is only one instance of Bulla's inability to get northern votes, whether controlled by Burns or favorable to Grant. How then can he expect to win without a bargain?

Burns's following night, unsolicited, seek the Grant camp to be on the winning side, but go to a weak man with only nine votes, never. The time for monkey business is past. This attack on Huber has disclosed, beyond all peradventure, the weakness of Senator Bulla's following, and for him to remain longer in the field not only endangers Grant's success, but the success of any Southern Californian and discredits the fair name and good sense of Los Angeles county. No mistaken kindness of sympathy should prevent prompt action in calling on Bulla to aid Grant's fight against the most powerful political machine that ever disgraced the State.

DAMPHOOL RUMORS.

More of those serious rumors that make the newspaper men happy chattering down are afoot tonight, one "gold brick," which is being passed out by Mexican Dan, people, being to the effect that this being Friday and the 13th of the month, the moodoo is too strong to withstand, so Grant has concluded to withdraw.

By Chapman: An act to pay the claim of W. P. Sowden against the State of California.

By Braunhart: Appropriating \$300,000 for the erection of a public building in San Francisco.

By Langford: To amend section 158 of an act entitled, "An act to establish a uniform system of county and township government," approved April 1, 1887.

By Davis: To amend an act entitled "An act to establish a uniform system of county and township government," approved April 1, 1887.

By Langford: An act to provide for the payment of interest at the statutory rate of every bona fide owner and holder of any unlocated or unlocated warrant issued under an act of the State of California, approved May 3, 1852.

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By Langford: To amend section 122 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of California, relating to petitions for probate of wills.

By Cook: To amend section 123 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of California, relating to proceedings on production of foreign wills.

By Crowder: An act to pay the claim of Abraham W. Rapelye against the State of California, and making an appropriation therefor.

By Brooke: An act to pay the claim of August Zimmerman against the State of California, and making an appropriation therefor.

By Works: An act to amend section 102 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of California relating to justice courts.

By Sims: An act to authorize the purchase or condemnation of land for streets when less than the distance between two streets is required, and thereby is not properly chargeable on a particular distance.

By Morhouse: To amend an act entitled, "An act concerning agricultural societies, surveys and estimates for the diverting of rivers and streams, the construction of reservoirs, and the storage of water."

By Cutler: An act to amend sections 245, 246, and 268 of the Political Code, relating to the officers and employees of the Legislature.

By Boyce: An act authorizing the Secretary of State to appoint an additional clerk to be known as janitor's clerk.

TRANSFER OF FUNDS.

By Stratton: Authorizing the Treasurer to transfer to the San Francisco harbor improvement fund money now in the San Francisco depot sinking fund.

By Chapman: To pay the claim of Mrs. J. Uren against the State of California.

By Chapman: An act to pay the claim of Patrick Carroll against the State of California.

By Chapman: An act to pay the claim of the Dutch Flat public school district, and making an appropriation therefor.

By Chapman: An act to pay the claim of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Dutch Flat against the State of California.

By Chapman: An act to pay the claim of the San Joaquin Home for the Care and Training of Feeble-minded Children, and appropriating \$37,500 therefor.

By Knowland: An act to create a State board of accountancy, prescribe its duties and powers, and to provide for the examination and issuance of certificates of registration to qualified applicants, with the designation of registered public accountants.

By Wardell: An act to amend an act entitled "The Political Code of the State of California," amending section 3010 relating to salaries of officers and employees of the board of health.

By Luchisinger: Appropriating \$105 to pay the claim of Thomas Hatch.

Senator Wolfe introduced a constitutional amendment in relation to the exemption from taxation of all buildings used exclusively for church and chapel, and the real property on which they are situated.

Senator Nutt introduced two rather important resolutions. The first of these calls attention to the false branding of food products and severely condemns the practice. The resolution calls upon the State's representatives

in Congress to use all possible means to secure the passage of the Faulkner and Brosius bills at an early date. The second resolution is in relation to lands. California's delegation in Congress is urged to use the best endeavours to secure an appropriation from the Federal government to provide for the necessary survey of streams for irrigating purposes, and for the construction of reservoirs.

BILLS IN THE ASSEMBLY.

Senator Simpson's Committee on Corporations today discussed the bill brought here by A. P. Maginnis and Judge Sterry, to allow railroads to purchase lease or consolidate with other lines, the intent of the bill being to allow the Santa Fé and Valley roads to consolidate. A similar bill was passed two years ago, but Gov. Budd vetoed it. The committee, after discussion, appointed Chairman Simpson a special committee of one to conference with Story and amend the bill so as to prohibit control of parallel lines and thus ending of competition. With this amendment, the bill will probably be reported back favorably.

RAILROAD BILL.

By Mead: An act to regulate the granting of telephones and telegraph, street railroad, and electric, heat and power and other franchises by municipal authorities of incorporated cities and counties and towns within the State of California, and repealing certain existing acts.

By de Larned: An act authorizing the board of trustees of the State Normal School at Chico to construct and furnish an addition to the State Normal school building at said place, and appropriating money therefor.

By de Larned: An act entitled an act to amend Section 1858 of the Political Code of this State.

By Blood: An act to establish a branch State Normal School in Calaveras county, and making an appropriation therefor.

By Chynoweth: An act to prevent monopolies in articles or commodities of common use, and prohibit restraints of trade and commerce, and providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this act.

By Pierce: An act to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate the width of tires of wagons to be used on the public highways of the State of California," approved March 26, 1897, by amending section 5 of said act.

By Melick: An act to classify the roads in the State of California, to define each class, and to provide for their management.

By Melick: An act to promote the agricultural interests of the State by providing county inspectors of apalaces and repealing the act entitled "An act to authorize the Boards of Supervisors of the several counties of this State to appoint inspectors of apalaces and define their compensation, and defining the duties, and for the further protection of our culture," approved March 12, 1882.

By Melick: An act providing for the location, construction and maintenance of highways, proposed to be acquired by the State of California, and a levy of a rate of taxation, and the creation of a fund therefor, and defining the purposes of said fund, and the duties of the several officers in collecting and disbursing the same.

By Melick: An act to amend an act entitled "An act to provide for the appointment, duties and compensation of a débris commissioner, and to make an appropriation to be expended under his direction in the discharge of his duties as a débris commissioner," approved March 25, 1895, and to add a new section thereto, to be known as section 8.

AS TO BANK COMMISSIONERS.

By Muentner: An act to amend sections 7 and 9 of an act entitled "An act creating a board of bank commissioners, and prescribing their duties and powers," approved March 30, 1878, and as amended by an act approved March 10, 1887, and as amended by an act approved March 25, 1895, relating to the powers and duties of such bank commissioners.

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By Conroy (by request): An act to amend section 427 of an act entitled "An act to establish a Civil Code of the State of California," approved March 21, 1872, in relation to how funds of insurance companies may be invested.

By Conroy (by request): An act to regulate and improve the civil service of the State of California, and to appropriate money therefor.

By Cobb: An act to amend section 122 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of California, relating to petitions for probate of wills.

By Cook: To amend section 123 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of California, relating to proceedings on production of foreign wills.

By Crowder: An act to pay the claim of Abraham W. Rapelye against the State of California, and making an appropriation therefor.

By Brooke: An act to pay the claim of August Zimmerman against the State of California, and making an appropriation therefor.

By Works: An act to amend section 102 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of California relating to justice courts.

By Sims: An act to amend section 1617 of the Political Code of the State of California, relating to the powers and duties of the trustees of school districts and of boards of education of the State of California, and amending section 1042 of the Penal Code of the State of California, concerning the mode of trial in criminal cases.

By Morhouse: To amend an act entitled, "An act concerning agricultural societies, surveys and estimates for the diverting of rivers and streams, the construction of reservoirs, and the storage of water."

By Cutler: An act to amend sections 245, 246, and 268 of the Political Code, relating to the officers and employees of the Legislature.

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NOTHING DONE.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

Judicial method of disposing of the issue between the two men, the relations between them can be preserved to the point where even official business can be transacted.

Commissioner-General Eagan consented to be interviewed tonight. When the statement of his position before the Investigation Committee was broached, Gen. Eagan first made clear the fact that he and his allies was responsible for the statements, both as to facts and language.

"I had my own grievance," said he. "A terrible charge which was made against me. I was accused of cheating; no, I mean I was accused of poisoning soldiers under the pretense of experiment. If it had not been for that charge I might not have spoken before the commission as I did. For three weeks I chafed under the charge of having poisoned soldiers under the pretense of the language which I had used, the newspaper notoriety which it had already involved. The controversy was not of his seeking, and he should decline to say anything further regarding it.

BOTH GOOD AND BAD.

Gov. Roosevelt's Letter to Gen. Miles About That Beef.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Gen. Miles today made public the following letter bearing on the quality of army beef, which he had received from Gov. Roosevelt:

"State of New York, Executive Chamber, Albany, N. Y., Jan. 9.

"To Gen. Nelson A. Miles, War Department, Washington—My Dear Gen. Miles: I do not distinctly understand about this beef controversy, but possibly what I have to write about it may be of use.

"The canned corn beef we found to be good. The sterilized canned roast beef that was issued to us for travel ration, both on the transport and on the train, and which we occasionally got even at the front, was practically worthless. Unless very hungry the men would not touch it, and even when forced from lack of food they never ate a fifth of it. At the best it was tasteless, at the worst it was nauseating.

"There was also a supply of beef (in the shape of quarters) put aboard our transport at Tampa. It was supposed to be good, but was some process to withstand tropical heat. It at once became putrid and smelled so that we had to dispose of it for fear of its creating disease. I think we threw it overboard, and later, when we were in the best we were in Santiago, after the 24th or 25th of July, that is, after the siege had ended, and when my brigade had been without fresh meat or vegetables for a month, was generally good. By that time the cavalry division was in a sick condition. The time that the meat ration was so bad as generally got even at the front, was practically worthless. Unless very hungry the men would not touch it, and even when forced from lack of food they never ate a fifth of it. At the best it was nauseating.

"I am satisfied that much of the sickness and debility among the men was caused by want of food, wholesome food, of which, at times, we know they were frequently deprived. I would like to add that as the statements of any of the line officers or surgeons who are familiar with the facts, and also the statements of the soldiers who can testify on this subject. I remember you very well in the front line at Yauco where you were rendering excellent service in the campaign that was full of good results, but which has not attracted as much attention as some others."

voluntarily appear before them. I replied that I believed it to be for the interest of the service for me not to volunteer any testimony. When I was ordered before the committee, and they asked me concerning facts that then had in my possession, I was obliged to make a matter of honesty to answer them, and produced official complaints as my best reply. Even then I should not tell them all the facts which I had discovered by my own investigation. This inquiry was carried on quietly through the proper channels of the War Department, and was begun as a matter of duty by the commanding general, after the receipt of an immense number of complaints. That investigation is still being prosecuted, and I still think, as I said before, that it would have been much better had the officers of the War Department, who have in charge the care of the proper feeding of the soldier, been allowed to attend to these matters quietly in their own way."

Gen. Eagan when seen, said he had nothing to say. He regretted, he said, the newspaper notoriety which it had already involved. The controversy was not of his seeking, and he should decline to say anything further regarding it.

It was stated today as very likely that the commission will have framed its report and concluded its investigation in about a fortnight to anyone who actually attended.

The cure is complete and permanent, and leaves the patient in a condition of perfect health.

You are, or have a friend addicted to the terrible habit, write to Dr. Carlos Brumard, 268 Glenn Blvd., Cincinnati, O., for a trial treatment. All correspondence strictly confidential. Write today.

A well-known practitioner of Cincinnati, O., after a careful study, has devised a remedy that permanently cures the morphine, opium, cocaine, laudanum and similar habits. In order to let the sufferer without any suffering, detention from business or loss of time, the doctor sends a six days' treatment on trial to anyone who actually attended.

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LETTER FROM GEN. MILES.

Says He is Satisfied That Bad Food Made Soldiers Sick.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

LOWELL (Mass.) Jan. 13.—The following letter was received today from Gen. Nelson A. Miles, by Capt. Alexander Greig, Jr., Co. C, Sixth Massachusetts. United States Volunteers:

"My Dear Captain: Your kind letter of December 31 was duly received, and I thank you for the interest you have taken in the matter, and for the information furnished, not only for the sake of the men, now in service, but the honor of those who have been in the service, and who have suffered on account of sickness is at stake in this controversy. It has been charged that sickness has been caused by the men indulging in the use of rum and mandrake root. I am convinced, as a base slander on the men.

"I am satisfied that much of the sickness and debility among the men was caused by want of food, wholesome food, of which, at times, we know they were frequently deprived. I would like to add that as the statements of any of the line officers or surgeons who are familiar with the facts, and also the statements of the soldiers who can testify on this subject. I remember you very well in the front line at Yauco where you were rendering excellent service in the campaign that was full of good results, but which has not attracted as much attention as some others."

RESULTS OF THE STORM.

WIDESPREAD DEVASTATION IN ENGLAND ON LAND AND SEA.

London's Parks and Buildings Suffer—Thames Overflows—Parts of Southampton Under Water, Channel Steamers Suffer—Damage at Vienna and Berlin.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)

LONDON, Jan. 13.—[By Atlantic Cable] Widespread devastation on land and sea has been the result of the storm and the aggregate losses of property are immense. This evening, reports are gradually filtering through from the provinces, telling of inundated houses, overflowing rivers, inundated streets and fields, buildings flooded, cattle and sheep drowned, railroads disorganized and disasters to life and limb. London parks and buildings have suffered heavily.

The Thames has overflowed along the upper reaches, with serious loss to the dwellers on the banks. Most of the coast towns have suffered severely. Promenades have been swept by the sea, and harbors and piers damaged. Parts of Southampton are under water. Numerous small wrecks are reported, and all the lifeboats are kept exceedingly busy.

The channel steamers have had terrible experiences, a ship at the entrance to Dieppe, France, which was recently damaged, and great havoc is reported along the Normandy coast, though details have not been received. Another train has been derailed near Clare, Ireland, several passengers being injured.

At the time of the creation of the commission, the President, in instructing the members, verbally assured the members that all crimes should be immune from punishment for which they might say before that body, but members of the commission say it never was intended to induce such language as that given utterance to yesterday.

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THE TIMES—

Weekly Circulation Statement.
STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF
LOS ANGELES, SS: That personally appeared before me, Harry Chandler, coroner's manager, and F. M. Thompson, publisher, and that the daily bona-fide editions of THE TIMES for each day of the week ended January 7, 1899, were as follows:

January 7, 1899, were as follows:

Total for the week..... \$19,408.

Daily average for the week..... \$28,343.

[Signed] HARRY CHANDLER.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of January, 1899.

[Seal] THOMAS L. CHAPIN.

Notary Public in and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper.

The above aggregate, viz., \$28,343, is the average for the seven days of the past week, and, if apprised on the basis

of a six-day evening paper, give a daily average circulation for each week-day of 33,067 copies.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past several years. Advertisers have the right to know the NET CIRCULATION of the medium which seeks their business, and this, THE TIMES gives them correctly, from time to time; and it furthermore guarantees that the circulation of THE TIMES regularly exceeds the combined circulation of all other Los Angeles daily newspapers.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

"Liner" advertisements for The Times left at the following places will receive prompt attention: Rate: one cent a word each insertion. Minimum charge for any advertisement, 25 cents.

F. D. Owen's Drug Store, Belmont

grocery, 101 Temple street.

Boyle Heights Drug Store, 1052

East First street.

William H. Harmon, Ph. G., 705

Pasadena ave., Junction Daly st.

Chicago Pharmacy, F. J. Knehl,

Ph. G., prop., Central avenue and

Twelfth street.

F. J. Liscomb, Druggist, 1501 South

Main street.

National Pharmacy, corner Six-

teenth and Grand avenue.

The Times will receive at a mini-

mum charge of 50 cents "liner" ad-

vertisements by telephone, but will

not guarantee accuracy.

Liners.

SPECIAL NOTICES—

L. A. STEAM CARPET CLEANING CO. will clean your carpet at 50¢ a yard; will clean by day at 4¢; we guarantee all our work. 325 E. Second Tel. 744. Reflecting a specialty. R. F. BENNETT.

CRESCENT HOTEL—TWELVE Miles north of Los Angeles. The greatest health resort in Los Angeles Co. Rates \$8 per week, or \$30 by the month. MRS. H. E. FRALEY, La Crescenta.

GENTS' SUITS, D.R. CLEANED, \$1.50; pair 50¢; ladies' skirts cleaned, on plain feather, cleaned and dyed. BOSTON DYE WORKS, 266 New High, near Temple.

AFTER THE HOLIDAY CELEBRATION have your clothes cleaned and pressed; it is a service for you. CALIFORNIA DYE WORKS, 626 S. Spring st.

LYONS & SMITH (EDWIN SMITH, JULIUS Lyons,) attorneys-at-law, money to loan notary, 404 and 405 MONTEZUMA BLOCK, Los Angeles, corner 1245.

THOROUGH COURSE IN SHORTHAND—Instruction given personally or by mail; very reasonable rates. SHORTHAND TEACHER, 959 Okey st. 15

FOR WINDSOR SHADERS AND PICTURE frame to the factory, 225 W. SIXTH ST. Prices right. 1-12-12

FRENCH CORSETS, BRACES AND ABDOMINAL bands made to order. 237 S. BROADWAY.

CO. PAINTS AND PAPER—Any reasonable references. WALTER, 627 S. Spring.

EXTRA FINE STRAWBERRY PLANTS FOR sale. LEM. YEN & CO., 223 Apalista st. 30

CORSETS, BRACES AND ABDOMINAL bands made to order at 337 S. BROADWAY.

WANTED—

Help, Male.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO. EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.

A strictly first-class, reliable agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished.

Your orders solicited.

300 W. Second st., basement

California Bank Building.

Telephone 509.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

MENT'S DEPARTMENT

Orange County, 1st st., Fletcher country, 129; chess board, \$10; etc.; split basket maker; herd boy, \$6; etc.; herder, \$2.50; ranch hands, \$10; etc.; black moulder, \$2.50; etc.; etc.

All-round bakers, \$6 etc.; west bell boy and porter, hotel country, \$15 etc.; baker, country, \$12; 2 colored waiters, hotel, \$25; etc.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

Cook and second girl, Arizona, \$25 and \$20; cook and girl, \$20; \$25 and \$20; cook and girl, housewife, \$15; \$20 and daughter, housewife, country, \$20; first-class second girl, \$25; housewife, city country, \$15; \$20.

LADIES' HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

Cook, country, \$20; German cook, \$1 day; head waitress, \$35; waitresses, city and country, call care.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO.

WANTED—

Rooms.

WANTED—BY A PIANIST POSITION AS teacher of piano in private family, close in for room and board. Address PIANIST, L. box 13, Times office.

WANTED—

Partners.

WANTED—ADDITIONAL CAPITAL IN manufacturing business; party with less than \$20,000 need not communicate. Address H. box 45, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED FARMER to take charge of farm at Saint Gabriel; must have team and farm implements. Call on E. C. NORTON, 144 S. Broadway. 10-11-12-14-15

WANTED—MAN WITH TEAM AND GANG plow to plow and seed 40 acres city property. Call on MERCHANTS' PARCEL DELIVERY CO., 111 W. Broadway. 15

WANTED—YOUNG MAN EXPERIENCED in book-keeping and office details; give all references and experiences. Address M. box 45, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—OFFICE CLERKS, STORE clerks, etc. Salary and reasonable help of all kinds. 325 STIMSON BLOCK.

WANTED—A GOOD OUTSIDE HUSTLER for bicycle business; salary and commission. st. E. COLORADO ST. Pasadena. 14

WANTED—EXPERIENCED INDUSTRIAL insurance man, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. G. O. ANS-TRICK, 106 W. First st. 15

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS SALESMAN AND window dresser for large tailoring establishment. P. O. BOX 755. 15

WANTED—A CARPENTER, REPAIRING part may be taken out in rent. Address 201 W. First st. 14

WANTED—APPRENTICE BOY FOR bicycle works. 111 W. SEVENTH. 14

WANTED—EXPERIENCED MEN'S HAT trimmer. No. 120 W. FIRST ST. 15

WANTED—

Rooms With Board.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, WORK for board; will pay for room; good references. Address H. box 78, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—SECOND-HAND TYPE. CALL between 4 and 5 p.m., room 209, HELL-MAN BLOCK, cor. Second and Broadway. 14

WANTED—A GOOD SURRY AND HARNESS. Apply 144 HEWITT ST., Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—

City Lots and Lands.

FOR SALE—ONE-HALF ACRES, HALF-ACRE lots. Central area, \$25 per acre, water cheap for domestic and irrigating purposes; \$25 to \$40 each. SHERWOOD & KOYER, 144 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—A GOOD OUTSIDE HUSTLER for bicycle business; salary and commission. st. E. COLORADO ST. Pasadena. 14

FOR SALE—UNIQUE PLATE, HALF-ACRE

lot. Central area, \$25 per acre, water cheap for domestic and irrigating purposes; \$25 to \$40 each. SHERWOOD & KOYER, 144 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—A GOOD OUTSIDE HUSTLER for bicycle business; salary and commission. st. E. COLORADO ST. Pasadena. 14

FOR SALE—

Real Estate.

FOR SALE—WANT 6 TO 10-ROOM HOUSE, good location, part cash, balance all-fair lands or orchard; give full description; ask price or will pay no attention. THOMPSON'S, 224½ S. Spring st.

FOR SALE—NEW "FLORA" RANGE, cheap.

FOR SALE—

Rooms.

WANTED—BY A PIANIST POSITION AS teacher of piano in private family, close in for room and board. Address PIANIST, L. box 13, Times office.

WANTED—

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—UNIQUE PLATE, HALF-ACRE

lot. Central area, \$25 per acre, water cheap for domestic and irrigating purposes; \$25 to \$40 each. SHERWOOD & KOYER, 144 S. Broadway.

FOR EXCHANGE—WHAT HAVE YOU TO exchange for \$150 equity in 12 cottages? will sell for no cates. 202½ S. BROADWAY.

FOR EXCHANGE—EXCELENT CITY property for orange grove, alfalfa, ranch or grain land. R. D. LIST, 223 Wilcox Block.

FOR EXCHANGE—LOSS HOLLYWOOD HOME, 14 ac. G. B. WILLIS, Calexico. 13-14-15

FOR EXCHANGE—

Rooms.

WANTED—BERKSHIRE BOAR PIG, 2 to 5 months old; also Jersey bull calf, thoroughbred, 8 to 15 months old; preferred; full particulars. Address M. box 44, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—A CHEAP WORK OR PLOUGH horse; state particulars and price. DAVIS & PRICE, 481 Pasadena ave. 14

WANTED—EXPERIENCED MEN'S HAT trimmer. No. 120 W. FIRST ST. 15

WANTED—

Rooms.

Reliable Business Houses Of Los Angeles.

ADDRESSING DONE.

Circulars, envelopes and postal cards addressed. List of names to reach any sort of people you want to get at. J.C. EWITT, 237 South Broadway. Tel. M. 1564.

CROSS "S" FEED AND FUEL

YARD. First-class Hay, Grains, Coal and Wood always at bottom price. 127 Figueroa Street. Tel. West 212.

SHATTUCK & DESMOND.

HAY THERE!!!

PHONE GREEN 970. We ship hay to all the San G. Calif. cities. Wholesale on the ARIZONA HAY & GRAIN CO., 377 S. Los Angeles Street.

L. A. VAN TRUCK AND STORAGE CO.

427 S. BROADWAY.

Furniture moving, packing and storing done by expert workmen. Padded vans and prompt work.

Advertisements in this column.

Turns and inventions can be had J.C. NEWITT, 237 South Broadway.

Eyes By Daylight Examined Free

By Electric Light

We make absolutely no charge for thorough examination.

Solid gold riding bow frames that can be fitted to any lens for \$1.50.

Geneva Watch and Optical Co., 353 S. Spring. Phone Brown 1312. Store Open Evenings.

MAKE PERFECT MEI!

DO NOT DESPAIR! Do not Sul

lly. Your limbs can be restored to you. The very

worst cases of Nervous Debility

can be cured. The

TABLET. Give prompt relief to

the most severe cases of rheumatism and drain of vital powers, incurred by

indiscretions or excesses of early years.

Brace up the system. Give

the body a new lease of life. One box 100 boxes renew vital energy.

\$2.50 a complete guarantee.

Send for sample and money back if not satisfied.

THE PERFECT CO., Cal., by C. J. Heinzenman, 122 N. Main; Godfrey & Moore, 108 S. Spring; Bowell & Noyes Drug Co., Third and Broadway; Owl Drug Co.

Dirt breeds disease. Use Pearline Dr. Bull's COUCH SYRUP

Will cure Croup without fail.

The best remedy for whooping-cough. Doses small. Price 25 cts. at druggists.

DR. SOMERS

Treats successfully all Female Diseases and irregularities; and all nervous and chronic diseases, especially those of women, experience. Committee Free. Rooms—213-214 Currier Block, 212 W. THIRD.

BARGAINS IN BICYCLES

NEW AND SECOND HAND.

COMET CYCLERY,

434 SOUTH BROADWAY.

D. D. WHITNEY TRUNK FACTORY

423 S. Spring Los Angeles.

TOOTHACHE.

We give special treatment for sensitive and aching teeth.

Painless filling and extracting.

Reasonable prices.

REMOVED....

DR. C. STEVENS,

217 South Spring St.

BEN-YAN

DEVELOPS THE BUST

BEN-YAN MEDICAL CO.,

2d and D'Wayne, Los Angeles, Cal.

\$2 per large Pkg. 3 for \$5. ABSOLUTE GUARANTEE

AUCTIONS.

Auction Furniture.

438 and 440 South Spring.

Saturday, Jan. 14, 10 a.m.

Removed to our salesrooms for convenience of sale. General line Household Furniture.

RHOADES & REED, Auctioneers.

15 Cows,

Tuesday, Jan. 17th, at

11 o'clock a.m.

15 head long cows, fresh or coupling fresh in short time; 1 Jersey bull; 2 work horses; one hay wagon. This stock will possibly sell without reserve as I have sold my ranch.

RHOADES & REED, Auctioneers,

Office 438-440 South Spring Street.

WILLIS NEWTON, Owner.

J. Magnin & Co.

MANUFACTURING RETAILER,

251 South Broadway.

Ladies' Misses' Children's and Infants' Wear.



Whether it be a bib for baby or the very swellest evening waist, you'll find it at Magnin's and at a figure not to be met by retailers, for we are manufacturers.

We now have on exhibit and sale numerous advance Spring lines that will not be seen in dry goods stores for several months. The windows offer a few suggestions. The store within is very interesting.

EVERY HAT IN THE HOUSE REDUCED.

Not one, or two, or three, or a dozen, but EVERY HAT. And more, they are reduced so that you can afford a hat now you could not have thought of before.

\$12.00 hats reduced to \$5.85
\$10.00 hats reduced to \$4.98
\$8.00 hats reduced to \$3.98
\$6.00 hats reduced to \$3.15
\$5.00 hats reduced to \$2.89
\$4.00 hats reduced to \$2.15
\$3.00 hats reduced to \$1.98
\$2.50 hats reduced to \$1.48



WONDER MILLINERY,
MEYER BROS.
Successors to Lud Zobel & Co.
219 S. Spring Street

Wheel Chairs
Sold or
Rented.

I. T. Martin, 531-3-5 S. Spr. St.

CURE for DEAF

Peck's Patent Improved Cuckoo Ear Device Perfectly Restores the Hearing, whether deafness is temporary or permanent, the natural drums. Invisible, comfortable, always in place, and can be used by persons deaf distinctly. Successful where all other devices fail. Sold only by F. O'KEEFE, 655 Spring Street, N. Y. No. 9. Write for illustrated book of proofs, FREE.

Don't Think

That you can go on abusing your eyes and escape the penalty. We correctly rectify all troubles of the eyes by the proper adjustment of scientifically ground lenses. All work attended to by members of the firm.

BOSTON OPTICAL CO.,
235 South Spring St.
Formerly 228 W. Second St.

No Medicine.

Don't say there is no virtue in the osteopathic system when you are entirely ignorant of what osteopathy is. We do cure diseases—our patients will tell you to go to the Pacific School of Osteopathy, on the corner of Tenth and Flower streets, if you desire to get cured.

\$4.50 Buys the very best Oil Heater on the market. Gives the most heat at the least cost. SEE IT.

HARSHMAN & DIETZ,
414 South Spring Street.

manufacturers of
Stuart's Dyspepsia
Tablets. Every form
of Stomach trouble
will be relieved by this
wonderful new discovery.

BOOK sent free to any person
addressing the
STUART CO.,
Marshall, Mich.

FREE

THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

ASK BETTER SERVICE

CHANGE IN THE GARBAGE COLLECTION SYSTEM DISCUSSED.

Erection of a City Crematory Recommended—Refitting of Several City Hall Offices Requested.

LOUIS MESMER WINS ON APPEAL

Plaintiff's Chief Witness in the Kohn Case Challenged—South Pasadena Seeks to Enjoin the Southern California Power Company.

A CURIOUS MOVE MADE BY MRS. LAUTERBACK'S ATTORNEYS.

ing, but for the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association, only Secretary Zeehandelaar. He explained that the other members of his committee had been kept from coming to the meeting on account of business engagements, but that he had been invited to speak on the garbage question followed, in which Mr. Zeehandelaar reminded the Councilmen that the contracts for collecting garbage and for removing dead animals would soon expire, and that the contractor would be compelled to cremate all the dead animals, and also of all the garbage, arguing that with the proper person in charge of the garbage crematory, it would be impossible for the contractors to violate their agreements with the city. He asserted that no contractor had been selected. Bid up to the contractors, and that there had been much complaint of the manner in which the work had been done. The association, he said, wanted some better plan, one that would insure the proper destruction of the garbage and its proper and regular collection.

Some of the members of the Council did not approve the proposition to have all dead animals cremated. They argued that the cost to the city of a plan would be between \$3 and \$5 for every carcass of a horse or that was taken to the crematory. Under the present system the cost to the city was but \$1, and here was no money, they said, to pay for the additional expense if the crematory plan was adopted.

The contract for removing the garbage is now held by Franklin & Alexander, and one of the members of that firm denied that there had been any prominent dumping of refuse materials, as was being done by the contractors.

The members of the board indicated that they were not in favor of changing the specifications on which the contract for the removal of dead animals is based.

Under instructions from the Board of Health, Meat Inspector Fred T. Hughes has been more than usually vigilant in his efforts to detect violators of the meat laws. Yesterday he arrested an alleged violator of the law on a charge of offering for sale veal that was not fit for human food.

Nearly all the heads of departments in the City Hall desire that the Supply Committee of the Council shall order a general improvement in their offices. If all the demands are granted there will be a general overhauling of all the offices and the purchase of new furniture to serve them.

The attorneys representing Mrs. Lizzie Lauterback, who was recently defeated in her suit against Mrs. Rosa Voss et al., in filing her petition for distribution of the estate of Fred Voss, deceased, still alleging that petitioner is a daughter of the deceased by a previous wife, raise a curious issue. It is supposed that it is done for the purpose of raising the question of jurisdiction.

The sensational allegation was yesterday made by the defense in the Kohn case that Stellinski, the principal witness for the plaintiff, had been under restraint for insanity since his arrival in this country. Stellinski had not been committed, neither had his competency been passed upon. Judge Allen ruled that the witness's competency must be passed upon before his testimony could be admitted, and thereupon the attorneys compromised the matter.

John R. Hall is an old colored man who has accumulated considerable wealth. Yesterday he and his wife adopted their three grandchildren, and incidentally developed that he had previously reared and well educated a white girl who had done well in the home, which are additional factors, the moving of certain partitions and the retinting of the walls of his office.

The removal of the seat in the elevator was again requested by the Board of Library Trustees. In order to give more room in the car, the elevator is crowded with passengers many times during the day, and it frequently happens that persons have to wait a considerable time before those ahead of them can use the elevator.

W. J. Davis, the furniture dealer at San Diego who went upon O'Keefe's bond, was yesterday in the District Attorney's office. From first to last the O'Keefe case was a rather mysterious one, and the defendant was sure to cover the defendant's bail from the bondsmen having disappeared from the San Diego office. It is altogether problematical what will be done in the premises.

AT THE CITY HALL

QUESTION OF GARBAGE.

PLAN FOR A CREMATORIUM PRESENTED BEFORE COUNCIL.

Numerous Changes in the Arrangement of City Hall Officers Recommended—Alleged Violator of the Meat Ordinance Arrested.

A joint meeting of the Board of Public Works and a committee from the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association was to have been held yesterday afternoon for the purpose of discussing the question of the proper disposition of the garbage of the city and of the dead animals. Several weeks ago the association, in a communication to the Council, requested that a committee be appointed to confer with a similar committee from that organization to discuss these questions. For the Council the Board of Public Works was named to take up the matter and the association regularly appointed its committee, and yesterday afternoon was the time set for the joint meeting.

The members of the Board of Public Works were in attendance, having just completed their weekly meeting.

MEAT LAW VIOLATION.

Inspector Hughes Arrests a Peddler of Poor Veal.

L. Levy was arrested on Spring street yesterday afternoon by Meat Inspector Fred T. Hughes on a charge of violating the meat ordinance. He was taken to the Police Station, where he was released on bond. The reason for his arrest, as stated by the inspector, was that Levy had possession of a carcass of veal, which he was offering for sale, that was wholly unfit for food. The ordinance regulating the sale of meat in this city provides that any person who shall have possession of any meat that is unfit for food shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction may be fined in any sum not exceeding \$200. Inspector Hughes stated yesterday afternoon that he had given Levy a written warning, telling him that his meat was condemned and that he must not offer it to the public. The meat found in Levy's wagon was condemned by the inspector, who injected coal oil into it to prevent its use by any person.

PROSECUTIONS WILL FOLLOW.

Dumping of Garbage to Be Stopped by the Health Department.

The practice of several unknown owners of carts, in which garbage of nearly all kinds is hauled, of dumping loads of garbage at various places throughout the city, and particularly along Center street, in the Eighth Ward, has been the subject of frequent complaints by property-owners to the Health Officer. Many of these complaints have also been made to Councilman Todd of that ward. He, together with Health Officer Powers, has determined to break up the practice, and for the purpose of giving warning to those who have been violating the law in this manner, has caused posters to be posted along the several dumping grounds, warning all persons that the dumping of garbage there is illegal, and will result in the prosecution of any person caught violating the law. Such notices have been posted on a number of vacant lots in various parts of the city. Property-owners who have been annoyed by such violations have been requested to follow any person seen dumping refuse

material on vacant lots and secure their arrest, and the Health Department will undertake their prosecution.

NOTICES OF STREET WORK.

From the number of inquiries and complaints that have been made during the past several weeks to the Street Superintendent by persons who have assessments for street work have been submitted, it is evident that there is a very general misunderstanding of the manner in which notices of improvement work are served on property-owners. Almost, without exception, the persons who have made inquiry about the matter have said that when they supposed the street department would notify them when their assessments were due. To all of these persons the same explanation has been made, that the street department serves no notices on streets, but that the notices are to be utilized after all, and that the legal action will be bitterly contested if it is in Department Five, and that is saying much.

The contractors are supposed to serve the notices of assessment, for it is they who collect the assessments. Such notices may be served upon any person found on the property, and also held as evidence of the ownership of the property, or no one is found on the property, the contractor may simply read his notice in a loud tone of voice and that is considered a legal notice.

SEWER RECOMMENDATIONS.

The Sewer Committee of the City Council held a short session yesterday morning, and disposed of all the petitions

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY
PUBLISHERS OF THE

Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday, Weekly.

H. G. OTIS.....President.
HARRY CHANDLER.....Vice President and General Manager.
L. E. MOSHER.....Managing Editor.
ALBERT MC FARLAND.....Treasurer.

Office: Times Building, First and Broadway.
Counting Room and Subscription Department, first floor.....Maine 23
City Editor and news room, second floor.....Maine 61
Western Bureau—46 Post Building.
Eastern Agents—Williams & Lawrence, 50 Tribune Bldg., New York; 87 Washington St., Chicago

Founded Dec. 4, 1881.

Eighteenth Year.

The Los Angeles Times

Every Morning in the Year.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT SERVICE—OVER 13,000 MILES OF LEASED WIRES AND FROM 18,500 TO 28,000 WIRED WORDS DAILY.

DAILY AND SUNDAY, 75 cents a month, or \$9.00 a year; DAILY WITHOUT SUNDAY, \$7.50 a year; SUNDAY, \$2.50; WEEKLY, \$1.50.

Sworn Circulation: 18,000
Daily Net Average for 1898.....18,253
Daily Net Average for 1897.....19,253
Daily Net Average for 1896.....20,531

NEARLY 800,000 COPIES A MONTH.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

BURBANK—Elizabeth, Queen of England. (Matinee, Camille.)
LOS ANGELES—Yon Yonson. (Matinee.)
ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.

PRICE OF THE MIDWINTER NUMBER.

The following table shows the prices of the Midwinter Number, both with and without postage:

	Without U. S. postage.	With U. S. postage.
Single copies	\$.10	\$.12
2 copies	.20	.25
3 "	.25	.30
4 "	.35	.40
5 "	.50	.60
6 "	.75	.84
12 "	1.00	1.13

The issue for 1899 is larger and more costly than any previous special issue of The Times. The weight of the three magazine parts, including cover, is thirteen ounces.

The weight of the complete paper, including news sheets, is nineteen ounces. Postage on this issue will be five cents when all parts are mailed together. If the two news sheets are not included the postage will be four cents.

HUNTINGTON'S MAN.

If there had been any doubt as to the influence back of Dan Burns in his brazen aspiration to an honorable seat in the United States Senate, that doubt has been removed by the bold and uncompromising announcement of Collis P. Huntington that "Burns will be the next Senator from California," that "no compromise in this matter is possible," etc., etc.

This aggressive, arrogant, and defiant announcement by Huntington should be regarded by the people of California, and by the men chosen to represent them in the State Legislature, as a gage of battle. It should, and it doubtless will, excite strong resentment from one end of the State to the other. Huntington's declaration has precipitated an issue between the people and the Southern Pacific railway corporation of Kentucky. That issue, reduced to its simplest terms, is this: Is it the province of the people of California, through their Legislature, to elect a United States Senator, or is it the province of the Southern Pacific Railway corporation to choose the next United States Senator from California?

The issue is simple. It is without frills. It is an old question in a new garb. Are the people to govern themselves, or are they to be governed by Collis P. Huntington and his henchmen?

This is the real question which the Senatorial fight at Sacramento presents. There should be honor and manhood enough in the California Legislature to settle this question without further delay, and to settle it right—in favor of the people and against Collis P. Huntington and the unscrupulous corporation of which he is the head, front, and hind end.

Dan Burns is not the real enemy whom the people are called upon to do battle against in this contest. He is a mere figurehead—a puppet which must perform when his master pulls the string. Let the people remember this fact. Let the Legislature of California, in its collective capacity, remember it. Let each and every individual member of the Legislature remember it.

If Dan Burns should be made the next Senator from California, not a man in the Legislature who becomes instrumental, by vote or ballot, in placing so unworthy a man in so exalted a position, will be forgotten by the people. Every man who votes for Burns will be branded with indelible infamy. Men who insist upon casting reproach and disgrace upon the State must be made to bear the responsibility for their action. So far as The Times is concerned, it will take good care that the names of men who vote for Burns be "kept before the people."

We shall soon know whether Collis P. Huntington is greater than the people of the imperial commonwealth of California.

English capital seems to be fully as appreciative of the opportunities for investment in Cuba as is American capital. Investments from the two countries placed side by side, will be a considerable factor in maintaining relations of harmony.

After all the "beefing" in the army there is not much probability of a court-martial.

A HOLLOW PRETENSE.

With a pharisaical pretense at political virtue, the Evening Express emits a lengthy, if not learned, dissertation on the subject of legislators who, it asserts, are "playing with the people." It declares that "there are men who are secretly pledged to the Burns candidacy, but who are ashamed to vote for him at the start," but who intend to vote for him at the end of the contest, with the idea that by thus voting they will "incur less condemnation." These men the Evening Organette denounces in good, set terms, as enemies of the commonwealth, and as persons fit for treason, stratagem and spoils, or words to that effect.

Very likely there are some men in the Legislature who will round up in the Burns camp later on in the contest; but there are excellent reasons for the belief that they are few in number. Denunciation of any and all legislators who cast their ballots for so unsuitable and unfit a candidate as Burns is commendable and right if it is inspired by sincere and righteous motives. But such denunciation comes with rather bad grace from an organ that is cheek-by-jowl with men who are known to be agents and tools of the Southern Pacific political machine, of which Dan Burns is a conspicuous and important part. Denunciation of Burns is not likely to be accepted by the public as genuine when it comes from a journal which is indirectly aiding his candidacy by urging Mr. Bulla to continue a hopeless struggle, which serves only to divide the anti-Burns forces, and to make the election of Burns a possibility.

Bulla has already lost two of his original eleven votes. He will lose others, rather than gain them, as the contest proceeds. If he had the political wisdom to perceive the opportunity before him in the present crisis, he would urge his supporters to throw their strength to the only present candidate who has a chance to win, and who has led all other Republican candidates thus far in the contest. The accession of the Bulla votes would give to Mr. Grant a lead and a prestige which would be very likely to elect him. He would be so far in the lead that other votes would be certain to come to his standard, and it is not unlikely that a number of Democratic votes could be counted upon when it should become apparent that if cast for Grant they would save the State from the disgrace of electing Burns to the United States Senate.

The War Investigation Commission took the proper course yesterday in censuring Gen. Eagan and returning to him the statement he presented as his testimony before that body. The statement was so coarse and rowdyish in character as to be little short of insulting to the commission. Eagan made a disgraceful exhibition of himself and ought to be court-martialed.

If the nations of the earth continue to increase their armies as they have done since the Czar's disarmament proposal was made, there will be an immense lot of second-hand guns for sale when the proposition shall be carried out.

In the case of the polygamous Congressman-elect Roberts it seems probable that it will be more difficult to prevent his taking his seat than to eject him from it afterward.

The Evening Express refers to Mr. Bulla as "the ideal candidate." It is extremely doubtful if Mr. Bulla's candidacy will ever get beyond the "ideal" stage.

Don Carlos's revolution seems to be suffering from an attack of the grip.

Politics is a fascinating game, but most of those who play at it are losers.

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

The Times freely publishes the views of correspondents on timely topics, without holding itself responsible for opinions thus expressed. Letters should be brief, plainly written, clear in statement, and properly signed. Attention is paid to anonymous contributions. Cut it short; the space of 250 words, on the average, is sufficient for the expression of an idea. When the contributions are too long for insertion in full, extract will be printed.

The Voice of the Soldier's Home, "ONE OF THE MANY, Soldiers' Home: By wire from Washington, the members of the home were informed that "the California friends of Gen. H. L. Wilson, more or less, have appointed governor of the Pacific branch of the Soldiers' Homes, vice-Gov. Smith, resigned. Strong letters from members of Grand Army posts induce Gen. Legrange."

Now while Gen. Legrange may be a very good man, and the endorsement of the postal as far as their knowledge permits, may be correct, yet some 2000 members of the home also have wants and desires that are certainly entitled to some consideration. And the desires of 2000 members to be "very fair" stand off against a few letters from posts, that induce Gen. Legrange.

The members earnestly request the appointment of Maj. F. K. Upham for governor of the home, and were a "post" called the votes for the position of the major would not be worth counting.

Of the 2000 members of this home, but few have ever heard of the name of Gen. Legrange. But Maj. Upham during nearly four times that he has been with us, has, by repeated acts of kindness, as far as in his power, to add to the comforts of the soldiers, greatly endeared himself to the members. And his past business qualifications in disbursing the immense sums (pensions and Congressional appropriations for current expenses) make him a faithful man, a full guarantee for the future.

Maj. Upham, knowing our peculiarities (in fact, some of us, through advancing years, have a slight tendency to be somewhat "cranky"), he, instead of a perfect stranger, would be more more to us, and could get far more out of us.

We truly want Maj. F. K. Upham as our governor, and it would be a great act of kindness if the appointing powers would kindly concede our hearts' desires, and permit the major the governorship of the Pacific branch of Soldiers' Homes.

The Times and Mr. Grant. [Redondo Breeze:] The Los Angeles Times shows a sound judgment in advocating the election of Grant for United States Senator in preference to other candidates for the position.

The influence of the Grant family at the national capital is such that California must profit much by sending as its representative a son of the illustrious hero, Gen. Grant.

Bishop Chetard is Dying. INDIANAPOLIS (Ind.), Jan. 12.—Bishop Francis Silas Chetard, of the Diocese of Indianapolis, who was stricken with paralysis yesterday, is reported to be dying this afternoon. He has been bishop for twenty years.

Gen. Wood's testimony that the beef he had was good does not by any means prove that what everybody else had was also good.

Assembliesman Melick is quoted as saying, after accusing Mr. Huber of violating an alleged agreement to stay with Bulla: "It will certainly act against Grant, for now I can never

see my way clear to support a man who can get votes in such a traitorous way." It will be difficult for the average mind to understand just what there was "traitorous," or blame-worthy in any way on the part of Mr. Grant, even if it were admitted that Huber violated a pledge. Would Mr. Melick think it "traitorous" on the part of Mr. Bulla if one of Grant's followers were to go over to Bulla?

The wonderful productiveness of the soil and the marvelous size attained in the vegetable kingdom in Southern California are a never-ending cause of surprise and wonder to people living in the East. They have to see the proofs with their own eyes before they can believe that pumpkins weighing 300 and even 400 pounds, radishes that weigh seven pounds, corn-stalks twenty feet high, etc., are raised here. These facts and others connected with the wonderful products of our soil are put in readable form and also illustrated in the Midwinter Number of THE TIMES.

The legislators at Sacramento might learn a good and wholesome lesson from Pennsylvania, where Senator Quay, now out on bail on a criminal charge, is seeking a re-election. The Republican members, in caucus, resolved not to give him a single vote unless he is acquitted, and even then he would not be sure of an election. Sensible people and decent people are getting pretty well tired of being ruled by disreputable bosses, all over the world.

The resolution which passed the United States Senate Thursday, thanking Clara Barton and other officials of the Red Cross Association for their excellent sanitary work during the war in Cuba and Armenia, was expressive of a nation's gratitude to a noble woman, who has shown England that, great as was Florence Nightingale in the old Crimean days, still "there are others."

The resolution which passed the House of Representatives, died here tonight, at 10:30 o'clock of heart failure, resulting from the extreme weakness due to pneumonia. He was unconscious during most of the day, and death came quietly, without consciousness being regained. All the members of his family were at his bedside.

To within a few hours before his death the family firmly believed, as it has throughout his illness, that Mr. Dingley would recover. While the past few days have given great hope of recovery, the progress of the disease had made the patient dangerously weak, and had severely affected his heart. Late last night and again this morning, Mr. Dingley had a bad sinking spell, from which he slightly rallied.

There were further evidences of heart failure as the day progressed, and the strongest stimulants were administered, but without effect. He failed perceptibly during the afternoon. Mrs. Dingley was very much prostrated.

The committee reported a bill to re-

CROSSED THE RIVER.

ROYAL SIGNET OF DEATH UPON
MR. DINGLEY'S BROW.

Well-known Maine Statesman and Author of the Dingley Bill Departs This Life.

PASSED AWAY LAST EVENING.

REPUBLICAN FLOOR LEADER OF
HOUSE A LONG TIME.

Once Governor of Maine and Many Years a Member of Congress. Story of His Life's Career an Interesting One.

ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Hon. Nelson Dingley of Maine, leader of the Republican side of the floor of the House of Representatives, died here tonight, at 10:30 o'clock of heart failure, resulting from the extreme weakness due to pneumonia. He was unconscious during most of the day, and death came quietly, without consciousness being regained. All the members of his family were at his bedside.

To within a few hours before his death the family firmly believed, as it has throughout his illness, that Mr. Dingley would recover. While the past few days have given great hope of recovery, the progress of the disease had made the patient dangerously weak, and had severely affected his heart. Late last night and again this morning, Mr. Dingley had a bad sinking spell, from which he slightly rallied.

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whichross the Republican party of Maine during the following winter. He threw himself into the Fremont campaign in 1856 with all the ardor of youth and ability of age.

In 1861, at the age of 29, he was elected Representative in the State Legislature, in which body he soon took high rank, was re-elected in 1862, and chosen Speaker of the House at the session of 1863. In 1863 he removed to Lewiston, and with the opening of the legislative session of 1864, he was unanimously re-elected Speaker in 1872 and 1873.

In 1874, at the age of 29, he was elected to the State Legislature, in which body he soon took high rank, was re-elected in 1875, and chosen Speaker of the House at the session of 1876, and was again re-elected in 1877 and 1878.

In 1878, Mr. Dingley was nominated as the Republican candidate for Governor of Maine, and was elected by a majority of two to one against two popular opponents and was elected by about 10,000 majority.

In 1874 he was re-elected by over 11,000 majority, declining a third nomination in 1875. He was one of the delegates to the Republican National Convention of 1876, and served on the Committee on Resolutions and was one of the sub-committee of five who drafted the platform.

He actively participated in the Presidential campaign of 1876, and in the State conventions of 1878-79. In 1878-79 he was chairman of the Republican Executive Committee. In 1881 Mr. Dingley was nominated by the Republicans of the Second Congress District of Maine for the U. S. Congress. He was elected by the resignation of Hon. William P. Frye. He was elected by a majority of over 5000, nearly twice as large as before given to any candidate in that district. He served on the Committee on Manufactures and Commerce, as a member of the Select Committee on Alcoholic Liquor Traffic, and during the session he presided several times over the House in Committee of the Whole. Mr. Dingley's first speech in Congress was made April 23, 1882.

Protection to American Shipping, the House being Committee of the Whole on the bill to create a tariff commission.

Under a joint resolution introduced in the House by Mr. Dingley and passed by the Senate, he was appointed a member of a joint committee to investigate the condition and wants of American ship-building and ship-owning, in the House he presided over the Committee on American Ship-building and Ship-owning. The bill was adopted unanimously by the House and passed by the Senate.

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which phosphorus. This notion that fish contains uncommonly large proportions of phosphorus has now become a delusion. The government experts have determined that the percentage of phosphorus in specimens of fish found in the flesh of other animals used for food, while fish is deficient in materials which yield heat and muscular power to the body, when it is supplied by bread, potatoes and other vegetables, it supplies a diet which will meet all the demands of the body.

As a food, it is particularly desirable for persons of sedentary habits.

It fills two distinct places in dietary economy: first, it furnishes chyle, and second, it supplies the demand for variety in the diet which increases with the advance of civilization. The value of fish taken from American waters every year is over \$47,000,000. Most of this is consumed at home, though a part is exported in dried up oysters.

Shad is one of the few fishes that should be eaten during the spawning season. The way in which the fish is killed affects the market value. Fish caught by the gills and allowed to die in the water, or those landed alive and allowed to die slowly, are inferior to those killed by a blow.

Under a law passed in 1878, the average nutrition of fish is lower than that of meat foods is shown by figures.

For instance, a side of mutton contains 14 per cent. of nutrients.

The Times**THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.**

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Jan. 13.—[Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 33.19; at 5 p.m. 30.24. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 44 deg. and 55 deg. Relative humidity 55 per cent. Wind, 6 miles per hour. Wind, 5 a.m., northeast, velocity 4 miles; 5 p.m., west, velocity 5 miles. Maximum temperature, 35 deg.; minimum temperature, 40 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

DRY BULB TEMPERATURE.

Los Angeles 44 San Francisco 44
San Diego 54 Portland 40

Weather Conditions.—The pressure is falling rapidly along the North Pacific Coast, and a storm has appeared at sea between Puget Sound and Cape Mendocino. Southerly winds and generally cloudy weather prevail this morning as far south as Central California, and numerous showers. The storm is yet too far north and is not fully developed to influence the weather conditions in Southern California, but within the next twenty-four hours the weather is likely to become cloudy and threatening, with probable showers. Cooler weather prevails west of the Missouri River, except along the immediate Pacific Coast north of San Francisco. Decidedly colder weather prevails in the mountains, reaching Arizona. Flagstaff reports a temperature of 6 deg. below zero yesterday morning and four inches of snow since yesterday morning.

Forecasts.—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Mostly cloudy weather tonight and Saturday, very likely with showers Saturday afternoon; no temperature changes of importance; northerly, changing to south.

SAN FRANCISCO. Jan. 13.—Weather conditions and general forecast: The following are the seasonal rainfall to date, as compared with those of same date last season, and rainfall in the last twenty-four hours:

Stations Last twenty. This. Last four hours. season. season.
Europe46 15.44 15.44
Red Bluff20 11.20 11.20
Sacramento14 6.89 5.04
San Francisco22 7.17 4.75
San Jose20 6.22 2.22
San Luis Obispo34 2.54 2.54
Los Angeles28 3.77 3.77
San Diego31 2.94 2.94
Yerba Buena 1.30 1.02 1.02

San Francisco data: Maximum temperature, 49 deg.; minimum, 44 deg.; mean, 46 deg.

The storm which was noted off the Oregon and Washington coast last evening has apparently divided, a small portion going east at a high latitude and the larger portion receding to the west. The pressure has risen over Oregon and Washington in the last twelve hours, except at the coast.

The weather is clear in Western Oregon and on the extreme northwest coast of California. Elsewhere it is cloudy and generally threatening. Rain has fallen throughout Oregon and Washington and in California from San Francisco northward. Conditions are very unsettled, and showers are probable in California Saturday.

For those made at San Francisco for thirty hours, ending midnight, January 14:

Northern California—Showers Saturday; fresh to brisk southerly winds.

Southern California—Showers Saturday; fresh southwest winds.

Arizona—Probably showers Saturday.

San Francisco and vicinity—Cloudy and probably showers Saturday; fresh to brisk southerly winds.

Special from Mt. Tamalpais: Rain; wind, southeast, 24 miles; temperature, 40 deg.; maximum temperature, 40 deg.

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Judging from the array of committees appointed, the Executive Committee of the Free Harbor Jubilee does not propose to permit the celebration to be any half-way affair.

One of the facts about weather prognosticators, which has been especially illustrated since the new year began, is that, like other mortals, their hindsight is much better than their foresight.

If Judge York had needed a precedent to decide that B. Duncan can be a citizen of Kentucky and an unwelcome cumberer of the earth in California at the same time, he might have cited the instance of the Southern Pacific Railway Company.

Frank Wiggins is getting indorsements all along the line for appointment as commissioner to the Paris Exposition in 1900. His success in managing the Los Angeles exhibit at Omaha, as well as his work in connection with the Chamber of Commerce, no doubt contributes to the general desire to have him go to Paris.

The outlook for the new steamship line between San Diego and Hongkong appears very encouraging. The reports indicate that there will be an abundance of freight for transportation both ways from the very beginning, and the number of vessels employed will undoubtedly be greater than first intended. The new line will be of material benefit to San Diego.

In spite of the number of them arrested the hobos continue to be troublesome in San Diego. Really the most effective way of getting rid of them is that adopted by the young woman there whom one of them ordered to get him some lunch, and who leveled a revolver at him and told him to "git." Even a hobo knows that a revolver in the hands of a woman is a dangerous think.

FRIDAY MORNING CLUB.

Interesting Address on "The Modern French Drama."

Miss Kate Brousseau addressed the members of the Friday Morning Club yesterday on "The Modern French Drama." The room was crowded with interesting listeners, and the subject was treated in a bright and thoughtful manner.

Miss Brousseau first considered the early history of the French drama, and the two great schools into which it is divided—the romantic and the realistic. Victor Hugo, his plays and success in depicting widely varying characters, was briefly discussed. Alexandre Dumas and his dramatic scenic effects; Alfred de Vigny, whose object was the manifestation of a philosophical idea; and Alfred de Musset, whose works are the essence of romanticism, were also mentioned. The three great exponents of the new school, Shakespeare was the master whom these writers invoke, but Byron furnished them the models for their characters.

A number of plays by various writers were reviewed in detail, and the writings of Victor Hugo were criticised at some length.

The speaker treated briefly of the theater of today, in which realism predominates, and closed her paper with some sharp sketches of popular dramas which are being successfully rendered in our own country and Europe today.

THE ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING of the Los Angeles Lithograph Co. will be held on Saturday, No. 17, at 10 a.m. in Los Angeles, California, on the 20th day of January, 1899, at a o'clock a.m., for the election of a board of directors and such other business as may come up, before noon.

V. H. CRAIG, Secy.

BEKINS ships goods east and north and saves you from 50 to 100 per cent. Tel. M. 19.

POLICE COURT.

Wenry Willies Who Went, and Drunks Who Repented. George Ernest, Leon Lewis and Ben Glasford, three men who had been pulled out of box cars at the Santa Fe yard by Deputy Constable Frank Lemon, stood up in Justice Morgan's court yesterday, charged with vagrancy. They all claimed to be hard-working men in hard luck, so His Honor let them down easy. He showed them each thirty days in the City Jail, but within the month the commitments will be broken in order to give the men a chance to do a little fancy pedestrianism in the direction of Milpitas. They "have went."

Tom O'Brien, for beggary, got thirty days. On O'Brien, Frank Wiggins and William, each got ninety days for having that tired faced to such an extent that it incapacitated them for any active exertion, while John Walsh, who was trying to subsist on the glorious climate, back-door doorknobs and things, got thirty days. All hours were given until 5 o'clock to get out of town, and they didn't wait to leave their permanent addresses.

Fred Dubbins and A. R. Coblen acknowledged to having dabbled with the girls, but were sorry to the extent of three silver dollars each.

William Hamilton, an old man whose silver hair was hanging down his back nearly a foot, came in from the Soldiers' Home a few days ago and drank too much ginger ale. Yesterday he was found to be dead, with an exceedingly dark-brown tinge in his mouth, and a heavy conscience.

He assured His Honor that he was properly ashamed of himself, so he will retire from public view for a period of two days.

CHARGED WITH ROBBERY.

A Trio Who Had Fun With Tenderfoot Donnelson.

Yesterday afternoon Detective Hawley swore to complaints against Rosa Durbin, Susie Douglass and T. M. Garcia, charging them with robbery. They are the trio who "did the best they could" to help T. Donnelson, an eastern tenderfoot, see the elephant and things last Wednesday night at the Pines House, corner Los Angeles and Spring Streets.

The filled him so full of First-street soda water that he didn't know whether he was a biped or a cancelled revenue stamp, then hired a colored cabman to haul him away and dump him out at an old place. The cabman took him to a local house, where he lay sleeping off the effects of his toot, and getting the kinks out of his memory, he came to the conclusion that his companions of the night before were friends for revenue only. His bill was still several numbers larger than his bill, so he went to the Receiving Hospital for medical treatment. He claimed to have been robbed of \$295 while in the company of the women, so Detective Auble went out and gathered in the trio who had been having fun with the tenderfoot.

Thursday night the prisoners were separately interviewed in the sweat box, but the wiles of the detectives were unavailing to extort any sort of confession from them. Yesterday, however, they claimed to have discovered evidence sufficient to warrant the charge with theft of the money, so a complaint was lodged against them. They were arraigned before Justice Morgan yesterday afternoon, and their preliminary hearing will be held Tuesday morning, January 17, at 9:30 o'clock.

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ROBERT T. LINCOLN.

THE HEAD OF THE PULLMAN CAR COMPANY HERE.

He Tells of Great Business Done the Past Year, and Predicts that the Present Will Equal It in Volume of Business.

Late Thursday night the Pullman car Atlanta, bearing Hon. Robert T. Lincoln, came in to the Arcade Depot on the Southern Pacific overland, and was sidetracked alongside the pretty park, where it still stands. Mr. Lincoln, beside being the son of the illustrious war President, is distinguished in himself as having been Secretary of War in President Arthur's Cabinet, and Minister to the Court of St. James during President Harrison's administration. He is at present chairman of the Executive Committee of the Pullman Car Company, and as such official is practical at the head of that great corporation.

He spent all of yesterday out of the city, but at about 7:30 p.m. was found in his car by a Times reporter. Mr. Lincoln kindly interrupted his chat with a party of friends to see the newspaper man, but he opened the interview by saying:

"I really do not see what I can say to you. I am in private life and therefore not to be interviewed on public affairs."

The reporter said it was his private business he came to talk about, that as head of the Pullman company he must know intimately the conditions of railroad men in the country, and of men of other industries, and that the Pullman business is more or less an index of how other industries are doing, and that as 1898 was a remarkable year in business, his views would be of interest. Mr. Lincoln said:

"The Pullman business was better last year than in any previous year, better than in 1892. The concern employs when running to its full capacity, 5000 men. That many men were considerably employed."

"All the railroads in the country did a great deal of business and were forced to order new cars to carry their freight. It was the orders from the old lines, like the Pennsylvania and others, which ordered as many as 1000 freight cars at once, which kept the company busy. There are not many new lines being built."

"The Pullman plant can turn out fifty freight cars a day, yet the orders from the railroads have been so few from outside parties could not be undertaken with any promise of being delivered in the next four months. Ability is always reserved to take an order for fifty to 200 cars from regular customers, and these are continually coming in. Besides these old customers of the company, we have not had any large orders to come from them in the next few months, making it as certain as a future event can be, that 1899 will at least be as good as 1898 was."

"The company is for the first time since the great depression in 1894, making some money. Profits are not large. There is a great deal of capital in the country, and plenty of skilled labor. Competition in all branches of business is very sharp, and business has to be done on close margins. But the company is making some money."

"The company uses 2400 Pullman cars and they are well patronized. The company is making money and when this is the case they travel. For the current year 150 new cars of this kind will be built."

"Railroads, too, are doing business on a close margin. There are a great many roads, and freight rates are very low. Still the roads are making some money."

The reporter suggested that the roads out here did not work for nothing. To ship oranges east costs \$1.25 per 100 pounds. \$25 per ton, for a car carrying fifteen tons, \$375, and for a fifteen-car train, \$5625, which is a good deal of money to be sent east.

Mr. Lincoln said he did not know about these matters in detail, but remarked that there are only two roads coming here.

This led to an inquiry as to what he might have heard of another road reaching out after the point in his remarks with regard to the roads. He replied that he had not heard that matter broached. Being reminded of the Oregon Short Line extension and asked if he had ever heard who was backing that enterprise, he replied that he had not heard a word on that subject, nor had he formed a conjecture.

He said his present here was said: "I have been in this part of the country several times before, and I like it very much. I like this genial air here, and it does me good. I have been knocking about for two weeks and feel much better for it. I shall stay here a few days, and then go to Coronado Beach for a while. On my way out I took a run-down to the City of Mexico."

"Beyond going to Coronado my plans are not matured."

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

William Wolf, a San Diego saloon-keeper, has filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States District Court, with liabilities aggregating \$424,32. His assets are 235 acres at Temecula, valued at \$325, and book accounts to the amount of \$236.25.

John S. Bellows, George W. Carter and Charles W. Farnham, filed a petition that E. S. Blasdell be declared an insolvent debtor, in the same court. No schedule of liabilities and assets has yet been filed, but the statement is made in the petition that the liabilities of Blasdell amount to about \$100,000, and further stating that Blasdell has consented to the proceeding in writing.

A Tourist's Sudden Death.

H. J. Griswold, a tourist from Men- son, Iowa, died suddenly in his room at Hotel Broadway about 11 o'clock last night, presumably of heart disease. Mrs. Griswold and a number of Iowa friends were with him when he passed away. Dr. Trueworthy was sent for when the first alarming symptoms were manifested, but Mr. Griswold died before the physician reached his bedside. The body was taken charge of by Undertaker C. D. Howry, pending an inquest by Coroner Holland today. Mr. Griswold has been spending his winters in Southern California for five years, always making his headquarters at Hotel Broadway. He had many friends and acquaintances in this city.

Death of R. A. Scherer.

Robert A. Scherer, member of the W. J. Scherer Company, real estate dealers at No. 108 South Broadway, died yesterday morning at 1125 East Adams street. Thursday evening he had a short illness, with typhoid fever. He came to Los Angeles from Taylorville, Ill., about five years ago, and has been actively engaged in the real estate business with his brothers, William J. and Oliver F. Scherer. There was a strong bond of attachment between the three brothers. Scherer's remains will be taken to Taylorville, Ill., by William and Oliver for interment, leaving here next Sunday.

MODERN OMBREY CASH REGISTER.

The fastest, largest, keenest, plain, keyless, portable till; a modern machine for modern business men; prices within reason. Osborn Cash Register Agency, 225 S. Main street.

MUMM Champagne. Woolacott, agent.

TAKING A REST.

Nevada Senatorial Aspirants Awaiting Next Thursday's Results. (ASSOCIATED PRESS: NIGHT REPORT.)

CARSON (Nev.), Jan. 13.—After the preliminary skirmish in the Silver State Central Committee, both Senatorial aspirants are resting on their laurels awaiting the result of the postponed meeting next Thursday. The action of the Central Committee in refusing to endorse W. E. Sharon as chairman gave the Stewart men a temporary set back, but they claim they will carry their point at the postponed meeting and that the departing of the chairman by votes cast from all over the state will make the defeat more crushing. The Newlands side predicts that when the committee meets it will again sustain Chairman Sharon. The Appeal today published a communication from C. N. Sain, giving Newlands' side of a resolution he will introduce at the next meeting of the committee.

It denounces Newlands as a traitor to his party and to the cause of silver and scores him in his meekness and timorousness in the face of the opposition. The Newlands side predicts that when the committee meets it will again sustain Chairman Sharon. The Appeal today published a communication from C. N. Sain, giving Newlands' side of a resolution he will introduce at the next meeting of the committee.

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ARIZONA.

MARICOPA COUNTY CATTLEMEN TAKE ACTION.

Territorial Bar Association Elects Officers—Pima County Wins a Number of Suits—Extension of the United Verde Railroad Freezing Weather in the North.

PHOENIX (Ariz.) Jan. 11.—Regular correspondence. An important meeting of Maricopa county cattlemen was held in this city yesterday, being well attended. W. C. Barnes, chairman of the Live Stock Sanitary Board, was chosen to preside, and F. A. Guley secretary. Various matters were discussed. The action of a meeting held at Tucson a few days ago was indorsed. A motion was carried that the cattlemen should not attempt to secure a change in the law referring to the inspection of hides. It was recommended that the salary of the territorial veterinarian be restored to the old figure of \$2,000, instead of \$1,200, as at present. The rule of the agricultural department, permitting dipped cattle to cross the quarantine line, was read to the meeting. The action of the sanitary board in the past in controlling Texas fever was held in high esteem. W. C. Barnes, stated, on behalf of the sanitary board, that the interests of Arizona will be concerned in the future as in the past. A committee of three on legislation was authorized by the meeting to act in conjunction with a similar committee appointed at the Tucson meeting. The members of this committee will be appointed later by Chairman Barnes.

At a meeting of the Territorial Bar Association held yesterday afternoon, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, A. C. Baker of Phoenix; vice-president, John J. Lawrence of Tucson; secretary, Wade H. Hulings of Phoenix; treasurer, Walter Bennett of Phoenix; Executive Committee, C. F. Ainsworth, Thomas Armstrong, Jr., C. M. Frazier and L. H. Chalmers. Gen. Herring of Tucson, as chairman of the Committee on Redefinition, recommended a bill to be introduced in the session of the Legislature. The association passed a motion that the Executive Committee draw up a bill establishing a Circuit Court, the measure to be presented to the Legislature for passage.

A contest brought by J. G. Evans, H. C. Willis and Joseph Langston, late candidates for the Legislature on the Democratic ticket in Maricopa county, against Winfield Scott, Samuel Brown and J. W. Benham, candidates on the Republican ticket, is now being heard before Justices of the Peace Gray and Kircall, who are acting as commissioners under authority from the District Court. Witnesses are being examined on behalf of the contestants, seeking to establish a case on the grounds that the election laws were violated in the failure to observe the fifth-foot line at the polls selected day, and that upwards of 500 ballots were used that were not in accordance with the law, through an error in printing. The same ballots, however, were passed upon favorably by Judge Street in the election contest brought by James Bark (Rep.) against D. L. Murray (Dem.) for the office of sheriff. The verdicts were all submitted to the Legislature, which is the judge of the qualifications of its own members.

The Capitol Building Commissioners opened the bids for the construction of the Capitol building late yesterday afternoon. Although there were only four bids, there were so many alternative propositions in the character of material to be used that the commissioners at this writing have not completed the task of making a compilation of the bids, although having worked industriously. There seems to be little doubt about the building being constructed, complete, with the money available for the purpose—\$100,000. J. Riley Gordon, architect, of San Antonio, Texas, whose plans were adopted by the commissioners, is assisting them and rendering valuable advice.

Frederick Ward, the actor, delivered lectures before the students of the Normal school at Tempe and of the Union High school in Phoenix today, on the subject "The Works and Life of Shakespeare." The attendance at both lectures was very large, and Mr. Ward's effort is very highly spoken of.

TUCSON.

PHOENIX (Ariz.) Jan. 11.—[Regular Correspondence.] On last Saturday Judge Davis rendered several decisions in suits brought by the county against well-known citizens for money claimed to have been illegally paid them. Judgment was rendered against each defendant for \$107,842 in the case entitled Pima County vs. Grant, A. Avery, M. G. Samaniego, James Fluey and Joseph B. Scott. Judgment for \$94,557 was rendered against ex-Sheriff Leatherwood, the facts being the same in all the judgments mentioned. The question was one involving the legality of the claim made by the Sheriffs for taking care of United States prisoners, the Federal government having entered into a contract with the Sheriffs for guarding, feeding and caring for such prisoners. Judge Davis, in rendering his opinion, held that it is the duty of the Sheriff under the statutes of Arizona to take charge of and keep the County Jail for prisoners therein, and he is not entitled to any extra compensation therefore.

Another judgment was rendered against C. F. Schumacher, M. G. Samaniego, Thomas Q. Bullock and Charles F. Webber in the sum of \$34. This was the amount of salary paid Probate Judge Wood for the last quarter of 1898. The evidence showed that Mr. Wood's books were experted and he was found to have neglected paying into the county treasury a considerable sum collected in fees. The demand for the sum for which he was subsequently assigned to the defendant Charles Webber. The court held that the Board of Supervisors acted unlawfully in allowing the demand and paying the money, as Judge Wood was induced to do, in a much larger sum than the salary due him.

Charles Bowman, City Attorney, has removed to Tombstone, where he will follow his profession. His removal leaves the office vacant.

A call for a meeting of local horsemen to organize a Gentlemen's Driving Club, was not responded to very enthusiastically Saturday evening, and no action was taken.

The United States land court, to be held here next week, will have, at last accounts, eleven cases on the docket, and new cases have been filed, as follows: Agua Fria, Pueblo Vista, Tres Alamos, Boquillas, Reyes Pacheco, San Pedro, and San Rafael de la Zanja.

The brick work on the pumping house of the waterworks system is nearly completed, paving being pushed vigorously in the suburbs.

PRESCOTT.

PHOENIX (Ariz.) Jan. 9.—[Regular Correspondence.] The mercury this morning registered 6 deg. above zero. The drop in temperature was preceded Sunday quite a heavy snowstorm, melting as rapidly as it fell. This was succeeded by a heavy fog that prevailed

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"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

The long continued and world-wide use of APOLLINARIS attests its merit.

APOLLINARIS is the Table Water of Royalty, Princes and our own Sovereign People.

N. Y. Tribune.

DR. LIEBIG & CO.

The old reliable, never-failing specialists, established 1856, in Chicago, Kansas City, Butte, Mont., San Francisco and Los Angeles, in all private diseases of men.

NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNTIL CURED.

CATARARRH a specialty. We cure the worst cases in two or three months.

Discharges of years' standing cured promptly. Wasting drains of all kinds in man or woman speedily stopped.

EXAMINATION, INCLUDING ANALYSIS, FREE.

No matter what your trouble is, nor who has failed to cure it, we can do it. In nature's laboratory there is a remedy for every disease. We have the remedy for yours. Come and get it.

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME. All correspondence strictly confidential or write. The poor treated free on Friday, from 10 to 12.

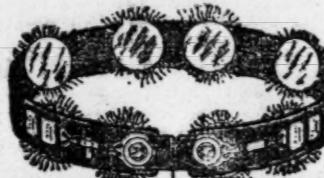
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Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt is not sold in drug stores nor by traveling agents. Only at our office.

The Only Cure...

For Rheumatic Joints, Gout, Sciatica, Dropy, Ulcers of Legs, Kidney Concession, Tumors, and all localized diseases with pain and inflammation, is a remedy that will restore the natural circulation by removing the diseased tissues. I guarantee to do this with my HOT AIR TREATMENT, and if I fail I won't charge you a dollar. Consultation free. Call and investigate.

Dr. T. J. P. O'Brien, the Successful Specialist, 521 S. Hill Street, Hours—9 to 4; 7 to 8 evenings.

Nauerth & Cass Hardware Co.

Builders' Hardware, Stoves and Ranges, Tinning and plumbing. COMBINATION OIL AND COAL HOT-FURNACES.

New Location, 412 SOUTH BROADWAY.

for several hours, the atmosphere then clearing off with a frosty tinge. Some gold and silver quarters have been discovered in the water-prospect drift. This causes the remark from a pessimistic individual to the effect that there is more show of obtaining gold than water. The prospect has been good, however, according to contracts, and it is to be seen what it amounts to.

A corps of engineers has started out from Jerome, it is said, to survey an extension of the United Verde Railroad to the Equipoise mine. It is also stated that the litigation over the property has been compromised and that work will soon begin on an extensive scale. If these rumors are true, Jerome promises to quickly become the largest mining camp in the state.

Operating at the Little Jessie mine has been discontinued on account of the cold weather. The month's work already done under the direction of James Barton, Jr., an experienced metallurgist, has resulted very encouragingly.

The action of the Board of Supervisors in rebating the taxes of sufferers in the Jerome, a few months ago, has created the highest satisfaction among the people of that town, those who had insurance on their property will receive rebate sufficient to cover the actual loss only.

The people of Jerome have practically signed their intention of selecting the Supervisors on the committee to build the new county jail at that place. The structure proposed will be composed of stone or brick and have four steel cells. A woman's cell will also be provided.

William H. Kirkland, after whom Kirkland Valley was named, died January 1. He was 66 years old.

ARIZONA IN GENERAL.

E. M. Doe, attorney for the Saginaw Lumber Company, has returned to Coconino county from a trip to Washington.

During his visit in the East, Congress passed a bill giving the Saginaw Southern Railroad Company a right-of-way across a portion of the public domain. He interviewed Land Commissioner Jerome, who is in charge of the sheep-shearing and feels confident the question of pasturing the sheep in the San Francisco forest region will be settled satisfactorily to all the interested concerned.

It is reported that Sheriff Ralph Cameron of Flagstaff has sold his Cameron Canyon mining property for \$2,000.

The ground is frozen so hard that the teams and scrapers employed on the Saginaw Southern Railroad have been held up in idleness.

A meeting was recently held at Williams to take action on the question of incorporation. After a lengthy discussion the movement was allowed to rest by mutual consent. The town has electric light, plenty of water, and will soon have a telephone system.

It was felt that incorporation would bring little more benefit to the town, while there would certainly be increased expenses and debts.

The next principal officers of Yuma were installed in office on January 4.

Major Duncan, who has filled the position for three years, was succeeded by John H. Shanssey. The Councilmen are O. P. Willis, Ben C. Heyle and Mulford Winsor. U. G. Wilder is Town Marshal, and Alfred Modest Treasurer, and at the vote on Assessments at the election, as far as I am concerned, there was no choice made.

WINDING UP BUSINESS.

PROVIDENCE CORPORATION GOES INTO THE HANDS OF TRUSTEES.

PROVIDENCE (R. I.) Jan. 13.—The Hartwell & Richards Co., jobbers of dry and fancy goods, founded in 1841, have gone into the hands of trustees. The action is claimed to have been voluntary. The creditors, located in Boston, New York and Philadelphia, will receive full payment for the corporation is solvent. The business will probably be wound up.

The brick work on the pumping house of the waterworks system is nearly completed, paving being pushed vigorously in the suburbs.

PRESCOTT.

PHOENIX (Ariz.) Jan. 9.—[Regular Correspondence.] The mercury this morning registered 6 deg. above zero. The drop in temperature was preceded Sunday quite a heavy snowstorm, melting as rapidly as it fell. This was succeeded by a heavy fog that prevailed

...Specialists...

STRICTLY RELIABLE.

DR. TALCOTT & CO.

Practice confined exclusively to genito-urinary diseases of

MEN ONLY.

We are always willing to wait for our fee until cure is effected.

We mean this emphatically and it is for everybody. We guarantee to cure enlarged veins, usually found on the left side, in one week. Rupture and Piles cured without pain or detention from business. Trusses properly fitted. Circumcision without pain. Weakness, prematurity, inflammation, and all diseases of a private nature a specialty. Cor. Main and Third Sts., over Wells Fargo Private entrance on Third S.



It's

Here

You'll Find Bargains

Last Days of the "Parisian"

It's here you can get a beautiful Jacket or Dress at your own price; it's here that you can buy Furs at almost the price of untanned skins; it's here you can buy Capes and Fancy Wraps at your own price.

"Good Bye" prices and a great special Saturday. Don't miss it.

Parisian Cloak and Suit Co.

221 South Spring Street.

A Nurse of Pasadena Testifies.



Thousands of sufferers from chronic stomach and bowel troubles have testified that their recovery dates from the time they were induced to try Ripans Tabules through reading just such an advertisement as you are reading now. A case in point is that of a young lady of Hillsboro Bridge, N. H., who writes as follows:

STOP THAT CHILL...

With a nice nickel plated Star Heater at \$2.25 or a Florence Heater at \$3.50. No smoke—no odor; will heat a small room in a few minutes.

THE FAIR, MAEDER, PRIESTER & CO., 224-226 SOUTH SPRING ST.

PAINS IN
HEAD,
SIDE,
FACE,
JOINTS.

Hudyan Cures

Hudyan Remedy Co., Dear Doctors:—It is now four months since I began the use of your Hudyan. I wrote to you before and informed you that I was progressing favorably and expected to be cured, and I can now assure you with the most grateful feelings for yourself and your remarkable remedy that I am perfectly cured; in every sense of the word a man again. Those who have suffered as I have and longed for relief as I have, know what that word implies, and they can appreciate my feelings when they consider that I have experienced the two extremes of a strong and a broken-down man. When I got your Hudyan I was broken down mentally, physically, and in every way; couldn't sleep or eat well, think properly or enjoy life. Of course, I tried many doctors, patent medicines and electric appliances, guaranteed "cure-all" before I used your remedy, but they did me no good. I had not been using Hudyan more than three weeks before I began to feel like a new man, and at the time I so informed you. I awoke at once and felt my strength returning gradually until today, and for the past month, I have felt as strong and vigorous in every way as I ever desire to be. In my case your remedy has been a grand success, and I cheerfully recommend it to suffering mankind. May Hudyan prosper. Yours truly,

C. A. ALLEN, La Grande, Or.

It is with pleasure that I testify to the wonderful skill of the English and German Expert Specialists. I cannot say enough in their praise, and in order to give other sufferers an opportunity to go to these wonderful Specialists, I feel sure that they are relieved you are reading this advertisement. I have no doubt that they are relieved you are reading this advertisement. I have no doubt that they are relieved you are reading this advertisement.

My head and throat were in a dreadful condition and I suffered until agony from my kidneys. My stomach was affected and my food would not digest properly. I tried all kinds of remedies and physicians until I was almost in despair when I came to the English and German Expert Specialists, and after taking their treatment I was relieved from all my former distressed feelings and consider myself entirely cured. I am a nurse by profession and feel competent to judge my condition, as well as take the judgment of others by profession, and feel no shame in confessing that I am a nurse. I am offering my services to all persons afflicted with my ailments and I shall never allow myself to be without the Tabules.

MRS. M. J. C. PECK, North Pasadena, Cal.

Catarrh Cured for \$2.50 a Month.

No Other Charges. All Medicines Absolutely Free.

Among the other ailments Cured by the English and German Expert Specialists are following:

Bright's Disease, all other Diseases of the Kidney; Diseases of the Bladder, Urinary Organs, Liver, Spleen, Spine, Bowels, Heart, Stomach, Eyes, Ear, Skin and Nerves. Also Impoverished Blood, Blood Poison and Scrofula; Catarrh, Tonsillitis, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma and other Lung Troubles; Tumors, Deformities, Insomnia, Melancholy, Paralysis, Rupture, Dysentery, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Stiff and Swollen Joints, Female Complaints, including Ovarian Troubles; Piles, Fistula, Obesity, Ring Worm, Goiter; Tobacco, Opium, Cocaine and Liquor Habit; Headache, Erysipelas, Gout, Tape Worm, Biliousness, Dropsy, Gall Stone, Eczema, Freckles, Blackheads, Cancer, etc., and Chronic Diseases generally.

CONSULTATION FREE.

English and German Expert Specialists,

Five Physicians and Surgeons—All Able Specialists.

Established 26 Years.—218 S. Broadway—Incorporated for \$250,000.

Office Hours—9 to 12, 1 to 4 daily; evenings, 7 to 8; Sundays 9 to 11.

First building north of City Hall, Los Angeles, Cal.

Test the wonderful merits of San Curo, the new Uric Acid Remedy, we will treat you for one week free. And to any reader of this paper living out of the city we will send the remedies free, but



PASADENA.

LOCAL MINING COMPANY ENLARGING ITS OPERATIONS.

Shipments of Gold Bullion Coming in from Mexico—Young Athlete's Tumble from a Roof—Two Large Funerals—The Farmers' Ball, Annual Meeting of Doctors.

PASADENA, Jan. 13.—[Regular Correspondence.] Another shipment of gold bullion has just come across the Mexican line and is due here tomorrow for the Los Angeles Mint. Correspondents have received second invoices within a few weeks. The San Gabriel Valley Bank is the repository of this company, in which President Frank Bolt, Manager J. H. Holmes of Hotel Green, Col. C. P. Morehouse and other Pasadena people are interested. The recent developments in the company's mines down the San Gabriel River are to be noted. The miners are getting ready to put on a full head of steam. Manager J. D. Thomas will start tomorrow for the mining camps with men, teams and supplies. He is to add ten more stamps to the Los Platos plant, and has just secured a permit from the Mexican authorities for taking a twenty-stamp mill across the border for the Quivicuito mine.

These properties are situated in the back yard of Mexico, and to reach them a two-days' drive trip across the border. The Bullion Bank is necessary. They are only about ten miles from the Gulf of California, and the operators propose to construct a mile railroad to the gold fields in the south and taking ore to the coast. Capitalists in New York, Chicago and Philadelphia are associated with these Pasadena gentlemen in this enterprise. The mining work has been going on for two years, and the result is now a quantity of yellow metal that cause the waistbands of the owners to dilate. If their efforts are successful, the miners expect to they expect to run a boat down the gulf to connect with their mule tramway, and to establish a lively mining settlement.

SELL FROM A ROOF.

Walter Smiley, son of A. R. Smiley, a lad of 18 years, while exercising in the Y.M.C.A. gymnasium, the afternoon of January 10, fell on the roof of the Southern Pacific depot platform, in the rear, with some companions. While frolicking on this steep roof Smiley slipped and fell to the track in a deep cut thirty feet below. He was unconscious for half a minute, one of the best athletic performances in the history of the gym. His friends picked him up and carried him home, fearing he was dead. On the way, when Smiley awoke, he told his late wife having a much younger man, had some trouble about two years ago, and have not been friends since. On Wednesday they happened into the Daggett saloon at the same time. Larkin applied an appropriate epithet to Smiley, to which the latter apparently gave no heed. The two men left the saloon at about the same time, and the next day, Larkin, a much younger man, when Smiley turned suddenly, drew his revolver and fired at Larkin, the ball striking within an eighth of an inch of the heart, passing through the left lung and lodging in the back. Larkin rode out the saloon and then managed to get through the recent storm which struck them on Ensenada. They got to port with seventy-five tons of good guano.

MEXICAN STEAMER LINE.

Rumors are persistent in attributing responsibility to President Butler of the California and Oriental line looking to the early establishment of a Mexican coast line. Mr. Butler declines to enter into details, but does not flatly deny that negotiations are in progress. The San Francisco Chamber of Commerce is learned that three different companies are figuring on the proposition, a different basis, with the California and Oriental and Santa Fe acting in conjunction. The Lower California Development Company is anxious to get in, but has not been able to do so, and it is difficult for the officials of that company and the Santa Fe to get together.

JUMPED FOR HIS LIFE.

It is generally recognized that the Santa Fe will be compelled to plan to establish a Mexican line, and that unless that company supports such a line, at least for a year or two, it will be impossible to maintain the line.

The Lower California Company drew off its steamer S. Denis because it did not pay. But whatever moves are on foot, it is conceivable that line will be inaugurated, in view of the rich trade between Mexico and the Orient, as well as along the coast.

FARMERS' BALL.

Two of the most largely attended funerals of the winter were held here today. Bishop Joseph H. Johnson and Rev. William McCormick, rector of All Saints' officiated at the obsequies of the late Mrs. J. R. Green at the family residence on North Main avenue this morning. The offerings of flowers were exquisite, and the service was exceedingly impressive, a large number of friends of the family and friends.

This afternoon Rev. J. M. Huston conducted the funeral of the late Mrs. N. A. Dalrymple at the home of her son on Colorado street. The house was not large, but the number of persons who wished to attend, and the number of beautiful floral tributes was unusually great, both the widow and her late wife having a legion of friends. The Rev. Dr. C. H. Lang sang. The bearers were Mr. J. Glasscock, G. O. Keudell, George H. Frost, Henry Newby, H. V. Morris and F. Wallace.

PASADENA MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

The annual meeting of the Pasadena Medical Association was held yesterday, and eighteen members were present. Dr. Charles Lee King was elected president. Dr. J. H. McBride vice-president; Dr. J. E. Janes secretary. Dr. Grinnell, the retiring president, read an interesting and informative paper.

The association has a membership of 180. There are eighty-five doctors of all kinds in this city, according to the last returns.

PASADENA BREVIETES.

The economics division of the Shakespeare Club will have its annual meeting on Saturday evening at 8:30 P.M. when President Edwards of the shop will deliver an address on "The Relation of Manual Training to Industrial Education," to be followed by a musical program. A solo by Charles A. Smith and a duet by the Misses Miller were applauded. The Congregational Sunday school Orchestra played.

H. L. Flounoy cut his thumb nearly off with a chair while he was taking a shower this morning. C. V. Hale, his foreman, was with a similar accident last evening, almost saving one of his fingers.

Charles Turner, one of the oldest women in the city, died at his home this evening, at the residence of H. E. Dunn, 1220 Palm avenue. She was 83 years of age and a widow.

Col. G. G. Green and family arrived from Woodbury, N. J., this morning, and will spend the winter at Hotel Green, his Altadena home having been leased.

A nickel watch case, stolen a few weeks ago in Washburn, has been found in a lumber yard, but it affords no clue to the thief.

Mr. Nannie Royal had sold four lots on the corner of Oak and Avenue and Washington street, North Pasadena, to William Dodge for \$2500.

The stockholders of the Lake Vineyard Wine Company will have a meeting on Saturday evening of next week.

The funeral of the late Rev. W. R. Jones will be held in the M. E. Church Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

A. V. Verner is laid up with severe injuries due to an explosion of acetylene gas that he was making.

Dr. Libby and wife have returned, to Orange Grove avenue after a long stay in Chicago.

Rev. Joseph Smale of Los Angeles preached at the First Baptist Church this evening.

Don't forget that you can get a hot drink or a cocktail that will do you good at McElroy's.

Call at the City Market today and see the fine display of beef, lamb and mutton, fresh scallops, baked oysters, game of all kinds, Hasted's Union Market.

McKarp & Hawkins sell Pennsylvania anthracite coal.

Special Sunday dinner at the Arlington restaurant.

Wool underwear. Bon Accord.

WOOLLACOTT'S Bourbon, 1/2 quart. 12¢ N. Spring.

NEWS FROM SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA TOWNS.

SANTA MONICA.

High Water Along the Beach—Wharf Deck Damaged.

SANTA MONICA, Jan. 13.—[Regular Correspondence.] Thursday morning's high water has done considerable damage to the wharf at any time before in the past eight years. For a distance of three miles or more a strip of beach probably more than fifty feet in width was carried away. The ground about the greenhouse at the sewer wharf at South Santa Monica was washed away, but as far as reported the structure was not damaged. The sand which the beach was carried away in places, but those parts can be replaced at slight cost. When the tide was at its height the sea was rolling heavily, so that the broken pounds of sand were upon the deck of the pleasure wharf. A half dozen of the planks were forced from their fastenings, and one of them was split. Further down the coast threads sand, so the space between the Southern Pacific tracks and the water was much narrowed. About 1000 feet of the beach was washed away. It is probable that much of the sand washed from the beach will be washed back again later.

SANTA MONICA BREVIETES.

George Rogers, a pioneer of Santa Monica, died at the County Hospital in Los Angeles Thursday, aged 68 years.

Opposition to the enforcement of the wood-saving ordinance seems to have been abandoned. The city has not yet sent a notice to the owners of places the windows in front of which are in violation of the ordinance, informing them that the windows must be replaced.

The Vrooman-act sewer which is to be laid out on South Ocean avenue will extend between the two bridges. The Arcadia Hotel proprietors are in opposition to the assessment and the company is within the assessment district.

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City Briefs.

ROYAL
Baking PowderMade from pure
cream of tartar.Safeguards the food
against alum.Alum baking powders are the greatest
menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

DRILL FOR GOLD MEDALS.

High School Pupils and Others
Compete in Physical Culture.

Seventy-two young men and fifty-nine men and boys contested for two gold medals in the Ralston physical culture exercises at Hazard's Pavilion last evening. The contestants were members of the High School, and regular classes of Prof. John D. Hoover, and the rivalry was between the school and the outsiders. Both classes were partially victorious, the medals for men being awarded to W. K. Knowles, of the High School, and the woman's medal to Miss Una T. Adams, who is a member of one of the regular classes.

Several hundred persons witnessed the contests, and the classes were all received well and cheered. Both the men and the women contestants were divided into two classes, each class appearing on the stage separately. The first section of the women's class gave one-half of the drill prescribed in the course of instruction, and the class gave the rest of the exercises. This performance was repeated by the men's classes. Following the first drill those members of each class who had received a vote from the judges were called back to repeat the drill, and the classes showed equality, and the entire drill was thoroughly appreciated by the audience.

The competition lecture by Miss Murcutt on "Australia" was full of interest, and given in a happy, easy manner. The country certainly abounds in wealth, and resources to make it great. Tomorrow evening Miss Murcutt will lecture again in Temple Temple. Free to all.

Commencing with next Sunday Rev. W. D. P. Elias begins a course of illustrated lectures on the Orient at St. Vincent Hall. The lectures will be given for five successive evenings, the subjects being "Constantinople," "Egypt," "Athens," "Venice" and "Nuremberg."

The stereopticon lecture by Miss Murcutt on "Australia" was full of interest, and given in a happy, easy manner. The country certainly abounds in wealth, and resources to make it great. Tomorrow evening Miss Murcutt will lecture again in Temple Temple. Free to all.

The explosion of a coal stove in the rear of Ball's Tailored room, on Spring street, at 12:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon, started a fire that might have been serious had it not been discovered when it was. An alarm was sounded from box 37, and the flames were extinguished with our small loss.

F. Buswell, carpenter, at No. 237 East Twenty-ninth street, left his bicycle in front of Mullen & Bluett's clothing store yesterday evening, while he went inside to buy a pair of trousers. He got the "pants," but when he came out his bicycle was gone, as was also his lunch basket. When he had strapped to the handle bar, Buswell reported his loss to the police.

An inquest was held yesterday afternoon at C. D. Howes' undertaking rooms over the remains of George Mock, the six-year-old boy who was run over by a Boyle Heights Tractor car, Thursday afternoon. The jury found that the child's death was due to his own want of caution, the motorman, Peter Reel, the conductor, Tom Jacobson, and the company, being exonerated from all blame.

MORE CARRIERS WANTED.

Postmaster Mathews Has Asked for
Emergency Assistance.

Postmaster Mathews has petitioned the Postoffice Department to give him three additional carriers. Ordinarily, this petition would come up for action in June, but in portions of the city the increase of population has been so great during the past year that it has been found necessary to cut those sections of the city down from two deliveries to one each day. This arrangement would not be of those sections dissatisfied with the service they are given, and has led to the filing of many complaints with the postmaster. In one district, handled by carrier No. 43, which includes Flower street, Grand avenue and Sixteenth street, there have been fifty boxes but in the past year, and now there are increased the work of the district that every night the carrier is obliged to return to the office with a budget of undelivered letters, the rules of the service not permitting him to work over eight hours designated by the law as a legal day's work. The postal department is now very short of men, and it would be considered a hopeless task to undertake to set an allowance for any new work, but the department is aware of the fact that certain carriers are overburdened, and Postmaster Mathews has hopes that it will find it possible to make the allowance asked for. All other carriers in the city can only survive on one day, and relief can only come through the allowance of new carriers to this office, the business of which has grown about 8 per cent. in the past year.

DEATH RECORD.

RENFORT—At the family residence, No. 226 North Alta street, yesterday morning, January 13, of heart failure. Fred Renfert, aged 21 years.

Funeral services respectfully invited to attend, at 2 p.m. in this city, January 11, 1899. Mrs. James Shadwell, wife of James Sharkey, aged 20 years.

Funeral Saturday, January 11, at 2 p.m., from No. 506 South Broadway. Friends and relatives respectfully invited. (San Francisco papers please copy.)

MACNAME—At residence her niece, Mrs. A. J. Keewas, No. 2106 Grand avenue, Los Angeles, Cal., Mrs. D. F. MacName, aged 84 years.

Funeral services at above residence Saturday, January 14, at 2 p.m.

KNUHL—At the residence of Mrs. Phoebe Knobell, mother of Mrs. Belle J. Bogasky, in her 81st year.

Funeral will take place from her late residence, 925 South Broadway, on Sunday, January 15, 1899, at 2 p.m. Friends are invited to attend. Interment Rosedale Cemetery.

MARLEY—At his late residence, No. 1016 Grand avenue, Los Angeles, Cal., January 12, 1898, Robert Marley, aged 72 years 5 months.

The funeral services will be held at the Church of the Nazarene, on Los Angeles street, between First and Sixth streets, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends invited. Interment Rosedale.

MUGRAGE—In this city, January 12, 1899, Mrs. Mabel Agnes, wife of William Mugrage, a native of Pennsylvania, aged 28 years 8 months 14 days.

Funeral from her late residence, No. 2611 Grand avenue, Saturday, January 14, at 2 p.m. Friends invited. Interment Evergreen Cemetery.

EMERY—At the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred A. Emery, No. 100 Centennial street, January 12, 1899. Two sons, 2 years and 2 months.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

Funeral of Eliza Miller, who will be held at residence, corner Prospect and Main street, South Pasadena, January 15, at 1 o'clock p.m.

SUTCH & DEERING FUNERAL PARLORS
Nos. 506-508 South Broadway. Mrs. Spooner,
embalmer for ladies and children. Tel. M. 248.LOS ANGELES TRANSFER CO.
Will check baggage at your residence to any
point. No. 213 W. First street. Tel. M. 248.

MALT Vaseline, \$2.50 dozen. Wooliacoat.

BISHOP'S

Yes—They are always fresh
and crisp.BISHOP'S
SODA CRACKERS.Crisp Soda Crackers in bulk.
Princess Soda Crackers in boxes.

BISHOP & COMPANY

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A Rare Opportunity

WAS OFFERED LAST WEEK IN OUR RUBBER GOODS DEPARTMENT. WATER BOTTLES AND SYRINGES WERE SOLD AT PRICES NEVER SEEN BEFORE IN THIS CITY.

This Week...

We have selected two lines in our big stock of sundries and will again offer bargains—real genuine bargains. FOR ONE WEEK we will give a special discount of 10 PER CENT on our entire line of CHEST PROTECTORS AND HAIR BRUSHES. As our prices on these goods are already below prevailing prices you can see at once that this 10 per cent. means real values.

Chest Protectors, .50c regular; this week..... 45c
Chest Protectors, .75c regular; this week..... 65c
Chest Protectors, \$1.25 regular; this week..... \$1.10
Chest Protectors, \$2.00 regular; this week..... \$1.80
Etc., Etc.

Hair Brushes, .25c regular; this week..... 20c
Hair Brushes, .50c regular; this week..... 45c
Hair Brushes, .75c regular; this week..... 60c
Hair Brushes, \$1.00 regular; this week..... 90c
Hair Brushes, \$1.50 regular; this week..... \$1.35
Hair Brushes, \$2.00 regular; this week..... \$1.80
Etc., Etc.

YOU ARE ALWAYS SURE OF THE LOWEST PRICES ON EVERYTHING IN THE DRUG LINE AT THIS STORE

25c Laxative Bromo Quinine..... 15c
Booth's Hyomei..... 40c and 85c
\$1.00 Comp. Syr. Hypophosphites..... 75c

Atomizer and Menthol and Eucalyptus Spray for Catarrh and Colds, regular price \$1; our price..... 75c

Thomas Drug Co.
—CUT-RATE DRUGGISTS—
COR. SPRING AND TEMPLE STS.

N. B. BLACKSTONE CO.

Reliable Goods.
Tel. Main 259.

DRY GOODS

Popular Prices
Spring and
Third Sts.

Our Silk Special Tomorrow.

We have a number of pieces of Fancy Silk, broken lines of all kinds, from waist lengths to dress patterns, perhaps a couple of hundred pieces in all. We are going to place the whole lot before you tomorrow at the invitingly little price of 75c a yard

Bargains you'll admit when you see them.

They are last fall's goods, regularly sold from \$1.00 to \$1.25, and some even higher. They are mostly in plaid, stripes and checks. Those who have in view new waists, petticoats, facings, linings, etc., should not let this opportunity for handsome savings pass unnoticed.

N.B.—That 45-inch All-wool Black Crepon has been duplicated and we are still running it for 50c a yard. Not a suspicion of cotton, strictly all-wool, 45-inches wide.

OPENING OF..... MME. IDALINE'S Dermatologist, Manicuring and Hair Dressing Parlors,

218 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Rooms 433 to 440.

The handsomest and most luxuriously-fitted rooms west of Chicago. Every lady visiting our Parcels Monday or Tuesday, Jan. 16, 17, will receive a Free Application of Mme. Idaline's celebrated Face Cream.

All work Guaranteed. MME. IDALINE. PARIS, NEW YORK
Take Elevator.

and LOS ANGELES.

We've just received a beautiful line of

**METAL BEDS
AT \$4.50.**

35.75, 57.50 and up to \$18.00. Pretty pat-
terned, neat and tasteful.

Child's Iron Bed, \$10.00.

A great variety Carpets
and Mattings

At lowest prices.

I.T. MARTIN
531-3-5 S. Spring.

Extension Tables, \$4.50 to \$20.00.

Wheeled Chairs sold or rented.

The Only Cure...

For Rheumatic Joints, Gout, Scoliosis, Dropwits, Ulcers of Legs, Kidney Complaint, Tumors, and General Diseases with pain and lameness. I guarantee to do this with my HOT AIR TREATMENT, and if I fail I won't charge you a dollar. Consultation free. Call and investigate.

Dr. T. J. O'Brien, the Successful Specialist, 549 S. Hill-Street.

Los Angeles Sunday Times

SUNDAY MORNING, JANUARY 15, 1899.

PRICE 5 CENTS

THE PUBLIC SERVICE DUE NOTICE GIVEN.

IMMEDIATE VACCINATION OF SCHOOL CHILDREN ORDERED.

How the Work Will Be Done.
Thomas Goss to Be Elected Po-
lice Commissioner.

JURY FINDS FOR BERTHA KOLM.

ALFRED FIEDLER SUES THE PRO-
PRIETOR OF A CAFE.

A Graphoscope That Wouldn't Work
Right—Ramon Valenzuela Invited
to Meet the Supervisors—Miss
Ganz's Wildcat Land.

As the law requires, Superintendent
of Schools Foshay has issued official
notice that all persons attending the
public schools must be vaccinated
within ten days, or be excluded from
the schools. This applied as much to
the teachers as to scholars. The Board
of Health and the Board of Education
have decided upon a plan by which
they will know just who has complied
with the law and who has not. For
the benefit of those who are unable to
procure vaccination for their children,
a corps of physicians will be appointed
tomorrow evening, who, upon the pre-
sentation of the proper certificate, will
perform the service free.

It is almost certain that at the regu-
lar session of the City Council to-
morrow Thomas Goss will be elected a
member of the new Board of Police
Commissioners, to fill the vacancy
caused by the resignation of Mr. Wor-
sham.

The Finance Committee of the City
Council has recommended that the old
city employee who remained at work
several days after the new administra-
tion came in be paid for the services
out of the salaries of those whom they
had read to the hands of the Council
on Friday the following notice:

By act of the Legislature of the
State of California, February 20, 1899,
City Bonds were required after ten-days' notice to exclude
any person from the benefits of the
public schools who neglects or fails to
present a certificate of successful vac-
cination or certificate showing that
the child or pupil has been properly
vaccinated without fail.

In the suit by Miss Ganz against
A. Harmon yesterday is in general
character similar to hundreds of others
that have been brought in Southern
California. She said she was pur-
chasing eight acres of good land for
her son, and when she lived up to the
fact that it was mostly of the wildcat
variety, she was disappointed. Miss
Ganz is now trying to recover her
money.

In the suit of Denis against Kohn,
involving the question whether the
third brother, Herman, was a partner
of Kohn Bros., ended yesterday when
the jury returned a verdict that in
practical effect was a negative to this
question. The intervenor, Bertha
Kolm, was also found to have title to
the same property.

Alfred Fiedler yesterday began a
suit against Harry Althouse to recover
\$5075 as damages and for medical ser-
vices. The plaintiff was working at the
St. Louis Café on Broadway, and fell
through a hatchway, the result being
that he was seriously injured.

The St. Louis Café is the property of
Douglas Pyburn & Co., to whom was given
by the Board of Supervisors the con-
tract to collect certain moneys due the
school principals. The school principals
have succeeded in carrying the matter through.
The sum of \$6999.90, being amounts due for
the years 1880 to 1886, is now on deposit to
the county's credit in the State
treasury.

Dr. C. E. Ellsworth, who was exhib-
iting at the Vienna Buffet with a
graphoscope and graphophone, failed to
collect his pay from the proprietor,
Paul Kerkow, and thereupon brought
suit. The case was tried before Justice
James, and resulted in judgment being
given against the exhibitor of "musical
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At the CITY HALL

MUST BE VACCINATED.

HOW THE WORK OF PROTECTING
CHILDREN WILL BE DONE.

Those Unable to Pay for It Will
Receive the Service Free—New
Police Commissioner Selected.
Important Finance Committee
Meeting.

From the time the Health Office
opened yesterday morning until dark
there was an almost constant procession
of people to and from the place, all of
them anxious to learn how the general
vaccination of the school children
recently ordered by the Board of Health
and the Board of Education was to be
done. Nearly as many more as called
at the office telephoned there asking the
same information. Up to 3 o'clock there
had been more than 100 telephone mes-
sages on that subject, and no count was
kept of the people who came to the
office. Many of them brought their
children, and more than one little one
was crying because the children
believed they were to be vaccinated
at the Health Office, and they were
naturally afraid of what they did not
understand. There seemed to be some
misunderstanding of the matter by cer-
tain of the school teachers who had
notified their pupils that vaccination
was to be done, and most of the people
who called stated that they had been
informed that they must come to the
Health Office to have their children
vaccinated.

At the rooms of the Board of Education
there was a constant stream of people in and
out of the offices all day long, all of
them waiting to see Superintendent
Foshay. These people had, they said,
been told to come there and receive
information as to the vaccination of
their children, and during the day
Prof. Foshay had to explain the plan
which the board will follow. The man-
ner in which the parents regarded the
order of the board varied greatly. Most
of them were willing enough to comply
with the order, but there were others
that must do, but others who did not
know the reason of the selection of
another man. Since the resignation of
Mr. Worsham a majority of the
Council are said to have come over to
the Mayor's side in the matter, and the
other members, knowing that there is
a majority in favor of the election of

the matter to the Supreme Court. He
had been told that the board had no au-
thority to compel vaccinations. Super-
intendent Foshay then showed him the
law on the subject and also told him the
of the two cases which had been car-
ried to the Supreme Court, both
left saying he would have his children
vaccinated at once.

"These people all seem to blame me
for this order," said Prof. Foshay yes-
terday afternoon. "They do not seem to
understand that it is a matter of
state, and that neither the Board of
Education nor myself has any option in
the matter. We have been ordered by
the Board of Health to obey the law,
and there is nothing else for us to do.
The law will be enforced, not because
of any danger from smallpox, for that
is only a possibility, but because it is
the law.

PLANS FOR VACCINATION.

Health Officer Powers was asked yes-
terday what plan to secure the proper
vaccination of school children would be
followed. He said: "Our plan is a very
simple one. Under it there will be no
reason why every scholar in the public
schools is not vaccinated. Many people
think that because they were vaccinated
in the several departments was per-
formed. The retiring employees of the
city had requested that they be al-
lowed pay for this service, which was
actually amounted to 15 cents a day.
Additional work, and other matters as
presented by the Finance Committee
to the Council.

At the time that the new city officials
took charge of their offices it was
necessary that a number of the old
clerks and other employees remain
in the office for a time for the
purpose of instructing the new men
as to the manner in which the work in
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against Millard N. Sheldon; William L. Lorance against Annie B. Lorance.

FLOTSAM AND JETSAM.

MISCELLANEOUS Driftwood Thrown into the Courts.

REFUND FOR ORPHANS. The law firm of Douglas, Pyburn & Co. of San Francisco, with whom the Board of Supervisors entered into a contract a considerable time ago that they should collect from the State a refund on account of the orphans, on commission, have fulfilled their part of the contract. It is now learned that the sum of \$10,000 has been collected on account for the years from 1880-1885, and as County Treasurer Jones has been authorized by the Supervisors to collect it from the hands of the State Treasurer, it will in a day or two enrich the county's resources.

A PASADENA MORTGAGE. The Union Savings Bank began suit yesterday against Belle M. Jewett et al., to foreclose a mortgage on lots 4, 5, 6 and 7, in block A, of the Raymond addition to Pasadena, given to secure payment of a note for \$3000, given in January, 1898.

MACHINERY SUPPLIES. Levi Booth & Sons incorporated yesterday, with a capital stock of \$100,000, the full amount having been subscribed. The purposes of the organization are to manufacture, buy, sell and control machinery, supplies, electrical goods and supplies, oils and boiler compounds. The directors named are Levi Booth, Franklin Booth, Willis H. Booth, Percy H. Booth and Elizabeth A. Booth.

BELL BOY DISCHARGED. George H. Blake, the bell boy at the Rosslyn Hotel on South Main street, was discharged yesterday in Department One on motion of the District Attorney. One of the employés of the hotel raided the wine cellar, and Blake was said to have kept watch to prevent interruption while the other boy's theft was being extracted. The proprietor of the hotel required that the charge against the boy be dismissed, and, as he had been in jail for a short time, that course was taken.

A GASOLINE STOVE. Lou Claiborne has begun suit against Jay D. Steele in the Township Court to recover \$7, alleged to have been paid for a gasoline stove represented as being excellent in every respect, and yet which the plaintiff avers will not burn.

PETITION FOR LETTERS. John J. Joyce and Jane Guerin have petitioned for letters of administration in the estate of Jane Joyce, deceased, who died on December 11, 1898, leaving an estate valued at \$56,000.

TEACHING TO "ELOCUTE." Mrs. Leonora O'Brien yesterday began suit, through her attorney, Bernard Potter, Esq., to recover \$25 from William O'Connor of Pomona. The action was brought in the Township Court, and is for lessons in elocution, alleged to have been given by the plaintiff to O'Connor's daughter.

THE EPPERSONS' TROUBLE. It was testified in Judge Allen's department yesterday that John E. Epper son deserted from the United States army while his regiment was stationed in Arizona, three years ago. At the same time he deserted his wife, and from that day to this Mrs. Roselle Epper son has not seen him. She was granted her decree of divorce.

IN HARD LUCK. Nick Miller was of the opinion that he earned more than \$1 a day by merely being locked up in jail, and as it turned out he was right. He was convicted of an assault in the Justice Court at San Gabriel, and was sentenced to pay \$20 or serve twenty days in the jail instead of \$20 or ten days, in accordance with the law. He chose to serve time rather than pay the fine, and the ten days having expired he yesterday was released on habeas corpus proceedings in Judge York's department. Almost immediately, however, Miller was arrested for an assault in a deadly weapon at San Gabriel, and was returned there during the day.

A TAILOR'S BILL. H. Smith has begun suit in the Township Court against McKay & Co. for an account of the tailoring business of "Gabel, the tailor," on Spring street, to recover \$26 for goods supplied. The plaintiff is the assignee of the Lewis Woolen Company in the matter, and the action is one of importance as marking one more step in the organization of one of the members of the defendant firm. Only a few months ago McKay was charged with cruelty to a horse, but the accusation did not stick. Not long after he was arrested for purloining lumber, yesterday afternoon there was an inquest in the尾oring store on Spring street, and about the same hour the above suit was filed in court.

VEGETATION BOOMING.

Grass Already Making its Appearance in the Country.

It is wonderful how quickly vegetation has responded to the influence of the late storm. A trip through the country now shows that everywhere the grass is already appearing above the ground, and though it is only in small spots that the ground yet appears green, a close inspection shows that the grass is there in abundance, and it is evident that within the next week the whole country will undergo a great change in appearance, and it will not be many days before pasture will be abundant on hill and in valley throughout the State.

The grain fields are not less attractive now. In many fields planted early the first is out, and the growth is now very rapid, and however late it is in the valleys the plows are seen to be at work preparing for large additions to the area of grain.

The orchards, too, are doing splendidly. The rains have washed the dust from the leaves and cleared the lungs of the trees, so that they are now drawing in new sap and greater nutrient, but they are stimulated by the increased inhalation of the vivifying air.

The late storm has done considerable good to the mountains, and the snow is now melting quite rapidly, the water is percolating into the soil to find a place of comparative repose about the roots of the trees and vegetation. Where great fires have swept over the mountains this is not so far for the water comes pouring down from such hillsides in great volumes during the storm, bringing with it a great mass of soil, thereby not only wasting the water, but destroying the possibilities of soil, so that the growth at some time have come into cultivation.

The deposit of snow has been rather irregular. For instance, there is a great difference between the amount of snow in sight on Mt. San Antonio (Giant) and that on the mountains further west, like Mt. San Bernardino and Mt. San Jacinto. The latter group of peaks, although the higher, have but little snow in sight, while the mountains nearer the coast are white.

FOR poor appetite, a dash of Angostura beer makes. Woodlark, 124 N. Spring.

RAILROAD RECORD.

STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

Terribly Mangled Remains from Near San Bernardino—Notes.

Yesterday morning a Santa Fe extra came into San Bernardino and reported that at Alvord, a small station near there, the mangled remains of a man were found along the track, 300 yards from the station. The body was so badly cut to pieces that no means of identification were left. He appeared to be a Mexican, and to have been struck by a train passing there some time previously.

The California Limited, which came in yesterday from Chicago, had the usual number of passengers of any time this winter. There were eighty-three persons on the train.

The Santa Fe has issued a very pretty little book to advertise California. The letter press is from the pen of Charles A. Keeler, and the illustrations of which there are many, are etchings done by pen and ink sketches done by Maxfield Parrish. The scenes, old and new, mining, agriculture, and things of historical interest are portrayed in an artistic manner.

Mr. Brain of the operating department of the Southern Pacific has received a carefully-compiled map of the district around Manila, showing the American operations, the capital of the city, was done by his friend, J. H. Watkins, one of the California volunteers.

As the cloudy weather continues, the shipping of oranges is delayed.

PRISONERS SPRINT.

Two Escapes from the Chain Gang Recaptured.

Yesterday morning a young darky named Davis, who is serving a thirty-day sentence in the chain gang for vagrancy, while at work with the gang on the hill at the corner of First and Hill streets, made the slide and sprint of his life in an endeavor to gain his freedom. He slid down the steep embankment, landed on his feet, and started off as if Satan were after him. He got as far as the middle of the block between Second and Third streets on Broadway, when he was overhauled by one of the guards and taken back to work. He is now wearing a ball and chain.

Another prisoner named Little took advantage of the excitement to do a little sprinting on his own account, and succeeded in making his escape. He, too, was captured at 10 o'clock last night by the same guardsman.

DAIRYMEN IN SESSION.

Regular Quarterly Meeting Held at Chamber of Commerce.

The Dairymen's Association of Southern California held its regular quarterly session in the assembly-room of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday. The object of the meeting was to discuss three bills which are now pending before the Legislature at Sacramento.

The most important of the bills is that one entitled, an act to provide for the inspection of dairies, and factories of dairy products as to their sanitary condition, and the health of the stock, and to prevent the sale of milk and products of the milk drawn from diseased animals, the use of the same, and to prevent the spread of infectious and contagious diseases common to stock, and to appropriate money therefor.

This bill, together with one which is intended to prevent deception in the manufacture and sale of "short weight" butter, and to prevent deception in the sale of process butter, was endorsed by the dairymen.

A memorial resolution was adopted yesterday to the death of United States Senator Justin S. Morrill of Vermont. Senator Morrill was the father of agricultural colleges in the various States. William Niles and J. R. Boal of this

city were appointed as delegates to represent the dairymen at the meeting of the California Miners' Association at San Francisco, January 21, when "Conservation of Water" will be discussed. The action taken on a resolution was adopted in the form of a resolution to the State Legislature, asking that an appropriation of \$10,000 be made to establish a dairy school under the direction of the Agricultural College of the State University.

The Legislature was also requested to amend the Constitution of the State to permit township government.

TO PAY THE PENALTY.

William Lewis Will Not Enjoy His Ill-gotten Gains.

Chief of Police Glass yesterday received a letter from Sergeant Brophy of the San Francisco police department, notifying him of the conviction, in that city, of William Lewis on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses.

Lewis and a woman named Minnie Campbell were arrested some time ago in this city on a charge of obtaining \$2200 from Alfred Overend in San Francisco. Overend became infatuated with the Campbell woman, and she and Lewis conspired to relieve him of part of his money.

The woman reported to Overend that he was in jail on an unjust charge, and that in order for him to secure proof of his innocence it was necessary for him to get out of jail. She so worked on Overend's sympathies that he gave her \$2200 to deposit as bail for her father.

Lewis and the woman then hurriedly left San Francisco and came to this city, but were arrested and sent back to answer the charge.

THINGS THEY MISSED.

People Who Have Been Visited by Sneak Thieves.

Frank T. Widney yesterday reported to the police the loss of his bicycle from in front of the Bradbury building.

Mrs. P. Yorba, of No. 238 Franklin street, reported that someone had entered a small house in the rear of her home and stolen two blankets, two sheets and one spread.

S. L. de Tar of No. 623 West Fifth street reported the loss of one white Leghorn hen from a coop back of his store.

Merchants and Manufacturers.

The annual election for directors for the coming year of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association will be held tomorrow from 10 o'clock to 4.

The following have been named by the Nominating Committee to be voted upon as such directors: George Arnott, N. Bonfilio, R. L. Craig, Byron Erkenbrecher, E. C. Haskell, W. G. Hutchinson, W. E. Keller, B. Kingsbaker, J. W. Lippincott, W. Marx, C. C. Reynolds, J. Simpson, Schneider, R. D. Serrin, Frank Thomas and Arthur B. Thomas.

At 8 o'clock tomorrow evening the annual meeting of the members will take place, when the reports of the officers will be presented, reviewing the work conducted by the association during the past year, and making such recommendations to the incoming board as are deemed advisable. The new board will meet on Tuesday at 4 o'clock for the election of officers.

Two Small Fires.

A fire broke out at Gabel, the tailor's, No. 312 South Spring street, yesterday afternoon through the overturning of a stove in a back room. The blaze was extinguished with chemicals before it had a chance to spread. D. McKay, manager of Gabel, estimated his loss at about \$600.

A little later an alarm was sent in from box No. 57 for a fire in a one-story cottage occupied by Mrs. A. Benites at No. 754 North Bunker Hill avenue. The fire started from a defective heater and did about \$10 damage.

THE NEW DOUGLAS BUILDING

Corner of Third and Spring Streets.



OUR NEW HOME.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, you will find us in our present store, 120 and 122 North Spring Street. Friday we will be closed all day—moving.

SATURDAY, JAN. 21,
AT 2 P.M.

We will open the doors of our store FOR BUSINESS. We would most respectfully invite you and all your friends to come and see our new store. Its size will astonish you. Its beauty will be a revelation to you. Its valuable stock will afford you pleasure and win your admiration. No special invitations beyond newspaper advertisements will be issued. No souvenirs will be given away. The attractions of our beautiful store, its elegant and extensive stock, a few choice flowers, some sweet music and a most hearty welcome, is the only inducement we hold out for you to come and see us on opening day. REMEMBER THE DATE—

SATURDAY, JAN. 21,
AT 2 P.M.

Montgomery Bros.

Closing Out Sale

AT A BIG REDUCTION

W.S. Allen's Stock of

FURNITURE, CARPETS AND CURTAINS

345-347 South Spring Street.

A Well-Bred Man

Is always fastidious about his linen. He must have his shirt, collar and cuffs faultless in their cleanliness, color and laundering generally. Those who appreciate fine laundry work, and the careful handling of their garments, will test our up-to-date methods. They are the highest on the scale of skilled workmanship in laundry work yet reached.

Empire Steam Laundry
149 South Main St.
Telephone Main 638.

Nauerth & Cass Hardware Co.
Builders' Hardware, Stoves and Ranges, Tinning and plumbing. COMBINATION COAL AND COAL AIR FURNACES. New Location, 412 SOUTH BROADWAY.

Jewelry
NEATLY REPAIRED AND CLEANED.
Next to L. A. Theater
229 South Spring St.

**WHEATA
VITA**
Ask Your Grocer.



A New and Permanent Home for the Koch Medical Institute.

The old "Life-Saving Station," known as the KOCH MEDICAL INSTITUTE, for the past three years located at No. 629 S. Broadway, this city, had been abandoned for larger and more commodious quarters, and is now permanently established at No. 481½ South Spring street the management having leased for a term of years the entire second floor of the building extending from No. 429 to No. 485 South Spring street. To this new "Life-Saving Station," their friends and patients are cordially invited. Better facilities for treating their ever-increasing number of patients will result in better and more satisfactory service to all.

No other preparation of tuberculin or of the numerous serums can compare with this specific in the treatment of tuberculosis, and especially in this case when combined with the great tissue-building remedy, Ozomorpha. This latter remedy is just as essential, if a cure is to be expected, as the tuberculin itself, as it supplies a deficiency which nothing else can do. The management of the Koch Medical Institute refers with pardonable pride to the large percentage of cures which they have been able to record during the past three years. Many of these cases received the treatment over two years ago, and they are still testifying to the complete cures which were wrought in them.

Another source of gratification is the almost universal endorsement now coming to them from physicians of all schools, many of whom had refused at first to believe in the power of any remedy to cure consumption. Still more satisfactory is the fact that they have been able to place this treatment within the reach of all, even the very poor, at the minimum rate of \$10 per month.

Patients can be treated at their own homes and receive the same benefit therefrom as at the Institute.

Symptom blank and treatise on "Consumption, Its Cause and Cure," sent free. Address Koch Medical Institute, 431½ South Spring Street, Los Angeles, California.

SPECIAL

Delayed Shipment of Jardinieres

These goods are more than a month late, and include assorted colors. A large variety of the very latest shapes. You can have them in three sizes.

7½ inch size, selling now at 55c each
8-inch size at 68c each
9-inch size 83c each

Last week's sale of Toilet Ware will be continued this week at the same low prices. The stock is large and must be closed out.

Don't Fail to Watch Our Windows.

Z.L. Parmelee Co.

232-234 S. SPRING STREET,
LOS ANGELES.

SISTER: Read My Free Offer.

Mrs. M. Summers of Notre Dame, Ind. will mail Free to All Women in the World a Home Treatment for Troubles Peculiar to Their Sex.

I will mail, free of any charge, this Home Treatment, with full instructions and the history of my own case, to any lady suffering from female trouble. You can cure yourself at home, without the aid of any physician. It will cost you nothing to give the treatment a trial, and if you decide to continue it will only cost you about twelve cents a week. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. I have nothing to sell. Tell other sufferers of it; that is all I ask. It cures all, young or old.

If you feel a bearing-down sensation, sense of impending evil, pain in the back or bowels, creeping feeling up the spine, a desire to cry often, but flashes, weariness, or if you have Leucorrhœa (Whites), Displacement or Falling of the Womb, Tumors or Growths, address MRS. M. SUMMERS, NOTRE DAME, IND., U.S.A., for the FREE TREATMENT and Full Information. Thousands besides myself have cured themselves with it. I send it in plain wrappers.

TO MOTHERS OF DAUGHTERS I will explain a simple Home Treatment which speedily and effectually cures Leucorrhœa; Green Sickness and Painful or Irritable Menstruation in young ladies. It will cure your daughter the humiliation of explaining her troubles to others. Plumpness and health always result from its use.

HOW THEY LOVE US.

ENGLAND AND RUSSIA NEED OUR CO-OPERATION.

That is, Neither Wants the Other to Have it in the Far East, and Says So.

AGAINST THE TRADES UNION.

BRITISH EMPLOYERS FORMING A GIGANTIC COMBINATION.

Firm Fighting a Strike Will Receive Indemnity—Week's Happenings in the Right Little, Tight Little Isle.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.)
LONDON, Jan. 14.—[Special cable letter. Copyrighted, 1899.] When the American correspondents succeeded in impressing upon the British mind that Senator Foraker in his recent speech in the United States Senate spoke only for himself when he suggested that the United States might eventually withdraw from the Philippines, a distinct sigh of relief might have been read between the lines of the newspapers. Every one here assumed that because the Senator was from the President's State he spoke for the President, and the declaration made, not only succeeded in giving British public officialdom an unpleasant shock, but it felt like a dash of cold water on the ardor of the British for an Anglo-American understanding. They began to question what was the profit of this friendship. If America did not propose to back up Great Britain's policy in the Far East by retaining the most important base of operations in the event of war over China.

The incident has illustrated how deeply the late war has left the United States entangled in the world's policies, for one of the foremost arguments advanced against Senator Foraker's suggestion was, that the United States owed it to the world not to disturb the balance of power, and not to furnish a possible subject for war by throwing the Philippines into the field to be scrammed for by the colonizing nations.

Leading editorial writers fell to proclaiming most strenuously that America's duty to the world at large, as well as to the Filipinos, should constrain the British to content, and throughout the British press and in the club rooms and streets only one voice was heard. The principle of the consent of the governed, all contended, does not apply to people who are incapable of forming a rational opinion upon which to base their content, and that the United States stood in the place of parent to the Filipinos, and must reluctantly chastise her rebellious children for their own good. Many drew a parallel from the so-called colonization of the South into the Union.

EMPLOYERS COMBINE.

The power of the trades union is gone, so far as Great Britain is concerned. The British employers are forming a gigantic combination to fight the workmen with their own weapons. The engineering federation, which purports to represent the entire, has invited employers in all the trades to "crush the tyranny" of trades unionism. One object of the combination is to secure legislation favorable to the employers. The Rail-road Report says that one firm has placed £25,000 at the disposal of the organization's parliamentary committee, though how it could be expended legitimately does not appear. If such a thing happened in America it would be called a "corruption fund."

The second object of the organization is to secure for employers freedom to make contracts with individuals instead of with the unions. The employers pledge themselves not to negotiate directly with strikers, but to deal through the committee of the organization. The backbone of the scheme is found in the fact that by which a firm fighting a strike will receive indemnity equal to its average profits. Even the Daily Chronicle, the workingman's organ, warns the labor leaders that they have been carrying matters a little too high handed a manner, and admits that the standard day's work fixed by the unions is below the capacity of the average man. The chronicle admits that there are many workers living on the union funds who could get employment if they choose.

BOOKWALTER ON RUSSIA.

John W. Bookwalter of Ohio, whose views on Russia were published in a dispatch from here to the Associated Press under date of January 22, is returning to the United States with the intention of writing a book describing his three months' travels in Siberia. Incidentally, this work will be a plea for an American alliance with Russia instead of Great Britain. He says his observations in this country have strengthened his pro-Russian views, and adds:

THE Wonder Millinery
219 SOUTH SPRING ST.
MEYER BROS.
SUCCESSIONS TO
ED ZOBEL & CO.

Our Great Eighth Semi-Annual Half-Price Sale Begins Tomorrow.

This is the sale that hundreds of women wait for every season. This is the sale where Fifty Cents buys a dollar's worth of Millinery. This is the sale that only comes twice each year. This is the sale that is never matched by any other store.



All Trimmed Hats at Exactly Half Price.
All Walking Hats at Exactly Half Price.
All Sailor Hats at Exactly Half Price.
All Untrimmed Hats at Exactly Half Price.
All Fancy Feathers at Exactly Half Price.
All Hat Trimmings at Exactly Half Price.
All Fancy Velvets at Exactly Half Price.

Our Trimmed Hats are full of bright, smart, clever touches. These are not hats that have been dragging in the store all the season, but a bright, freshened stock. Not a hat in it being over 35 days old. We give you, tomorrow, double the style for half the price.

THE Wonder Millinery
219 SOUTH SPRING ST.
MEYER BROS.
SUCCESSIONS TO
ED ZOBEL & CO.

with the continent. Dover Harbor has been practically unable to compete on account of the so-called improvement works, and the continental mails have thus been badly delayed. The authorities of Folkestone tried pouring oil on the water at the entrance of the harbor. The experiment was very successful and the mail boats were able to approach with the greatest ease.

SMART ENTERTAINMENTS.

The leading ball of the winter season was given at the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire's seat, Chatsworth House, Derbyshire, on Thursday evening. Everything was on a gorgeous scale. The Duke and Duchess of Marlborough entertained Mr. and Mrs. George W. Vanderbilt at Blenheim early in the week.

QUEEN PRESENTS MEDALS.

There was an interesting ceremony at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this week. Queen Victoria presented medals for distinguished service in the field to a group of Omdurman warriors, most of them non-commissioned officers. Her Majesty was wheeled into a green room, where the soldiers were drawn up in a line. Then each recipient knelt and the Queen pinned a medal on his breast. She also questioned the wounded concerning their experiences.

BANQUET TO MATHIAS.

Col. Mathias, the hero of Dargai, where, after a stirring appeal to his men, he led his Gordon Highlanders to storm the heights, has been given a present by the Caledonian Club, at which the Prince of Wales was present and in a neat speech warmly endorsed the admiration expressed by Col. Mathias for the Indian troops.

ROBERT PATE'S CANE.

The can with which Robert Pate, retired lieutenant, attacked the Queen in 1850, inflicting a wound upon Her Majesty, the scar of which she still carries, was advertised to be sold at auction this week, but the owner received an official communication from Osborne, in consequence of which he withdrew the cane from sale. Pate, who was sentenced to transportation for seven years for his assault upon Her Majesty, died in 1855.

PLEA FOR PAUNCEFOTE.

Truth this week compares the diplomatic career of Sir Julian Pauncefote, British Ambassador at Washington, with that of Sir Philip W. Currie, British Ambassador to Italy. In connection with the latter's elevation to the peerage, to the advantage of the former it says, "It is difficult to explain why a peerage should be conferred upon Sir Julian." Sir Julian is ignored, adding, "Sir Julian Pauncefote has now held his present position nearly ten years, during all of which he has exceptionally distinguished himself."

SIR TATTON AND LADY SYKES.

The painful litigation involving Sir Tatton and Lady Sykes, which has so scandalized London, owing to the charges of forgery with which it is bristled, has come to an end. The parties have agreed to a decree of separation, and Sir Tatton is about to leave England for Mexico.

BEAUMONT'S MISSION.

Sir Admiral Lewis Anthony Beaumont will go out in the Wasprite to relieve Rear Admiral Henry St. Leger Pailster, commander-in-chief on the Pacific station since 1896, whose time in the Pacific will be up on March 5.

WORKMEN'S UNIONS.

Mr. Inskip, secretary of the Boot and Shoe Operative Union, who has returned from his official mission as a delegate to the Kansas City convention, thinks workers in Great Britain better off than those in the United States. American workmen, in his opinion, have much to learn from their English con-

freres in organization. The feeling for trade unionism is not strong in America, however, that he is convinced that eventually, at least, 90 per cent. of the workers will enroll themselves.

OUR PETROLEUM FAILS.

It is announced that the British authorities have just concluded a series of trials of the use of American petroleum as fuel for warships, and that the experiment has been a failure. Russian petroleum will now be tried.

WAR AGAINST WAR.

William T. Stead's new paper intended to be the mouthpiece of his disarmament movement, entitled War Against War, made its appearance today. It is not a very striking production. Its chief feature being communications from sympathizers, including some American public men. Mark Twain has written an article for the paper, one of which is characteristic of the author. He says: "The Czar is in favor of disarmament and so am I. There ought to be no difficulty about the rest of the world."

A JOURNEY IN AFRICA.

Probably there has been no such interest circling around the African travelers and geographers since the time of Henry M. Stanley's expedition, as this week's of a young and hitherto unknown Englishman, Albert Bushnell Lloyd from Central Africa, after a record journey of three months through the heart of Africa to London, traveling over Stanley's route down the Aruwimi River, the banks of which are lined with war-like cannibals, who have never heard of the principles of self-defense. On the contrary, he was on cordial terms with bog pygmies and cannibals. Mr. Lloyd is already coming to be a celebrity, and has received a number of lectures offers. Possibly, later in the year, after the publication of a book based on his experiences, he will lecture in the United States. His journey west along the almost untraversed path from Uganda was most hazardous. His own friends tried to dissuade him, but then traversed the whole length of the Aruwimi River, the banks of which are lined with war-like cannibals, who have never heard of the principles of self-defense. On the contrary, he was on cordial terms with bog pygmies and cannibals. Mr. Lloyd is already coming to be a celebrity, and has received a number of lectures offers. Possibly, later in the year, after the publication of a book based on his experiences, he will lecture in the United States. His journey west along the almost untraversed path from Uganda was most hazardous. His own friends tried to dissuade him, but then traversed the whole length of the Aruwimi River, the banks of which are lined with war-like cannibals, who have never heard of the principles of self-defense. On the contrary, he was on cordial terms with bog pygmies and cannibals. Mr. Lloyd is already coming to be a celebrity, and has received a number of lectures offers. 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EVENTS IN SOCIETY.

J. Edington, A. Carlson, Misses Caty, Compton, Owens, Palmer.

Two brilliant January weddings were solemnized last week, and it is rumored that others will take place during the month. The first was that of Miss Edith Adele Albers, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Albers, to Lieut. Bert Harmon Merchant, which was celebrated last Wednesday at the home of the bride's parents, No. 2646 Menlo avenue. The young lieutenant and his bride left that evening for San Francisco, en route to Havana, Cuba, where the groom goes to join his command.

The other marriage, which united well-known young society people, Miss Katherine Johnson and Frederick Wilson Flint, Jr., was solemnized Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Johnson, Orange Heights. The bride, who is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Johnson, has received in Los Angeles a number of years, and is a favorite among the distinctively social set. The groom is well-known in the social and business world, and has made Los Angeles his headquarters for the past two years. Mr. and Mrs. Flint will spend a few weeks in San Francisco, and upon their return will reside at No. 943 Burlington avenue, and will be at home the first and third Fridays in March.

Another social function, which has not been mentioned during the week, was the reception given by Miss Maude Muller Newell, on Tuesday evening at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Newell, No. 401 West Second street. Miss Bird Chanslor and Miss Helen Eaton assisted in receiving and entertaining the guests, numbering about one hundred. Miss Newell wore an exquisite gown of yellow organdy, trimmed with lace and ribbons; Miss Eaton a gown of white organdy and lace, made over a black net over pale blue silk. During the entire evening delightful music was furnished by Wismers orchestra, and refreshments were served under the direction of Mrs. Muller. The house was attractively decorated. The entrance hall was decorated with peacock feathers and berries, which were twined about the stair casing, and brilliant poinsettias and stocks of papyrus were arranged in the nooks and corners. The parlor was ornamented with geraniums, poinsettias, sun ferns, and dotted palms, arranged over the doorway, windows and twined about the chandeliers. The same decorative effect was carried out in the library. In the dining-room the mantel and buffet were banked high with ferns, carnations and poinsettias. The center pieces on the table consisted of peacock feathers, and at either end was a handsome bouquet of red carnations and ferns. Ropes of smilax were brought from the chandeliers to the four corners of the table, where they were held with bows of red satin ribbons. Red and green predominated everywhere, and the lights were subdued in red shades. The reception was in the nature of an "at home" following the large reception given recently at Kramer's Hall by Misses Newell, Chanslor and Eaton, and was one of the most brilliant social functions of the winter season.

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The dance given by the Young Ladies' Society, complimentary to the Berkeley Glee Club, was largely attended, and the following well-known society ladies acted as patronesses: Misses I. N. Van Nuy, J. Ross Clark, F. B. Brown, Cameron E. Thom, Theodore F. Carwell, W. L. Graves. The only decorations were blue and gold ornaments, the word "W.H.Y.L.S." on them in gold letters, blue and gold being the club colors. Besides the Berkeley boys there were present: Misses Isabel Goden, Nora Sterry, Helen Eaton, Rowena Moore, Daisy Moore, Gussie Dunkelberger, Fannie Baker, Louise Burke, Beatrice Wigmore, Violet Wigmore, Elizabeth Shanks, Mabel Garnsey, Elizabeth Mitchell, Virginia Dryden, Florence Nolan, Julia Mercereau, Havens McCloud, Ivy Shaeffer, Georgia Knight, Georgia Caswell, Orrilla Donnell, Irene Stephens, Adelaide Brown, Alma Foy, Jetta Then, Geneva Demming, Alma Nettie, the wife of Mr. and Mrs. Van Nuy, Juliet Carroll, Helen Clark, Henrietta Janiss, Labina Burks, Nellie Newby, Florence Silent, Blanche Donnell, Louise McFarland, Elizabeth Alexandre; Misses Winthrop Blackstone, Ralph Day, William Stephens, Albert Stephens, Harry Van Dyke, William L. Miller, Robert R. Riddle, Charles Leyler, Norman Sterry, Vola Craig, Will Innes, Russell Taylor, Paul Burks, George Spence, Otto Wedemeyer, Rae Smith, Emil Knecht, Fred Engstrom, Clay Gooding, Glen Edmund, Vance Anderson, Otto Gottschall, Lester Knecht, Norman Pierce, Robert Knecht, and Vernon Hermon, Gustave Knecht, Kay Crawford, M. Cloud, W. Burnett, Fielding Stiles, Thomas O'Hara, Homer Donnell, Warren Carhart, Glover Widney, Albert Cook, Russ Avery, Guy Lewis.

A delightful little party was given Friday evening by Mrs. McIntire of No. 682 West Thirty-seventh street, in honor of her daughter's birthday. The guests were few, and were dressed in pink and white, with some choice cut flowers, ferns and roses. Refreshments were served, and the evening spent with music and games. Those present were Misses Mayme McIntire, Lotta Dobson, Mary Wild, Edith Mendenhall, Mary Joseph, Margaret Maxwell, Maeve O'Farrell, Clarence Joseph, Milton E. Canfield, Frank Hibben, George Gibbs and Robert T. Bowditch.

Mrs. J. M. Hardwick entertained at dinner yesterday at her home on Howard's Summit. The affair was in honor of the birthday anniversary of her husband. The table was decorated with candles, poinsettias and roses. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Bowditch, Mr. C. W. Kent, Mr. T. J. Owsen, Mr. and Mrs. J. West, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Lakey, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Dunn, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Weaver,

Rankin, Roy Whittington, Lair Brown, Carl Fay, James Gibson, Lloyd Thayer, Carl Borchardt, Smith Bacon, Francis Bacon, Hildegardine Payne, Willis Payne, Sidney Salkey, Norman Salkey.

The regular weekly card party was given the guests of Gray Gables Thursday evening. Progressive euchre was played and prizes awarded. Mrs. Salkey received ladies first, and men's first was awarded. Mr. and Mrs. Consolation prizes fell to Miss Gray and Dr. Wilson. Following the games music was contributed by the guests of the house.

There was a jolly surprise given Mrs. C. H. Hooser Wednesday evening at her home, No. 1712 Main street, in honor of her birthday. The house was decorated with carnations, roses and English ivy. Games and dancing were participated in until a late hour, when refreshments were served. Guests present were Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Hooser, Mrs. A. W. Bragg, Misses Rose Bourchard, Maude M. Bragg, Nellie Scott, Elm Fairlair, Nettie Brickett, Wegner, Messrs. Charles Green, Will Yoke, Bert Hamil, Will Johnson, Johnnie Duval and Carl C. Hooser.

Mrs. E. A. Pickrell entertained Thursday at her home on El Molino street, Pico Heights, in honor of the eleventh anniversary of the birth of her daughter, Violetta. Mrs. Pickrell was assisted by Mrs. Elmer Rich and Mrs. Ed. Martin. The girls, Misses Misses Besse and Dorothy Bessey, Dorothy and Marian Holt, Ceile and Midred Boquet, Gladys Rich, Bernice Reynolds.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Edouard very pleasantly entertained the members of the Woodlawn Whist Club, at their residence on East Thirty-sixth street, last Monday evening. This is the first of a series of meetings. Games were played for points only. Frank D. Flint, Mr. and G. Y. Yule, winning the highest number. The members of the club are Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hudson, Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Rees, Mr. and Mrs. Garnett, Mr. and Mrs. Spear, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Chambers, Mr. and Mrs. Alex Edouard, Mr. and Mrs. Shaw, Mr. M. E. Kinsey, Mr. and Mrs. John A. T. Newell, Miss Eva Chaffee, Miss Lucy Rees, Messrs. R. W. Kinsey and William H. Alton.

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tained with a dancing party at the Armory Friday evening.

Midwinter Cotillion Club will give that of a third of a series of dances in Kramer's Hall Tuesday evening, January 24.

Mr. and Mrs. Donald McDonald will entertain the Alvarado-Street Whist Club Thursday evening, January 26.

The girls of the Hotel Argyle will be entertained with a dancing party next Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Grier and daughter, Miss Violet Virginia Grier, have returned from a pleasant trip to San Diego, and are again domiciled at the California Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert G. de Puy are at home to friends at No. 1336 West Thirtieth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Burkhardt, nee Ebling, will be at home to their friends after February 1, at No. 453 East Fourteenth street.

Arnold Krauss, the well-known soloist and violinist, has returned from a two-year's trip abroad.

Mr. Addison Bybee, a prominent club woman of Indianapolis, has been a guest of the Van Nuys, has taken apartments at Hotel Green, Pasadena, for the winter.

F. W. Reilly is a guest of the California Hotel for the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Germain, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Germain, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. White, Miss Fannie Dreyfuss and Missie Grossman, dancing master and games music teacher, have returned to their home, No. 927 Beacon street.

The many friends of Mrs. K. A. Deering will be sorry to learn that she is lying ill at Mrs. Alexander's home, No. 1726 Santa Fe street, from a severe injury received while riding on the 14th of December.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Stevens of Santa Rosa are visiting Mrs. J. Arthur Reid of No. 227 East Twenty-fifth street, for a few weeks.

Dr. J. C. Solomon, who has been seriously ill during the last two weeks, is improving.

O. B. Poll of Pleasant Hill, Iowa, is among recent arrivals in Los Angeles for the winter.

Mr. Rockwell, a guest of the Hotel Rockwood, has returned to his home in Rockwood, Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. Fredrick and Mrs. Fredrick, who are sojourning in Los Angeles, have returned to their home, 112 South Hill street, on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Dorland have returned to their home on South Figueroa street.

Miss E. A. Pickrell, a prominent banker and business man of St. Paul, and brother of Mrs. Edgar Palmer of Los Angeles, arrived in the city with his family Thursday for the winter.

The Entre Nous Club members were entertained yesterday afternoon by Miss Blanche Wetherell at her home on South Madison avenue.

The meeting of the Nineteenth Century Club was postponed on account of the death of Mrs. H. G. Reynolds, one of the most active members of the club.

The Friday Night hop at Hotel Green was the most successful of the season.

City Attorney W. S. Wright will leave today for San Francisco.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Emery have spent a portion of the week at their home on Orange Grove avenue, having come up from their ranch at Fullerton.

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POLICE COURT.

Petty Offenders Before the Shrine of Justice Yesterday.

The charge of battery preferred by P. Jordan and J. Farnum against Ralph Story and Thomas Scott was dismissed yesterday in Justice Morgan's court, at the request of the complaining witnesses and upon payment of costs.

W. R. Kelley and J. Siegel were arrested by Policeman Arguello yesterday on a misdemeanor charge in allowing the contents of a cesspool to run in the alley between Brooklyn avenue and Bailey street, and State and New Jersey streets. When arraigned before Justice Morgan they pleaded not guilty, and explained that they had done nothing but what were emptying part of the contents of the old cesspool into the new one, when the officer arrested them. They will have their trial Wednesday, January 18, at 2 p.m.

L. Levy, a meat peddler, who is charged with Meal Inspector Hughes with offering for sale the carcass of a calf weighing less than sixty-five pounds, will have his hearing on Friday, January 20, at 1:30 p.m.

George Bennett, a member of the Soldiers' Home, hungered for a new change of that dark-brown taste which comes of the bacon of the numerous relatives of King Biscuit in the search for which he came to the wicked city and ran up against the real thing. Thursday night a policeman interrupted his efforts to perform a cake walk on the street and sidewalk simultaneously, and sent him to the Police Station. Fearing retribution when his name was called in the Police Court, he did not respond, being out on \$5 cash bail. Yesterday morning the officer found Bennett on the street attempting to walk seven different ways at once, and again sent him in.

"Mr. Bennett, what have you got to say for yourself?" asked His Honor yesterday afternoon in the Police Court. "Noz-z-gum, yer honor, let 'er go Galashier."

Bennett was fined \$5 on the first charge and his cash bail applied, and on the second charge he got five days in jail.

J. White, who on Friday evening got drunk and disturbed a meeting of the Volunteers of America on the corner of First and Los Angeles streets, said he was not used to drinking liquor and the two drinks which he took went to his head and made him crazy; he hadn't any recollection of what he had done. In order to excuse his act, he left, promising to imbibe nothing but river water in the future.

John Stickner was charged with intoxication and fast driving. He had won \$100 on the corner of Car and Main streets nearly running down a woman who was crossing Carr street. It cost him \$3 cash.

George Graham had been reading brewery signs, and was using Downey avenue for a kite-shaped track. He will spend three days in jail.

W. H. Egan forced to catch his horse and left the animal at the corner of Fourth and Spring streets, and his lance of memory cost him \$1.

Fred Harvey, William Cassidy and William Clark, who were found by Deputy Constable Patterson sleeping in Southern Pacific box cars, were given ten-day floaters. They floated on.

POMONA COLLEGE.

Dedication of Pearson's Hall of Science Next Saturday.

Announcements of the dedication of the Pearson's Hall of Science at Pomona are now out. The dedication will be on Saturday, January 21. The exercises will begin at 11 a.m. and the program is arranged to interest the friends of the college and all teachers of Southern California. Fifteen hundred invitations have been issued and preparation is being made to entertain all invited guests. Both the Santa Fe and Southern Pacific Railroad companies will sell tickets for the occasion at their own office, for the round trip to Claremont.

President David Starr Jordan of Stanford University is expected to make an address. Prof. Thomas R. Bacon of the University of California will speak upon "Natural Science as a Factor in Education," and Prof. Walter Miller of Stanford University, will speak upon "The Old and the New." In addition to these some of the most representative educators in Southern California have been invited to take part in the exercises of the day.

People Who are Wanted.

Chief of Police Glass yesterday received a letter from Chicago inquiring for information concerning the whereabouts of an old man named Benjamin or George Dilworth, whose surviving relatives and friends are very anxious to hear from him. Dilworth is past 60 years of age, of Irish parentage. He was in California during the great fire of 1850. When last heard from he was living a retired life, and is now thought to be in or near Los Angeles.

Anyone knowing the whereabouts of John B. Fritz would confer a great favor on his relatives by communicating with the Chief of Police Glass on this city. Mr. Fritz was until recently a business man of Decatur, Ill. A short time ago he left home and is thought to be in this vicinity. He is a member of the Odd Fellows, and Knights of Pythias, about 40 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches in height, and weighs 145 pounds.

Paul Used Language.

Paul Derkum, a lad who has been making this earth his home for the past twelve or fifteen years, made his bow yesterday in the role of the blind spotter, or spied over by Justice and Justice. He is charged with being the perpetrator of some sort of loud and unusual noise, turbulent and offensive conduct, using profane, vulgar and indecent language in the presence and hearing of women and children. Paul is charged with neglecting the statutes of the aforesaid manner on the first day of the grand New Year, and on January 7, 1899, a warrant was issued for his arrest, the complainant being A. T. Mead, who lives on the corner of Twenty-fifth street and Western avenue. Mr. Mead is a member of the Methodist church, and it is alleged that Paul shattered the peace and quiet of a large section of Twenty-fifth street. He will tell the court all about it on Wednesday, January 18, at 8 o'clock p.m.

TOMCAT AGAINST COYOTE.

How an Undaunted Feline Won a Battle for His Life.

[Boise City Statesman:] A Boise man passing over the sagebrush plains near Meridian the other day was treated to an exhibition that was as strange as it was interesting. It was a battle between a cat and a coyote.

Plainly enough the prowler over the prairie and native to the coyote nothing of the way of a good square feed. When first seen he was stealthily gilding about, his nose to the ground, searching, as he always is, for something to appease his insatiable appetite. He was surveying the surroundings from a slight knoll, when there appeared on the scene a great company of a bated fellow, who also seemed on a quest, for breakfast, some toothsome morsel, as a cotton tail or a young grouse.

When Tom dove in sight the coyote

A BIG BONA FIDE

Going Out of Business Sale.

More Than 200 Pianos to Be Sold Absolutely Regardless of Price.

The Big Sale to Commence Tuesday.

The public of Los Angeles and the whole of Southern California, for that matter, are to have an opportunity that has never occurred here before, and which will be hailed by many who have longed for a nice, new Upright Piano, but could not afford to pay from \$800 to \$600 in order to gratify their wish. Owing to Mr. Fisher's large mining interests in Arizona, which will require all his time, he has decided to close out the well-known Fisher's Music House, and will sell at retail all the large stock, which numbers nearly 250 Upright Pianos, new and second-hand. To dispose of such a large number of pianos at retail would, at first, seem an almost impossible task; but it is safe to say that there are fully two hundred and fifty people in Southern California who want pianos, and if prices are low enough and terms are easy enough, nearly every one of those two hundred and fifty will be satisfied to buy a piano.

The prices and terms are going to be down to bedrock, low enough to bring a purchaser for each and every instrument, for they are all to be sold, and that just as quickly as the people will buy them. The stock of pianos is a splendid one; such a one has enabled Fisher's Music House to build up its enviable reputation. There is not a piano in the whole assortment, new or second-hand, that is not thoroughly reliable in every respect, and besides the regular factory guarantee, Mr. Fisher will personally endorse each instrument. Among the new pianos there are 88 Kohler & Chase's, that for finish, tone and durability cannot be excelled. They are made especially for this climate and are the result of nearly fifty years' experience on the part of the makers. In the list of slightly-used pianos are such well-known and reliable makes as Chickering, Trowbridge, Sherwood & Sons, Standard, Kimball, Fischer, A. B. Chase, Decker Bros., Haines Bros., and many others of equal renown. Not a single instrument will be reserved. This is not an "alteration sale," but a bona fide "getting out of business," that will be kept up until every piano is disposed of. The terms will be low, just as low as any purchaser can expect them to be, but old pianos will not be taken in exchange. Correspondence from the country will receive prompt attention, and pianos will be delivered at the freight depot here carefully boxed, together with stool to match. Orders from the country will be filled conscientiously and satisfaction guaranteed.

The warerooms will be open every day and evening from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. in order to give all advantage of the great sale.

Monday (tomorrow) the store will be closed all day to allow several car loads of new pianos now in the warehouse to be brought in and unboxed. The sale begins Tuesday morning at 8 a.m.

Remember the location—No. 437 South Broadway, between 4th and 5th streets, in the Catalina Hotel Building.

Fisher's Music House.

smiled a satisfied smile. Tom had not at first seen the coyote; in fact, was not aware that a foe was near until the first charge; when the coyote struck at him. But, quick as a flash, he parried the first thrust and squared for action.

The coyote plunged into the battle, intent on bearing down his antagonist with brute force alone, and this probably saved the day for Tom. This time Tom got in a left swinging blow on the coyote's jaw, letting first blood; then jabbed with his right, bringing the coyote to a stand. The coyote went to his corner under a sagebrush.

In the second round the coyote sprang into the fight much as in the first, and with about the same result to him. The can uppercut him as he did, but the coyote, who was full of left and right, until the air was full of brown-gray hair. The round was furious throughout, with honors clearly for Tom.

The coyote might have been counted out if the gophers that watched the fight had been counting. He deliberated long before coming in for the third round, but his belly ruled his mind, and to the scratch he came slowly.

Tom was ready, and rushed the fight.

He crowded the coyote and backed him over the knoll, planting left or right whenever or wherever he pleased. Finally, after much sparring, Tom got in the deadly knock-out blow. The fight was his, but he took mean advantage. When the coyote was down he stood over him, giving more than the limit of time for him to come up, but Canis latrans had enough.

He slunk away to his sagebrush and Fells domesticus, his back stiff up, with his head over his shoulder to see that he was not made the victim of treachery, slied off to continue his hunt for a nice young cottontail.

Kodak Shot of the Editor.

[Oregonian, Portland:] The other day D. C. Lake came to the Free Press office and presented a picture to us. It was a rear view of a man walking along the street. We didn't know him at all. After a good deal of "pausing around" Mr. Lake informed us that it was a picture of himself, our John, Arthur, who came up with us his kodak one day last summer.

This picture is a disillusionizer. We had been used to a front view of that figure; we knew it when it was young, had grown up with it, and the changes were gradual. Now, however, that we hadn't recognized him. Oh, yes, but that was only pretty; some wrinkles were gathering, but that was deep thinking; our wind didn't hold out well, but then we were no pop, anyhow.

But this rear view, there's something different. There, no doubt, we ourselves into the belief that this is a picture of a spry young man. There is no youth nor beauty, nor comeliness in that bowed back; that gray head sticking forward, those arms hanging out like the unbuttoned sleeves of a Clydesdale's hair. We must step forward and greet the old fellow. "Hello, uncle! How's the old lady?"

TRY our northern table wine, 50 cents a gallon. T. Vache & Co., Commercial and Alameda streets. Telephone Main 308.

A NEW LESSON ON PHYSIOLOGY.

BY DR. T. FOO YUEN.

Ex-Official Physician to the Emperor of China—Of The Foo & Wing Herb Co., 903 South Olive Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

The Functions of the Five Vital Organs—An Original Explanation of the Relations of Each to Life and Health. The Philosophy of Sleep.

A PARTIAL REVIEW OF THE WORK OF THE FOO AND WING HERB COMPANY.

In the Chinese medical books are described all the remedies which benefit the human system, in such a way that everybody may understand. The question then arises: How do the remedies benefit the system? This is a matter that has puzzled very many doctors and physicians. Even the common doctors of China, those who are not very well educated, cannot understand the reason of this. I will explain why this is so. The excellent reason is given in books written four thousand years ago. The grammar of these books is very hard, and the reasoning is so deep that the common doctors do not understand it. He who can comprehend philosophy, Many hundred years ago a few very well-educated doctors understood everything, but they never had their profound reasoning translated into easy language, and they never had their many hundred books condensed for a watching out and separating the essential parts and showing them to all the world.

English people who have lived a good many years in China and have tried to translate the Chinese medical books, have found them very hard to learn and translate. They have gone part way and stopped when half-done, and they have found none suitable to explain them. There is a current of air through the body, which causes clouds, and rushes to the sky, making fog and rain, which falls to the earth, producing vegetation. The sun also draws the dampness up again, which makes more clouds, and rain again to fall, and the clouds make more rain, which falls down to the earth, again producing vegetation, giving and taking indefinitely. The spleen is like unto the earth; the lungs are like unto the sky, and the power keeps going from one to the other.

THE QUESTION OF SLEEP.

An interesting question is: "What makes a person sleep?" I will explain this. The starting point is in the circulation of the human body. It is at and from the heart to the head, and from the heart to the kidneys. There is a current to and from the kidneys to the heart, and from the heart to the kidneys. There is a current to and from the kidneys to the heart, and from the heart to the kidneys an interchange of air or power, between these two organs, which is perpetual in life. If the current of air between these two organs is broken, death ensues instantly. Also there are currents to and from the kidneys to the heart, which manifest a power over the system when the man lies down to sleep. The mind becomes quiet, and then the brain power returns to the heart. Then the second power of the heart expands and rushes to the kidneys, and the second power, or current of the heart, between these two organs, and the kidneys expand and rushes to the heart. Then the man sleeps. The brain and the kidneys make one family.

Everyone who studies the functions of the vital organs should understand that they perform their function by the same power. This power comes from the heart. The blood cannot control the air. You can see this from the blinder, which makes a little hole in the lower part, but none in the upper part for the fluids to enter. And the small intestines perform their functions naturally in the same way.

The lungs go through the large intestine, and the large intestine goes through the bladder by air power. Any one can get the bladder of a cow or hog for examination. You may turn the lower hole up, and although the water may go full inside, not one drop will run down. It all keeps inside. But the power of air can make the water go into the bladder, although there is not enough air to keep it there. Sometimes the small intestine fails to perform its natural functions and does not carry off the water and fluids. Then the water goes through the large intestine and causes sickness.

ALL DISEASES SUCCESSFULLY TREATED—A FEW OF OUR RECENT REMARKABLE CURES—REFERENCES BY PERMISSION TO SOME OF OUR PATRONS.

The Foo and Wing Herb Company is a fixture in Los Angeles. It has won a place in the hearts and minds of the public. During the past year its elegant offices and reception rooms at 903 South Olive street have been thronged daily by persons seeking relief from disease or inquiring into the merits of the oriental system of medicine, for the benefit of relatives and friends. In hundreds of these cases the merits of the herbal remedies have been demonstrated to sufferers from distressing acute or chronic ailments, have been cured and the herbal system, as practiced by these physicians, has gained new friends and advocates.

We present herewith the names and addresses of a few of our patrons to whom we refer by permission. The great majority of our cures are never heard of by the general public. We always respect the confidence of those who are unwilling to have their names published. But some of our patients, who are well known, have had their names published. They are not only willing but anxious to give others the benefit of their experience. Their well-founded hope is that others may be benefited equally with themselves, and by the same means.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.

The herbal system of medication is nowhere more successful than in treating the diseases of women. This is a daring statement, perhaps, in view of the great difficulty of curing these diseases by other systems. But it is none the less true. The reason is that the diseases almost always are caused from remote causes which are not suspected by the "specialist" who attempts to cure them by local applications, and by surgical operations. A proper system of internal medication is the only way to accomplish cures in these painful and often serious disorders. Such a system is found in the oriental herbal system of medicine. The herbs and the remedies used in treating these diseases, are not in any sense poisons. Their action, such as it is, is always certain. In certain substances, which are administered and taken up by the blood, are the proper remedies for these very common diseases. Our remedies answer this description. They have proved a great success in many cases. Among them those of

Sealey, John, Cranville, Cal.

Burrows, W. B., San Jose, Cal.

Caro, Wm. P., Cedar, A. T.

Howard, Mrs. B., San Bernardino, Cal.

McLain, J. F. L., San Bernardino, Cal.

Bates, Mrs. J. E., McKinley ave., city.

ECZEMA, CANCERS AND ABSCESSSES.

These are primarily diseases of the blood and of a poisoned condition of the system. Purify the blood and set up a normal condition, when the organs are healthy. Our remedies accomplish this result. We refer to Warren, Judge E. C., Redlands, Cal.

Cox, Mrs. Helen W., 316 W. Seventh st., city.

McIntosh, John, Redlands, Cal.

Strong, Mrs. Malinda, 310 W. Sixth st., Los Angeles, Cal.

Roper, Mrs. Jenie, Los Angeles, Cal.

Wilson, Mrs. B. H., Redlands, Cal.

Britton, Mrs. E. Ross, 1025 S. Flower st., city.

Long, Mrs. C., Redlands, Cal.

Rinne, Ida, Redlands, Cal.

Kelly, Mrs. S. A., Bixbee, A. T.

Howard, Mrs. B., San Bernardino, Cal.

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Long, Mrs. C., Redlands,

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY

PUBLISHERS OF THE

Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday, Weekly.

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 HARRY CHANDLER.....Vice President and General Manager.
 L. E. MOSHER.....Managing Editor. MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER.....Secretary.
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Office: Times Building, First and Broadway.

Counting Room and Subscription Department, first floor.....Main 29
 Editorial Offices, third floor.....Main 57
 City Editor and local news room, second floor.....Main 64

Washington Bureau—46 Post Building.

Eastern Agents—Williams & Lawrence, 59 Tribune Bldg., New York; 87 Washington St., Chicago

Founded Dec. 4, 1881.

Eighteenth Year.

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Every Morning in the Year.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT SERVICE—OVER 23,000 MILES OF LEASED WIRES AND FROM 14,500 TO 28,000 WIRED WORDS DAILY.

DAILY AND SUNDAY, 75 cents a month, or \$9.00 a year; DAILY WITHOUT SUNDAY, \$7.50 a year; SUNDAY, \$2.50; WEEKLY, \$1.50.

Sworn Circulation: Daily Net Average for 1898.....18,091
 Daily Net Average for 1897.....19,358
 Daily Net Average for 1896.....26,151

NEARLY 800,000 COPIES A MONTH.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

PRICE OF THE MIDWINTER NUMBER.

The following table shows the prices of the Midwinter Number, both with and without postage:

	Without U. S. postage.	With U. S. postage.
Single copies	\$.10	\$.11
2 copies	.20	.22
3 "	.35	.38
4 "	.50	.56
5 "	.75	.84
12 "	1.00	1.12

The issue for 1898 is larger and more costly than any previous special issue of The Times. The weight of the three magazine parts, including cover, is thirteen ounces. The weight of the complete paper, including news sheets, is nineteen ounces. Postage on this issue will be five cents when all parts are mailed together. If the two news sheets are not included the postage will be four cents.

THE STRUGGLE AT SACRAMENTO.

The Senatorial battle that is on at the State capital presents many extraordinary features, not the least surprising of which is the indefensible stand taken by the legislative delegation from Los Angeles county.

The people of this section of the State have been clamorous for the election of a Senator from the south to succeed the able Democrat now holding that high office. In the person of Ulysses S. Grant of San Diego there is presented a candidate who has the votes of legislators from the following counties: Santa Barbara, Sutter, Yolo, Yuba, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, Butte, Tehama, San Diego, Kern, San Luis Obispo, Santa Cruz, San Mateo, Alameda, Calaveras, San Benito, Santa Clara, Ventura, Sonoma, Tuolumne, Mariposa, San Francisco, El Dorado, Humboldt, and but one from Los Angeles.

Opposed to him is Dan Burns, who has not a single direct vote from this section, although it must be acknowledged that Mr. Burns is getting support by indirection to an extent that is painful to the friends of honesty and good government, who can see through a hole in a grindstone. As will be seen, then, in the vote for Mr. Grant, there is a representation of the entire sentiment of the State—not of one particular section of it, but of the great commonwealth as a whole, from the bay of Humboldt to the bay of San Diego, and from the crest of the Sierras to the sea. Against this unanimous sentiment in their own portion of the State, and against the sentiment which practically represents all the people, the delegation from Los Angeles county, barring the nervy and courageous Mr. Huber of Azusa, continue to stand stubbornly and persistently in the way of meeting the demands of the south for a Senator from the south; and for what? For a self-selected candidate for the office, whose election is impossible of accomplishment and whose maintenance in the contest is not only an embarrassment to the cause of a southern Senator, but a menace to the honor of the State.

We beg to ask the delegation from Los Angeles, in all candor and sincerity, this question: Presuming that Mr. Bulla came from the county of Orange, or Santa Barbara, or Ventura, how long would the Angeles be found voting for him? The Times will answer for them—not a minute! And every man in the Los Angeles delegation knows they wouldn't.

Were Robert N. Bulla a Senatorial candidate from any other than his home county, we know full well that the solid votes of the legislative delegates from this county would be cast for some other man, and in all probability for the leading Southern California candidate, who not only leads all the candidates, no matter where they fall from, and who has continued to lead at every stage of the contest, from the first ballot to the thirteenth ballot.

Looking at the matter in this light, one can appreciate how ridiculous and indefensible is the persistency of the majority of the Los Angeles delegation in standing by a hopeless cause and an impossible candidate.

But there is another view of the matter. While THE TIMES does not impute wrong motives to any member of the Legislature from this county, it is cognizant of the fact that Mr. Bulla and the other members of the delegation are being patted on the back, and urged to stand fast by a gang that is at heart in favor of

COLLIS'S CONTEMPT.

It was the tyrant, Nero, who in ancient days appointed his horse a Consul, in order to show his contempt for the people of Rome. It is Collis P. Huntington who, in these modern days, seeks to elect his lackey (whose name is Dan Burns,) to the position of United States Senator, in order to show his contempt for the people of California, and to carry out his selfish schemes for defrauding the public and exerting an influence for evil upon the legislation of the country.

Collis P. Huntington, in his time, has shown contempt for the people of California in a great variety of ways. But in no way has he evinced greater scorn for public opinion, or a more conspicuous disregard for the public good, than is manifested in his pending scheme to foist the unspeakable Burns upon the people of California as their representative in the United States Senate. The superlative of gall, the extreme of presumption, is embodied in this attempt to bungle the people of this commonwealth, and the people of the entire nation.

A great and imperative duty rests upon the Legislature of this State. That duty is, first, to defeat the Burns-Huntington conspiracy, and, secondly, to elect to the United States Senate a man who can be trusted as independent, untrammeled, conscientious and loyal to the interests of his State. Such a candidate is presented in the person of Ulysses S. Grant. If the Republicans of the Legislature will unite in support of Mr. Grant, there will be little doubt of his election, notwithstanding the opposition of Dan Burns and his noisy supporters. It is plainly the duty of the honest, Republican members of both houses to "get together" in support of Mr. Grant. By so doing they can, without much doubt, defeat Burns and elect Grant. Such a result would be worth any and all sacrifices of mere personal opinions and predilections. As the path of duty is plain, let our legislators walk therein, and avert from the State an indelible stain of dishonor.

GIVE US THE NAMES.

Speaker Wright, in a statement published in the San Francisco Call, attempts to defend his action in forsaking Bulla and voting for Dan Burns. The attempt is on the whole a rather lame effort. In the course of his statement, Mr. Wright says: "I have received from the most authentic source the information that four members of the Supreme Court are espousing the election of Mr. Burns. I do not care to mention their names without their permission." There are good reasons for believing that this is a vile slander, calculated to injure the reputation of members of the Supreme Court of California. Not that Speaker Wright is necessarily responsible for this slander. His "authentic information" has evidently misled him, warping his judgment and causing him to be afflicted with moral strabismus.

If there are any members of the State Supreme Court who are espousing the election of Mr. Burns, the people of the entire State are entitled to know their names. If Mr. Wright knows the names of these justices, he should forthwith make them known, in order to relieve himself from the suspicion of misrepresentation, and in order that the people may know what members of the Supreme Court, if any, are so far forgetting their duty to the State and to the people as to advocate the election to the United States Senate of so unsuitable and unworthy a person as Dan Burns. It will require positive proof before the people of California can be made to believe that any justices of the Supreme Court are favoring the candidacy of the man with the tattooed character, who hails from Mexico. Give us the names, Mr. Wright!

KEEPING BULLA IN THE FIGHT.

The neat, but not gaudy, plot of the Burns push to keep the gentleman from Los Angeles buoyed up with the notion that he is a Senatorial possibility is so transparent that even the San Francisco press is onto the game. Speaking of the transfer of Mr. Huber from the Bulla squad to the Grant army, the correspondent of the Call, under date of January 12, says:

"The Burns leaders were not at all pleased over the fact that Grant gained one of Bulla's Los Angeles county votes today. They regarded it as a forerunner of a complete break-up. Bulla's strength can never go to Burns, but when the vote does leave him, there are four Grant men in the Los Angeles county delegation. Therefore any prospect which tends to indicate that Bulla is to retire, the Burns men regard with a feeling far from satisfactory. They want to keep Bulla in the contest. There was a rumor that Burns would tomorrow throw to Bulla three or four votes which have been cast for other candidates and which he can control in the interest of Bulla, but which he cannot secure for himself, for the reason that the members are afraid to vote for him direct."

Of course, "they want to keep Bulla in the contest." That has been the sole business of the Lindleys and the Parkers and the Arnolds and the Osbornes and the rest of the Burns gang ever since the battle commenced. Their support of Mr. Bulla is a fraud and a pretense. They are no more interested in his cause than they are in the transmigration of souls or the propagation of sixteen-legged hornets. Knowing that it is impossible for the delegates from Los Angeles county to vote for Burns, the conspirators have resolved themselves into a noisy gang of Bulla rooters, whose shouts for the Angeles are utterly insincere. It would seem to most people that the legislators from this county have been throwing their votes away quite long enough.

The subject of irrigation is one of national importance. Millions of acres of land, now unproductive, not only in California, but in Arizona, Colorado and elsewhere in the United States, await only the pressure of water to make them abundantly productive. This important topic is treated at length by an expert in the Midwinter Number of THE TIMES.

SENATORIAL SCANDALS.

Whatever may be the outcome of the present Senatorial contest at Sacramento, one thing is certain, the unpleasant disclosures that have been made, and the atmosphere of corruption that hangs around the entire business, will have the effect of increasing and emphasizing the strong demand which now exists among the people for a change in the law regarding the election of men to the highest legislative body in the country.

The mercenary struggle that is now under way at Sacramento, for the purpose of electing to the Senate a man who is notoriously unfit, is, unfortunately, no new thing in this country. On the contrary, it has got to be the regular thing at every meeting of every State Legislature throughout the country for charges of bribery and corruption to be made in connection with the election of a United States Senator. An Associated Press dispatch, published in THE TIMES a few days ago, announced that a committee which had been appointed by the Montana Legislature to investigate alleged attempts at bribing members in the interest of Senatorial candidates, produced and exhibited \$30,000, which one of the Senators alleged had been paid him and two colleagues to vote for a candidate for United States Senator. Such disclosures as this which would have aroused a storm of public indignation in the early days of the country's history, have become so lamentably common that they excite no surprise, and arouse scarcely more than a passing interest. That such a condition of affairs can be allowed to continue, with safety to the permanence of republican institutions, is not for a moment to be admitted. We are already coming dangerously near to the point where a seat in the United States Senate is regarded in somewhat the same light as a seat in the New York stock board, or as membership in a fashionable and expensive club—as something reserved for the privileged few, who can afford to round up their money-making career by purchasing a position which they could never acquire upon merit.

On the other hand, we find that a larger part of the time of our State legislators is devoted to a struggle for supremacy among friends of various Senatorial candidates, to the neglect of legislative business. Impecunious citizens struggle for election to the Legislature, their main object being to get their hands into a Senatorial sack, while the current price for votes is referred to as unblushing as the market price of hogs and wheat. If this is to continue as a government of, for and by the people, there must be a change in the present method of electing United States Senators, and the change cannot come too soon.

GERMAN AND AMERICAN HOUSEWIVES.

A lively discussion has been going forward in the columns of our two local German contemporaries, Germania and the Sud-California Post, regarding the relative merits of German and American housewives. The discussion was started by Germania, which reproduced, with favorable comment, a contribution to the New Free Press of Vienna, in which a German criticizes the women of his own country, from the standpoint of home-makers. The writer of the article compares German with American wives, and rather to the disadvantage of the former. He claims that the German home is far removed from the ideal; that the word "home" is unknown in the German language, and that there is no real home feeling in Germany.

The editor of Germania commends this statement, and adds that the German housewife, with few exceptions, does not know how to make home attractive to her husband, the result being that most German fathers and grown sons spend their evenings at the inn, and that this is so customary that a German woman finds it inconvenient, if not unpleasant, when her husband occasionally spends the evenings at home. On the other hand, the editor says that American women are always ready to receive guests, or to make their husbands welcome and comfortable, being able to get through with their necessary labors in much shorter order than their German sisters, the conclusion of the writer being that the inn takes the place of the home with the average German, because his wife does not understand how to make a "home, sweet home."

This editor of Germania commends the statement, and adds that the German housewife, as compared with the German woman finds it inconvenient, if not unpleasant, when her husband occasionally spends the evenings at home. On the other hand, the editor says that American women are always ready to receive guests, or to make their husbands welcome and comfortable, being able to get through with their necessary labors in much shorter order than their German sisters, the conclusion of the writer being that the inn takes the place of the home with the average German, because his wife does not understand how to make a "home, sweet home."

This somewhat radical outgiving on part of Editor Boecklin naturally aroused the ire of his contemporary of the Post, who comes to the defense of the German housewife, as compared with those of this country. He says the German wife does not remain in bed while her husband prepares breakfast and brings it to her, nor does she set before her husband a lunch that was brought from the grocer at a quarter to twelve, and consists mostly of pies and jam. The practical arrangement of housework on the part of Americans, to which the previous writer had referred, the editor of the Post believes to consist mainly in a talent for doing without work, and leaving the outcome to her husband and God. The writer also maintains that children in German families are far better brought up than in this country, and asks whether any German boy would ever dare to refer to his father as the "old man" or the "bald-headed fellow," or whether any German girl of respectable parentage would allow herself to take part in a kissing match with a naval, or any other hero.

A question like this is always a very unsatisfactory one to discuss. It is

something like a religious dispute, and may be carried on indefinitely, without reaching any satisfactory or convincing conclusion. All three of the writers above referred to are inclined to exaggerate somewhat. Those who have lived in Germany and in the United States, and have had a chance to see something of family life, will recognize the fact that there is much to admire in the family life of both countries. The differences referred to lie mainly in local customs, which are peculiar to every country. The average German would, as a rule, find himself as uncomfortable and out of place if he were suddenly transformed into the head of an American family as an American pater familias would were he placed in charge of a family flat in Munich or Berlin. One thing is sure, there are no better wives and mothers than those of the United States, when they are not inclined to shirk their responsibilities of wifehood and motherhood for the indolent life of hotels and boarding-houses. That they are so often thus inclined is a pity—and "pity 'tis, 'tis true."

The mild criticism of Gen. Eagan by the War Commission and the decision of Gen. Miles that he will ignore the man who used such foul language toward him may be satisfactory to the parties directly interested, but it is certainly not satisfactory to the American people. As Gen. Eagan himself said, either he or Gen. Miles should be dismissed from the army. There is no possible way of avoiding this view of the question. Should this matter be permitted to die out without a thorough and impartial investigation, followed by the punishment of the guilty parties, then the reputation of the American army will have sunk several degrees in the estimation of the American people. It is not just that the whole army should suffer for the mistakes or crimes of a few misfit officials at Washington.

Speaker Wright's flop from Bulla to Burns is likely to prove a pretty lively boomerang. The San Francisco Chronicle has a long list of interviews with citizens of Oakland, in which the action of the Speaker is strongly denounced. The Chronicle says:

"When Wright cast his vote for Bulla the good people of his district regretted that they had misjudged him, and if the young Speaker had continued to stand with Burns's position he could have had anything in the gift of his constituents on his return home. But now his political doom is sealed, and, judging from the expression of opinion heard on the streets, even his business and social standing are affected. The belief prevails that he is weak-kneed, and has succumbed to influences that the public cannot tolerate."

John C. Moore, an ex-Confederate officer who was wounded eight times in action during the civil war, writes to a San Diego paper, protesting against the Butler proposition, that soldiers of the "Lost Cause" be pensioned by the United States. "It is unwise and unstatesmanlike," he says, "to bring forward any such proposition . . . especially now, when we are all striving to heal over the sores, if any exist—which I doubt—of our sectionalism." This sentiment is undoubtedly that of a large portion of the Confederate veterans, and it has the sanction of both good sense and patriotism.

Assemblyman Huber of Azusa is the one man on the Los Angeles delegation who has shown a good quality of courage, as well as an excellent example of common sense. His supporting of Speaker Wright's vote for Burns was as brilliant a play as we have had in California politics for many a day.

The spectacle of members of the Supreme Court touting for Dan Burns is something that adds to the nausea the people of California experience as they gaze upon the mess at Sacramento. The names of the four judges would be interesting reading at this particular time.

Mr. Knights of Sacramento is another man whose name should be placed upon California's roll of honor. His refusal to vote for the notorious Dan Burns at the behest of any committee is what might be expected from an honest man.

An anonymous letter-writer has threatened to kill Mark Hanna. From the talk one hears at times, there are people who regret that the anonymous letter-writer is usually a liar, and always too big a coward to kill any body.

Maj.-Gen. Otis's dispatch was not necessary to convince anybody of the falsity of the report from Madrid that the American troops at Manila had mutinied and refused to go to Iloilo. The American soldier is not addicted to mutiny.

A Madrid paper says the kissing of heroes is a beastly Yankee practice. Sour grapes. There aren't any heroes in Spain to kiss since Don Quixote went over the divide.

The people of California are waiting with more or less impatience to see just how soon the Bulla farce at Sacramento will be played out.

The grip is striking some shining marks in the United States this year, but fortunately most of them are getting the better of the ugly Russian.

Moral suasion may be depended upon to secure peace in the Philippines, if it is backed up by a sufficient number of Dewey's gunboats.

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

(The Times freely publishes the views of its readers on timely topics, without holding itself responsible for opinions thus expressed. Letters should be brief, plainly written, clear in statement and properly vouch'd for. Cut it short; the space of 250 words, on the average, is sufficient for the expression of an idea. When the contributions are too long for insertion in full, extracts will be printed.)

Police Protection.

LEMUEL SHIELDS, Millard avenue: When the question of annexation was pending, an argument urged in its favor was that a favorable decision would give the annexed districts better policed protection. The arrangement has been in existence more than a year. In all that time there has been no visible evidence that this part of the heritage has had any police protection at all. Since the extension of the city's boundaries, the force has been considerably increased, and the annexed districts have paid taxes to the city for the protection of the city. The force appears to be distributed on the assumption that no disorder is probable, no depredations likely to occur beyond the borders of Sacramento, and the police have been outside the city for a long time.

In the densely-settled and business districts more or less people are always on the streets, and the heavier business houses keep personal watch all hours.

In the days of high-priced eggs the poultry houses are the objective points of poultry-lifters' nefarious campaigns. The thieves evidently make tours of full knowledge of the ground, strike hard at night. They must also have some arrangement with dealers to dispose of their booty. It would seem that this fact could be used as a means of detecting the rogues. The department is, or ought to be, informed respecting the "fences" and "crooked" places of the city. But I need not detail upon this point. The object of these remarks is simply to call the attention of the police to the existing situation of the remote sections

The Times**THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.**

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Jan. 14.—Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official. At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.21; at 5 p.m., 30.26. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 16 deg. and 33 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 89 per cent; 5 p.m., 81 per cent. Wind, 5 miles a.m., west, velocity 1 mile; 5 p.m., west, velocity 10 miles. Minimum temperature, 49 deg.; maximum temperature, 44 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

DRY BULB TEMPERATURE.

Los Angeles 46 San Francisco 48 San Diego 46 Portland 46

WEATHER CONDITIONS.—The pressure is rising from the northwest, and the storm which was noted yesterday in that vicinity seems to be moving eastward along the British border. Rain has fallen generally on the Pacific Slope from Puget Sound to Central California during the past twenty-four hours, and snow has fallen in the mountain sections. The threatening conditions in Southern California yesterday have given place to fair, warmer weather this morning. The temperature has risen from the plateau regions westward, though freezing weather continues in the mountain sections.

Forecasts.—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Generally fair weather tonight and Sunday, and no material change in temperature; winds mostly westerly.

SAN FRANCISCO. Jan. 15, 10 a.m.—Weather conditions are generally favorable. The following are the seasonal rainfall to date, as compared with those of the same date last season, and rainfall in last twenty-four hours:

Last twenty-four hours. This last four hours. Season, season.

Eureka 01 15.45 16.62 Red Bluff 01 11.50 16.62 Sacramento 34 7.25 5.04 San Francisco 21 7.38 4.75 Fresno 23 2.88 2.22 San Luis Obispo 6 6.34 2.45 Los Angeles 23 3.78 2.94 San Diego 34 2.41 2.94 Yuma 13 1.33 1.02

San Francisco data: Maximum temperature, 43 deg.; minimum, 47 deg.; mean, 50 deg.

A moderate storm is coming off the mouth of the Columbia River, which is about high winds and rain on the Oregon coast, and the rain as far south as San Luis Obispo and Fresno in California. At Fort Canby the wind is blowing forty-three miles per hour from the south, and at Portland a maximum velocity is reported as forty miles from the south. The pressure is falling quite rapidly at Eureka and points to the northward. It is probable that rain will continue in Northern California during Sunday, with high southeast to southwest winds on the Coast north of Cape Mendocino.

Forecast made at San Francisco for thirty hours, ending midnight, January 15:

Northern California.—Rain Sunday; high southeast shifting to southwest winds, on north coast.

Southern California.—Generally cloudy Sunday; fresh southwest winds.

Arizona.—Fair Sunday.

San Francisco and vicinity.—Rain Sunday; brisk to high southeast, shifting to southwest winds.

Special report from Mt. Tamalpais: Foggy; wind, south, 12 miles; temperature, 42 deg.; maximum temperature, 44 deg.

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

The filthy loafers who stand on corners and in front of saloons and cigar stands and spit upon the sidewalks are still allowed to remain unmolested. It is time they were taught a few lessons in decency.

The Americus Club of Pasadena which, under the direction of Maj. N. S. Bangham, has become the pride of the State, is given the deserved honor of a whole-page half-tone illustration in the Pasadena edition of the Western Graphic, issued yesterday.

If the practice of selling putrid beef and immature veal in this city cannot be stopped by any ordinance or other law now in existence, it is high time to make a law that will be effective. Meantime, it would be well to patronize butchers whose honesty can be relied upon.

It is evident that Maj. F. K. Upham is the choice of a large portion of the members of the Santa Monica Soldiers' Home for the office of governor of that institution. Maj. Upham's faithful service in the office he now holds, and his familiarity with the conditions and wants of the home qualify him well for the position.

Found Dead in Bed.—Robert Wolf, a porter employed in the saloon of Charles Gollmer, on South Main street, was found dead in bed yesterday morning. His body was taken to the undertaking rooms of Booth & Boylston, where an inquest will be held Monday morning. Wolf lived alone in a room in the rear of the Vanderslice property on South Main street. When he failed to appear at the saloon yesterday morning, Gollmer went to his room and found him dead.

THE HORSE SHOW.

Polo Races, Lasso Throwing and Races at the Park.

William Curlett, the architect of the horse show, arrived from San Francisco Sunday morning, and active building will begin in preparation for the horse show in Fiesta Park at once. Handsome posters will soon be distributed announcing the dates of the horse show. Notwithstanding the entries have closed, many applications are being received for permission to enter horses in the different events, but as the official programme has gone to press, it is impossible to accept these entries. At least 250 horses have been entered in the books of the horse show, all of which will be filled with the exception of two or three.

In addition to this array of horses and supplemental to the regular programme there will be a number of post entries made during the horse show, such as special events for six-inch lasso throwing, rough riding, and so on.

A. Howard of San Francisco recently telephoned from that city ordering a private box, and making several entries.

Additional to the \$5000 offered in prizes and to the cups which have been "hung up" there will be a large number of special prizes offered for moral day, which under the supervision of Count von Schmidt, promises to be a picturesque feature of the horse show.

Following the horse show, on February 6, at Agricultural Park, will take place the much talked-of polo match between the teams of Burlingame and Redwood City. Both of these teams will bring two carloads of polo ponies, which will be entered in some of the post entries of the horse show, as well as taking part in the polo game. On February 7 there will be, at Agricultural Park, a meeting devoted to pony racing with gentlemen riders. There will be six races told, for which A. M. Potter of the Van Nuys Hotel, and Messrs. N. W. Myrick and E. M. Ware have offered handsome special prizes.

The rivalry between these polo teams is so great and the contests previously held have been so sharp that much interest will attach to this coming meeting of the two famous teams of Riverside and Burlingame.

For the lasso-throwing contest and other contests involving expert horsemanship, there have already been several entries, among them being J. R. Carrillo, who has national reputation for fine riding, and two vaqueros from San Gabriel, who will be brought down from that city. There is no entry fee for these events of lasso-throwing, and the managers of the horse show will be glad to receive additional entries from the Spanish population who certainly must be able to contribute many expert riders.

RAIN GOES TO THE EAST.—**Bad Weather is Promised Indefinitely for Los Angeles.**

The storm which was central in the State of Washington Friday, and at that time was moving south along the coast, veered to the east early yesterday, and followed the Southern Canadian boundary. Los Angeles and vicinity experienced another rise in temperature yesterday, but the rain which was looked upon as possible for this section of the State has disappeared.

Forecaster Franklin said last evening that the outlook was for continued fair weather, and warm weather throughout today and tonight, although there might be some clouds today.

There was a storm in the mountains north and east of the city yesterday afternoon, but it was of short duration.

Foresters' Outing.—The members of Los Angeles Encampment No. 17, Royal Foresters, accompanied by their families and a large number of the members of the courts of the Independent Order of Foresters of the city, went to Long Beach by special train on the Terminal last evening, where the Royal Foresters assisted in the installation of the officers of Court Long Beach, No. 35, I.O.F. In addition to the installation ceremonies a programme of music and readings was rendered, the affair concluding with a banquet provided by the members of Long Beach Court. The I.O.F. Brass Band of this city accompanied the party. The train arrived back in this city in the early morning.

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PERSONALS.

Dr. Speerr Gillette is a visitor from from Marion, Iowa.

Henry J. Lyon is here from Logan, Utah, on account of ill health.

John Morris and Mrs. Morris of Encino are here at the Westminster.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Steedman are recent arrivals from Macleod, Canada.

Dr. F. H. Coe and wife, and W. H. Wright arrived yesterday from Seattle.

General Manager R. S. Seibert of the Nevada Southern Railroad is at the Rosslyn.

Thomas O. Toland of the State Board of Equalization arrived at the Hollenbeck from Ventura.

Manager Charles Schimpf of the San Francisco and Los Angeles Orpheums arrived at the Van Nuys yesterday, accompanied by his wife.

Col. G. H. Mandel, the third arbitrator in the municipal water case, arrived at the Westminster yesterday from San Francisco, to attend a meeting of the committee Monday at 3:30 p.m.

Peter W. Neu of the firm of Heldmeyer & Neu, San Pedro Harbor contractors, is at the Van Nuys. Since coming from Chicago a few days ago Mr. Neu has been getting acquainted with the country.

Coursing at Agricultural Park.—The drawing for coursing at Agricultural Park today resulted as follows: Nellie Bawn vs. Hazel Dell, Portia vs. Premier, Barcadero (formerly Birnam) vs. Hindoo Rose (formerly Lady Clara), Lady Napoleon vs. Occidental, Morocco Prince vs. Uncle Tom, Credit vs. Black Spring (formerly Natalee vs. Moloco), Kingfisher vs. Lady Black, Fleetfoot vs. Black Prince vs. Hardshell, Daisy Hamburg vs. Torgo, Slippers vs. Carmody, Duty vs. Reliable, His Freedom vs. Clover Leaf, Master Jack vs. Monte Lassie, Hays vs. Get There.

Remembered by the Elks.

Julius Witmark, the singer at the Orpheum, who has favored the local lodge of Elks, with his services, at a number of funerals, conducted by the order during his engagement here, was pleasantly remembered by the lodge last evening.

At 10:30 o'clock a committee of Elks consisting of Adolph Ramish, M. A. Hamburger and James O'Neill met Mr. Witmark in the private office of Manager Myers, in the Orpheum building, and presented to him from the order a beautiful elk's head and tooth, the head a miniature of gold with tiny diamonds as eyes. George Fuller Golden, the humorist, made the speech of presentation and Julius responded as best he could, for the daze in which the ceremony had thrown him.

The funerals of Dick Kennedy and George King were the services at which Mr. Witmark's singing placed the Elks under the obligations so gracefully acknowledged last evening.

To prevent the grippe, use Woollcott's Pure Bourbon, 1/2 quart, 124 N. Spring.

WATCHES cleaned, set, mainsprings, etc., \$15.00. Fitted, No. 124 South Broadway.

THE KNOTSFORD, SALT LAKE CITY'S NEW LEADING HOTEL.

The largest Hat and Furnishing Goods Store in Los Angeles.**A Fortnight More . . .**

And then we will take our Annual Inventory. We figure that our first loss will be the lightest, so we have decided to mark every article in our store that can be classed among the broken lines, and unplaced goods, at about one-half the regular value. This will include Underwear, Stockings, Socks, Hosiery, Suspender, Neckwear—and the hundred other things found in an up-to-date Furnishing Store. Beginning tomorrow we will quote prices in this store that will interest all who are buying first-class Furnishing Goods. Watch our ads. this coming week.

F. B. Silverwood
25 SPRING ST.

NEW BOOKS.

The Californian, by Gertrude Atherton \$1.50 Hawaii Nel, by Mabel Craft \$1.50 As Told by the Typewriter Girl, by John Burnet of Barns, by John Buchan \$1.50

PARKER'S 246 South Broadway.

(Near Public Library.)

The largest, most varied and most complete stock of books west of Chicago.

SEE THE SOUTH SHOW WINDOW DISPLAY.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE.

239 Broadway, Los Angeles.

IMMENSE SALE OF Ladies' Munsing Plated Underwear

At 50 Cents on the Dollar.

We are sole agents for the Munsing Plated Underwear for Los Angeles and vicinity, and the manufacturers of these celebrated goods have authorized us to sell.

150 Dozen

Of their leading numbers, comprising Union Suits, Vests and Pants, in white and natural, at the lowest prices ever quoted on

THIS STANDARD MAKE.

Ladies' Union Suits, in white and natural, regular \$2.50 quality, we will sell at

\$1.25 Suit.

Ladies' Vests and Pants, in white and natural, reg, \$1.25 quality, go at

65 Cents Each.**One-Half Off Regular Prices.**

Sale Commences Tomorrow Morning, Jan. 16.

SEE THE SOUTH SHOW WINDOW DISPLAY.

NOTE.—None sold to dealers at these prices.

Difference In Drug Stores.

Yes, there is a big one. Not only a difference in the prices charged and in the quality of the goods sold, but in the way that customers are treated. In these days of keen competition a business man, if he holds his trade, has to be careful in the treatment of his customers. They have right to be respected. Every one in our employ is instructed to treat every customer courteously. We have watched them and seen to it that they followed our instructions. The result is apparent to us. We want you to call and note the difference.

CALL AND SEE IF YOU NOTICE THE DIFFERENCE HERE.

Another difference is the prices. Just compare our prices with those of other stores for instance.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets	14c
Cuticula Soap	14c
Syrup of Figs	33c
Wizard Oil	33c
Pond's Extract	33c
Pinkham's Compound	63c
Pierce's Discovery	63c
Pierce's Prescription	63c
Hood's Sarsaparilla	67c
Ayer's Sarsaparilla	67c
Joy's Sarsaparilla	67c
Strong's Sarsaparilla	60c
Alcock's Plasters	10c
Lime Water, all you want	FREE

Cold Waves

Springing up suddenly as they have been doing during the past week are sure to leave numerous coughs and colds in their trail. If you are one of the victims of these sudden changes in the temperature take Santa Yerbe. Electric Insoles will cure cold feet per pair. Chest protectors. Cough Syrup never fails to cure coughs, colds, hoarseness, etc. Glycerine per pint. Rock and Rye, for coughs, per pint. Oil of Lemon Whisky, for the gripe per pint bottle.

Some Things For Cold Waves.

100 two-grain quinine pills. 100 two-grain asafoetida pills. A guarantee that no water bottle 60c

A Japanese hand warmer 50c

Electric Insoles will cure cold feet per pair 25c

Chest protectors 25c

Cough Syrup 50c

Rock and Rye, for coughs, per pint 75c

Oil of Lemon Whisky, for the gripe per pint bottle 50c

These are English Goods, which we Import direct from London.

WOLF & CHILSON,

Prescription Druggists,

Second and Broadway,

Telephone M. 361.



SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY

MARITAL TROUBLES AIRED IN JUDGE CAMPBELL'S COURT.

Mrs. Lunham Granted Alimony from Her Wealthy Husband—Santa Fe Employee Narrowly Escapes Death—Odd Fellows' Installation.

SAN BERNARDINO. Jan. 14.—[Regular Correspondence.] Minnie E. Lunham last December, left the home of her husband, William Lunham of Redlands, and subsequently instituted proceedings to compel her husband to pay her alimony. The defendant's separate estate is said to embrace real estate valued at \$45,500. Mrs. Lunham is also set down as being the senior partner of a New York brokerage firm, and his interest is appraised at \$90,000.

After hearing the testimony introduced, Judge Campbell awarded the plaintiff \$50 monthly alimony, \$15 costs, and \$50 attorney's fees, on account payable within ten days, the alimony to date from today.

MIGHTY HAVE BEEN WORSE.

Charles Kuehne, a car inspector at the Santa Fé yards, was struck by a locomotive last evening, and his ankle was broken and his shoulder shattered in consequence.

Kuehne was about the yards, waiting for the arrival of the local passenger train due here at 6:35 o'clock. He was standing in the middle of track 2, a little west of the depot, as a locomotive approached from the west. Supposing it to be one of the yard switch engines, he stood facing it, intending to jump on the engine. However, but the passenger train approaching the station at the usual speed, Kuehne didn't discover his mistake until the locomotive was almost upon him. He jumped, but the pilot caught his left foot, throwing him a considerable distance, but he landed, fortunately outside the rail, so close to it that the engine wheels tore and crushed his shoe.

The injured man was carried into the station and soon after removed to his home, where the fractures were reduced.

I.O.O.F. OFFICERS.

Miss Mae Jefferson of Riverside, District Deputy Grand President, assisted by several Past Grandes of the local lodge, last evening installed the following officers of the Magnolia Rebekah Lodge No. 94, I.O.O.F.: Past Grand, Mrs. Addie Burgess; Noble Grand, Mrs. Anna Lovings; Vice-Grand, Mrs. Netta Ebanks; Secretary, Mrs. Alice Atwood; Treasurer, Mrs. Orva Hisom; Conductress, Mrs. Elizabeth Biebrach; Warden, Mrs. Millie Parsons; I.G., Mrs. Alice Burgess; O.P., Mr. T. Harrison; R.S.M., Mrs. R. V. Haslett, R.S.M.; Mrs. Esther Anderson, R.S.V.G.; Miss Margaret Shindler, L.S.V.G.; Mrs. Mary Smith; Chaplain, Mrs. Maggie Smith; Organist, G. A. Starbuck; Trustees, C. W. Burgess, Mrs. Miller and Mrs. Cadd.

The Lodge has a membership of seventy-nine, the largest of any Rebekah Lodge in the district.

SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.

Philip Ransch has filed a petition to be appointed guardian of the estate of his minor son, Leland Ransch, who has received a small legacy from a relative, who recently died in Ohio.

A decree of divorce was granted today by Judge Oster to Edna Gardner from Hiram Gardner, and the custody of Trolla Gardner, a minor child, was awarded to the plaintiff.

John Larkin, who was shot Wednesday by A. L. Soap, at Daggett, died this morning in jail here, and a charge of murder will probably be preferred against him.

Judge Oster today granted a decree of foreclosure and order of sale in the case of Elsie Allen vs. Mrs. A. H. Meredith, awarding the plaintiff \$2336.20 and costs.

C. N. Damron has filed a petition for letters of administration on the estate of F. P. Brimmer, in the name of Porter Brimmer.

UNIVERSITY NOTES.

Pomona and U.S.C. at Loggerheads Over Athletic Affairs.

The failure of the committee representing Pomona College, Claremont, and the University of Southern California to come to an agreement at the meeting held recently in this city, has been fruitful of considerable ill-feeling between the students of the two institutions.

The trouble arose over the refusal of Pomona College to grant to the Chaffey preparatory school an athletic standing in the intercollegiate field day, as a part of the university, claiming that it was manifestly unfair for the university to use two preparatory departments.

The university stoutly maintained that as it competed under the name it should be allowed to use all its departments, instead of only those situated at West Los Angeles as heretofore.

Pending the investigation of precedents drawn from eastern athletic alliances, the matter rests in statu quo.

The Pomona student body, however, has passed resolutions declaring that they will have nothing to do with the University of Southern California in any athletic line until the present difficulty is settled, and an equally strong sentiment prevails at the university.

The matter has passed into the hands of the faculty of the two institutions, who are doing what they can to bring about an amicable understanding.

The directors of the University of Southern California in pursuance of a plan to get the finances of the institution in better shape, have called in all the old mortgages which at different times have been placed on the endowment property, most of them bearing interest at 8 per cent., and aggregating \$18,000, and have issued a new mortgage of \$20,000 on the campus, bearing interest at 6 per cent. The extra \$2000 is to pay for street improvements.

The university has received bequest of \$10,000 from Mrs. Anna R. Tausner, who died recently, leaving the sum to the college.

President George W. White is hopeful of much better times for the institution in the near future, and expects that the university will be materially helped from the \$10,000,000 twenty-five cent educational fund, which the Methodist Church is to raise by the 1st of January, 1901.

University Lodge No. 304, A.O.U.W., at their last meeting installed the following-named officers: Past Master Workman, Ed J. Wilson; Master Workman: S. L. Nevins; Foreman, J. H. Mitchell; Overseer, William Behm; Lodge Plus; Koller; Inside Watch, John Weeding; Outside Watch, O. P. Phillips; Medical Examiner, Dr. J. H. Kirkpatrick.

The Epworth League of the University Methodist Episcopal Church on Friday night elected the following-named officers: Laird J. Stabler, president; Dr. H. C. Crist, first vice-president; Harry H. Tilden, secretary; H. Percy, treasurer.

A session of the Norumbega Club was held yesterday afternoon at the home of Miss Frances Bristol, No. 912 West Jefferson street.

A. H. Cogswell of No. 3150 Vermont avenue, who has been touring the State with the Pacific Glee Club as baritone soloist, has been obliged to leave the club during the rest of their trip,

on account of losing his voice. He has gone back to Berkeley.

Rev. George F. Bovard will preach this evening at the University Methodist Episcopal Church. Rev. Bovard is presiding elder of Los Angeles district of the Methodist conference.

Prof. F. Shale, Dean College of Music, gave a dedicatory recital of the new organ in the Presbyterian Church at Redlands last Thursday evening.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Members May Ask for a Hydrographic Office at San Pedro.

It has been suggested to the Chamber of Commerce that that organization request the Navy Department to establish a hydrographic office at San Pedro. It is claimed that such an addition to the harbor would be of great advantage to shipping interests as a coaling station.

Two hundred business directores of Los Angeles are being mailed to various cities in the country by the Chamber of Commerce.

Park Band Concert.

Following is the programme of the concert by the Santa Catalina Island Marine Band, at Westlake Park, at 2 p.m. today:

"President's March" (Neitor Herbert)

"Valse, 'Espagnole'" (Waldeutel)

Selection from "Lucia" (Donizetti)

"When Lovers Part," double-slide trombone solo—Edgar Harrison

"Caravan" (Handel)

"A Kiss in 'Twopenny" (Pryor)

Popular song (Arr. by Strong)

Paraphrase—"Lorelei" (Nesvadba)

Menut (Boeckerini)

"A Jolly Night," medley overture (Beyer)

"Indian War Dance" (Bellstedt)

Letter From Cavite.

The Red Cross Society received a letter from Captain P. L. yesterday, in which Capt. Henry W. L. Smith, 1st Battalion, Heavy Artillery, California U.S.V., thanked the members for their donation of \$50 to the men under his command. The letter stated that with the exception of a few cases of fever, the boys were in very good health.

PURE whiskies. Woolacott, 124 N. Spring.

LOS ANGELES FURNITURE CO.

HAIR HEALTH

The growth of the hair is renewed and its beauty preserved by the use of Dr. Hay's Hair Health.

The merits of this preparation have withstood the test of ten years, during which time over one million bottles have been sold in the United States and Great Britain. Every one who has ever used it has pronounced it the BEST HAIR PRESERVATIVE in the only CLEANLY HAIR COLOR RESTORER and the most RELIABLE STIMULANT TO HAIR GROWTH.

Dr. Hay's Hair Health

Produces a new growth and restores color and beauty to Gray Hair.

It is not brittle or dry, nor does it stain the scalp or lines the hair.

It is not greasy, nor does it stain the hair.

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BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.

Los Angeles, Jan. 14, 1898.

EASTERN EXCHANGE HIGHER.

The week closed with another small advance in the rates in eastern exchange. Sterling on the coast and in New York remains steady.

LOCAL CLEARINGS. For the past week the exchanges brought to the local clearing-house amounted to \$1,681,980, compared with \$1,806,533.70 for the previous week, and \$1,483,728.05 for the same week in 1898. The first week of the year is notably a large one in the transfer of money. The increase this year over last is about \$200,000, or nearly 14 per cent.

NATIONAL CLEARANCES. The clearing-houses of fifty-nine cities in the United States for last week exchanged aggregating the unparalleled sum of \$1,940,605,370, or 34.5 per cent. more than in the corresponding week in 1898. This increase is more than one-third, and in figures would be more than \$500,000,000. It is \$200,000,000 larger than the great record of the first week of November, which set that week as the record one for comparison. The week just passed is now the record week, to which all comparisons are to be made. It will be little short of wonderful if it is equaled in many weeks to come. Increased dealings in iron and iron products and hardware are the main cause of the increase, for which so many checks were drawn. Speculative stocks have aided to swell the total, and exports of manufacturers do their part.

COMMERCIAL.

INCREASED COFFEE IMPORTS.

The figures of the treasury bureau of statistics show that the coffee importation of the last year has been the heaviest in the history of the country, and the tea importation the lightest in many years. The importation of coffee in the calendar year 1898 was more than \$60,000,000 pounds, and the tea for 1898 will be about the same. Reduced to tons, says the American Grocer, the total importation for the year 1898 would be 400,000 tons, requiring for its transportation 27,000 cars which, if grouped in a single train, would reach from New York to Baltimore. The country is by far the largest coffee consumer in the world, nearly doubling Europe, and calling for practically half the coffee produced in the world. In only two countries—Holland and Denmark—does per capita coffee consumption exceed that of the United States. Holland's being about 23 pounds and Denmark's 15 pounds. On the other hand, the per capita consumption is only 5 pounds in Germany, 3% pounds in France, less than one pound in Great Britain. Coffees are the article of export from Porto Rico, and the production there can be greatly increased, since a very large proportion of the island is capable of producing coffee, which grows most successfully on the hills and mountains of the island. In parts of Cuba conditions are similar, and at one time the coffee production in that island amounted to nearly 100,000,000 pounds annually, though after the introduction of the sugar industry coffee disappeared, sugar growing being more profitable. Hawaii coffee is successfully grown, and the area there can be materially increased. The same is true of the Philippines.

An average of more than \$80,000,000 a year has been sent out of the United States for the purchase of coffee in 1898. The total importations of tea for the present calendar year will be about 60,000,000 pounds, while in past years there have been rates above 90,000,000 pounds, those of the fiscal year 1897 being 112,000,000 pounds. The reduction in consumption of tea by reason of substitution of coffee is apparent.

HAWAIIAN SUGAR. It is stated that the sugar crop of the Hawaiian Islands, for the season of 1897-1898, amounted to 260,000 tons. That would be an increase of 20,000 tons upon this year's crop and of no less than 60,000 tons. In round figures, upon the crop of 1895, it is estimated that in 1910 the Hawaiian Islands will send to the United States about 1,000,000,000 pounds of sugar per annum. One billion pounds is equivalent, in round figures, to 460,000 tons. In the fiscal year 1898 the amount of sugar entered for consumption in the United States was 2,391,985,000 pounds; of this quantity 509,766,788 pounds came from Hawaii, while 1,882,215,819 pounds were received from other countries.

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

STEEL BASKETS. A new corporation has been organized at Rochester, N. Y., to manufacture steel baskets and measures of every description, as well as a general line of small galvanized iron and steel novelties and household utensils. It is called the Metallic Basket Company.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa. The patents, good will and other property of the Metallic Basket Company of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, its speciality will be a corrugated and galvanized steel basket, of various grades and sizes already patented. The corrugations extend from the top to the bottom of the basket, and run around the curved edge of the bottom, thus giving the basket great rigidity and strength, without adding to its weight, as in the iron and steel baskets commonly made. The basket is handsome, water tight, and good for many purposes for which wooden baskets are not available. A note in the paper states that, while other forms, some with perforated sides and bottoms, have been gotten up for the markets, packing houses and abattoirs.

PEPPER. One would not think that pepper at its present prices would go largely into adulteration's artful aid. In the old times when pepper corn rents meant something tangible, it was different. Alaric the Goth, in A.D. 408, imposed a fine of 3000 pounds of pepper on each of the citizens of the city of Rome. The Portuguese were led to discover and set sail past the Cape of Good Hope in their search for cheaper pepper. If Henry the Navigator, and other great sailors, had lived in these days of poivrière, button refuse, and ground rice, they would only have had to wish the English ships to come, and the problem would have been solved, while the South African question would not be with us. [London Produce Market Review.]

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKETS.

LOS ANGELES MARKETS.

Shares and Money.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—The transactions on the Stock Exchange today were the best for a two-year span in many years, and the same volume continued for the usual five hours' trading. It would have been within a quarter of a million of two million shares. As it was, there were nearly 700,000 shares dealt in, and the average net rise in prices was from one to two per cent. in the hands of the market. There was a division of interest from the Pacific into higher-priced stocks, the Grangers being the gainers.

Stocks opened buoyant and active. High-priced red stocks and active high-priced confirmation. Brokers fought to execute orders, and simultaneous transactions in many shares were widely smart. London had early received large purchasing orders from this side, and the quotations from that quarter showed general advances. The rapidity of the rise brought out some of the large dealers to transfer considerable of their business to the hands of smaller brokers at the regular commission between members.

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